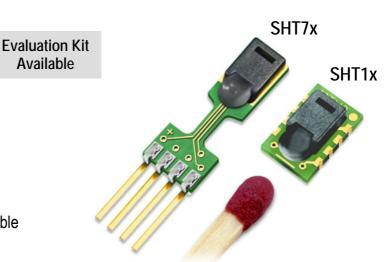
SHT1x / SHT7x Humidity & Temperature Sensor



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- Relative humidity and temperature sensors
- Dew point
- Fully calibrated, digital output
- Excellent long-term stability
- No external components required
- Ultra low power consumption
- Surface mountable or 4-pin fully interchangeable
- Small size
- Automatic power down

SHT1x / SHT7x Product Summary

The SHTxx is a single chip relative humidity and temperature multi sensor module comprising a calibrated digital output. Application of industrial CMOS processes with patented micro-machining (CMOSens® technology) ensures highest reliability and excellent long term stability. The device includes a capacitive polymer sensing element for relative humidity and a bandgap temperature sensor. Both are seamlessly coupled to a 14bit analog to digital converter and a serial interface circuit on the same chip. This results in superior signal quality, a fast response time and insensitivity to external disturbances (EMC) at a very competitive price. Each SHTxx is individually calibrated in a precision humidity chamber with a chilled mirror hygrometer as reference. The

Test & Measurement

Data Logging

Automation

White Goods

Medical

Applications

- _HVAC
- _ Automotive
- Consumer Goods
- _ Weather Stations
- _ Humidifiers
- _ Dehumidifiers
- **Ordering Information**

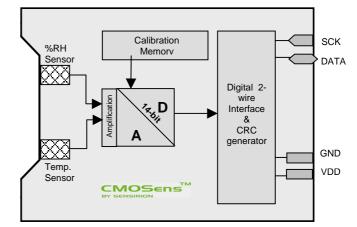
Part Number	Humidity accuracy [%RH]	Temperature accuracy [K] @ 25 °C	Package
SHT11	±3.0	±0.4	SMD (LCC)
SHT15	±2.0	±0.3	SMD (LCC)
SHT71	±3.0	±0.4	4-pin single-in-line
SHT75	±1.8	±0.3	4-pin single-in-line

calibration coefficients are programmed into the OTP memory. These coefficients are used internally during measurements to calibrate the signals from the sensors.

The 2-wire serial interface and internal voltage regulation allows easy and fast system integration. Its tiny size and low power consumption makes it the ultimate choice for even the most demanding applications.

The device is supplied in either a surface-mountable LCC (Leadless Chip Carrier) or as a pluggable 4-pin single-in-line type package. Customer specific packaging options may be available on request.

Block Diagram



v2.02

%RH

± 5

± 4

± 3

± 2

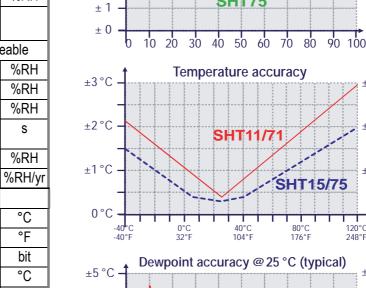
SHT1x / SHT7x Relative Humidity & Temperature Sensor System

Typ.

Max.

Units

SENSIRIC THE SENSOR COMPANY Relative Humidity absolute accuracy SHT11/71 SHT15 SHT75 %RH



Sensor Performance Specifications 1

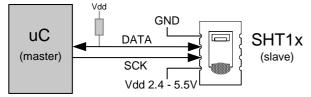
Conditions Min.

Parameter

Humidity Resolution (2) 0.03 0.03 0.5 %RH 8 12 12 bit Repeatability %RH ±0.1 Accuracy (1) see figure 1 linearized Uncertainty Interchangeability Fully interchangeable Nonlinearity raw data ±3 linearized <<1 0 100 Range Response time 1/e (63%) 4 slowly moving air Hysteresis ±1 Long term stability < 0.5 typical Temperature Resolution (2) 0.04 0.01 0.01 0.07 0.02 0.02 12 14 14 Repeatability ±0.1 °F ±0.2 see figure 1 Accuracy °C Range -40 123.8 -40 254.9 °F 1/e (63%) 5 30 Response Time s

Sensor Performance Specifications Table 1

Interface Specifications 2



Typical application circuit Figure 2

Power Pins 2.1

The SHTxx requires a voltage supply between 2.4 and 5.5 V. After powerup the device needs 11ms to reach its "sleep" state. No commands should be sent before that time. Power supply pins (VDD, GND) may be decoupled with a 100 nF capacitor.

2.2 Serial Interface (Bidirectional 2-wire)

The serial interface of the SHTxx is optimized for sensor readout and power consumption and is not compatible with I²C interfaces, see FAQ for details.

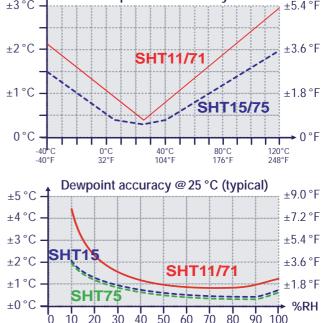


Figure 1 Rel. Humidity, Temperature and Dewpoint accuracies

2.2.1 Serial clock input (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a microcontroller and the SHTxx. Since the interface consists of fully static logic there is no minimum SCK frequency.

2.2.2 Serial data (DATA)

The DATA tristate pin is used to transfer data in and out of the device. DATA changes after the falling edge and is valid on the rising edge of the serial clock SCK. During transmission the DATA line must remain stable while SCK is high. To avoid signal contention the microcontroller should only drive DATA low. An external pull-up resistor (e.g. 10 kΩ) is required to pull the signal high. (See Figure 2) Pull-up resistors are often included in I/O circuits of microcontrollers. See Table 5 for detailed IO characteristics.

⁽¹⁾ Each SHTxx is tested to be fully within RH accuracy specifications at 25 °C (77 °F) and 48 °C (118.4 °F)

⁽²⁾ The default measurement resolution of 14bit (temperature) and 12bit (humidity) can be reduced to 12 and 8 bit through the status register.

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2.2.3 Sending a command

To initiate a transmission, a "Transmission Start" sequence has to be issued. It consists of a lowering of the DATA line while SCK is high, followed by a low pulse on SCK and raising DATA again while SCK is still high.

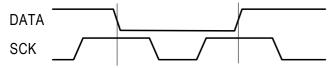


Figure 3 "Transmission Start" sequence

The subsequent command consists of three address bits (only "000" is currently supported) and five command bits. The SHTxx indicates the proper reception of a command by pulling the DATA pin low (ACK bit) after the falling edge of the 8th SCK clock. The DATA line is released (and goes high) after the falling edge of the 9th SCK clock.

Command	Code
Reserved	0000x
Measure Temperature	00011
Measure Humidity	00101
Read Status Register	00111
Write Status Register	00110
Reserved	0101x-1110x
Soft reset, resets the interface, clears the	11110
status register to default values	
wait minimum 11 ms before next command	

Table 2 SHTxx list of commands

2.2.4 Measurement sequence (RH and T)

After issuing a measurement command ('00000101' for RH, '00000011' for Temperature) the controller has to wait for the measurement to complete. This takes approximately 11/55/210 ms for a 8/12/14bit measurement. The exact time varies by up to \pm 15% with the speed of the internal oscillator. To signal the completion of a measurement, the SHTxx pulls down the data line and enters idle mode. The controller must wait for this "data ready" signal before restarting SCK to readout the data. Measurement data is stored until readout,

therefore the controller can continue with other tasks and readout as convenient.

Two bytes of measurement data and one byte of CRC checksum will then be transmitted. The uC must acknowledge each byte by pulling the DATA line low. All values are MSB first, right justified. (e.g. the 5th SCK is MSB for a 12bit value, for a 8bit result the first byte is not used).

Communication terminates after the acknowledge bit of the CRC data. If CRC-8 checksum is not used the controller may terminate the communication after the measurement data LSB by keeping ack high.

The device automatically returns to sleep mode after the measurement and communication have ended.

Warning: To keep self heating below 0.1 °C the SHTxx should not be active for more than 10% of the time (e.g. max. 2 measurements / second for 12bit accuracy).

2.2.5 Connection reset sequence

If communication with the device is lost the following signal sequence will reset its serial interface:

While leaving DATA high, toggle SCK 9 or more times. This must be followed by a "Transmission Start" sequence preceding the next command. This sequence resets the interface only. The status register preserves its content.

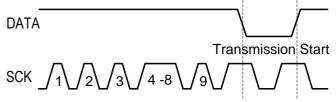
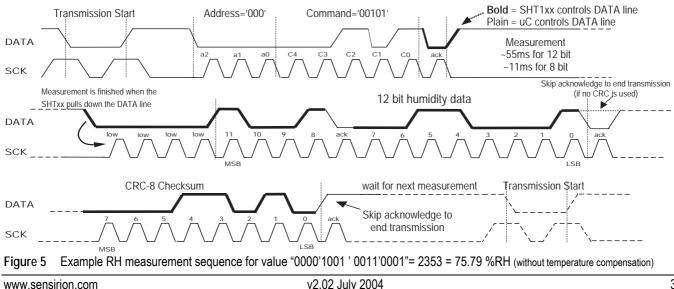


Figure 4 Connection reset sequence

2.2.6 CRC-8 Checksum calculation

The whole digital transmission is secured by a 8 bit checksum. It ensures that any wrong data can be detected and eliminated.

Please consult application note "CRC-8 Checksum Calculation" for information on how to calculate the CRC.



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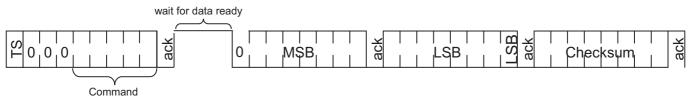
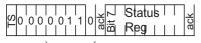


Figure 6 Overview of Measurement Sequence (TS = Transmission Start)

2.3 Status Register

Some of the advanced functions of the SHTxx are available through the status register. The following section gives a brief overview of these features. A more detailed description is available in the application note "Status Register"



Command

Figure 7 Status Register Write



Command

Figure 8 Status Register Read

Bit	Туре	Description Default		fault
7		reserved	0	
6	R	End of Battery (low voltage detection) '0' for Vdd > 2.47 '1' for Vdd < 2.47	Х	No default value, bit is only updated after a measurement
5		reserved	0	
4		reserved	0	
3		For Testing only, do not use	0	
2	R/W	Heater	0	off
1	R/W	no reload from OTP	0	reload
0	R/W	'1' = 8bit RH / 12bit Temperature resolution '0' = 12bit RH / 14bit Temperature resolution	0	12bit RH 14bit Temp.

Table 3 Status Register Bits

2.3.1 Measurement resolution

The default measurement resolution of 14bit (temperature) and 12bit (humidity) can be reduced to 12 and 8bit. This is especially useful in high speed or extreme low power applications.

2.3.2 End of Battery

The "End of Battery" function detects VDD voltages below 2.47 V. Accuracy is ± 0.05 V

2.3.3 Heater

An on chip heating element can be switched on. It will increase the temperature of the sensor by 5-15 °C (9-27 °F). Power consumption will increase by ~8 mA @ 5 V. Applications:

By comparing temperature and humidity values before and

after switching on the heater, proper functionality of both sensors can be verified.

 In high (>95 %RH) RH environments heating the sensor element will prevent condensation, improve response time and accuracy

Warning: While heated the SHTxx will show higher temperatures and a lower relative humidity than with no heating.

2.4 Electrical Characteristics⁽¹⁾

VDD=5V, Temperature = 25	°C unless otherwise noted
--------------------------	---------------------------

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Power supply DC		2.4	5	5.5	V
Supply current	measuring		550		μΑ
	average	2(2)	28(3)		μA
	sleep		0.3	1	μA
Low level output voltage		0		20%	Vdd
High level output voltage		75%		100%	Vdd
Low level input voltage	Negative going	0		20%	Vdd
High level input voltage	Positive going	80%		100%	Vdd
Input current on pads				1	μΑ
Output peak current	on			4	mA
	Tristated (off)		10		μA

Table 4 SHTxx DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit
FSCK	SCK frequency	VDD > 4.5 V			10	MHz
		VDD < 4.5 V			1	MHz
TRFO	DATA fall time	Output load 5 pF	3.5	10	20	ns
		Output load 100 pF	30	40	200	ns
T _{CLx}	SCK hi/low time		100			ns
Τv	DATA valid time			250		ns
Ts∪	DATA set up time		100			ns
T _{HO}	DATA hold time		0	10		ns
Tr/Tf	SCK rise/fall time			200		ns

 Table 5
 SHTxx I/O Signals Characteristics

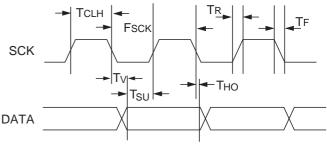


Figure 9 Timing Diagram

¹⁾ Parameters are periodically sampled and not 100% tested

- ⁽²⁾ With one measurement of 8 bit accuracy without OTP reload per second
- ⁽³⁾ With one measurement of 12bit accuracy per second



3 Converting Output to Physical Values

3.1 Relative Humidity

To compensate for the non-linearity of the humidity sensor and to obtain the full accuracy it is recommended to convert the readout with the following formula¹:

 $RH_{linear} = c_1 + c_2 \bullet SO_{RH} + c_3 \bullet SO_{RH}^2$

intotal			i u i
SORH	C 1	C2	C3
12 bit	-4	0.0405	-2.8 * 10 ⁻⁶
8 bit	-4	0.648	-7.2 * 10-4

 Table 6
 Humidity conversion coefficients

For simplified, less computation intense conversion formulas see application note "RH and Temperature Non-Linearity Compensation".

The humidity sensor has no significant voltage dependency.

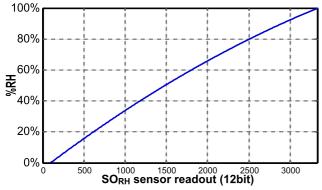


Figure 10 Conversion from SORH to relative humidity

3.1.1 Humidity Sensor RH/Temperature compensation For temperatures significantly different from 25 °C (~77 °F) the temperature coefficient of the RH sensor should be considered:

 $RH_{true} = (T_{\circ C} - 25) \bullet (t_1 + t_2 \bullet SO_{RH}) + RH_{linear}$

SORH	t1	t2
12 bit	0.01	0.00008
8 bit	0.01	0.00128
	-	

 Table 7
 Temperature compensation coefficients

This equals ~0.12 %RH / °C @ 50 %RH

3.2 Temperature

The bandgap PTAT (Proportional To Absolute Temperature) temperature sensor is very linear by design. Use the following formula to convert from digital readout to temperature:

Temperature = $d_1 + d_2 \bullet SO_T$

VDD	d ₁ [°C]	d 1[°F]
5V	-40.00	-40.00
4V	-39.75	-39.50
3.5V	-39.66	-39.35
3V	-39.60	-39.28
2.5V	-39.55	-39.23

SO T	d ₂ [°C]	d ₂ [°F]
14bit	0.01	0.018
12bit	0.04	0.072

Table 8 Temperature conversion coefficients

For improved accuracies in extreme temperatures with more computation intense conversion formulas see application note "RH and Temperature Non-Linearity Compensation".

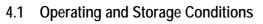
3.3 Dewpoint

Since humidity and temperature are both measured on the same monolithic chip, the SHTxx allows superb dewpoint measurements. See application note "Dewpoint calculation" for more.

¹ Where SO_{RH} is the sensor output for relative humidity

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4 Applications Information



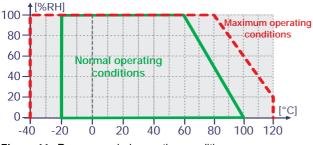


Figure 11 Recommended operating conditions

Conditions outside the recommended range may temporarily offset the RH signal up to ± 3 %RH. After return to normal conditions it will slowly return towards calibration state by itself. See 4.3 "Reconditioning Procedure" to accelerate this process. Prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may accelerate ageing.

4.2 Exposure to Chemicals

Chemical vapors may interfere with the polymer layers used for capacitive humidity sensors. The diffusion of chemicals into the polymer may cause a shift in both offset and sensitivity. In a clean environment the contaminants will slowly outgas. The reconditioning procedure described below will accelerate this process. High levels of pollutants may cause permanent damage to the sensing polymer.

4.3 Reconditioning Procedure

The following reconditioning procedure will bring the sensor back to calibration state after exposure to extreme conditions or chemical vapors.

80-90 °C (176-194°F) at < 5 %RH for 24h (baking) followed by 20-30 °C (70-90°F) at > 74 %RH for 48h (re-hydration)

4.4 Temperature Effects

The relative humidity of a gas strongly depends on its temperature. It is therefore essential to keep humidity sensors at the same temperature as the air of which the relative humidity is to be measured.

If the SHTxx shares a PCB with electronic components that give off heat it should be mounted far away and below the heat source and the housing must remain well ventilated.

To reduce heat conduction copper layers between the SHT1x and the rest of the PCB should be minimized and a slit may be milled in between (see figure 13).

4.5 Membranes

A membrane may be used to prevent dirt from entering the housing and to protect the sensor. It will also reduce peak concentrations of chemical vapors. For optimal response times air volume behind the membrane must be kept to a minimum. For the SHT1x package Sensirion recommends the SF1 filter cap for optimal IP67 protection.

4.6 Light

The SHTxx is not light sensitive. Prolonged direct exposure to sunshine or strong UV radiation may age the housing.

4.7 Materials Used for Sealing / Mounting

Many materials absorb humidity and will act as a buffer, increasing response times and hysteresis. Materials in the vicinity of the sensor must therefore be carefully chosen. Recommended materials are: All Metals, LCP, POM (Delrin), PTFE (Teflon), PE, PEEK, PP, PB, PPS, PSU, PVDF, PVF For sealing and gluing (use sparingly): High filled epoxy for electronic packaging (e.g. glob top, underfill), and Silicone. Outgassing of these materials may also contaminate the SHTxx (cf. 4.2). Store well ventilated after manufacturing or bake at 50°C for 24h to outgas contaminants before packing.

4.8 Wiring Considerations and Signal Integrity

Carrying the SCK and DATA signal parallel and in close proximity (e.g. in wires) for more than 10cm may result in cross talk and loss of communication. This may be resolved by routing VDD and/or GND between the two data signals. Please see the application note "ESD, Latchup and EMC" for more information.

Power supply pins (VDD, GND) should be decoupled with a 100 nF capacitor if wires are used.

4.9 Qualifications

Extensive tests were performed in various environments. Please contact SENSIRION for detailed information.

Environment	Norm	Results ⁽¹⁾
Temperature	JESD22-A104-B	Within
Cycles	-40 °C / 125 °C, 1000 cy	Specifications
HAST	JESD22-A110-B	Reversible shift
Pressure Cooker	2.3 bar 125 °C 85 %RH	by +2 %RH
High Temperature	JESD22-A101-B	Reversible shift
and Humidity	85 °C 85 %RH 1250h	by +2 %RH
Salt Atmosphere	DIN-50021ss	Within Spec.
Condensing Air	-	Within Spec.
Freezing cycles	-20 / +90 °C, 100 cy	Reversible shift
fully submerged	30min dwell time	by +2 %RH
Various Automotive	DIN 72300-5	Within
Chemicals		Specifications

Table 9Qualification tests (excerpt)

4.10 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

ESD immunity is qualified according to MIL STD 883E, method 3015 (Human Body Model at ± 2 kV)).

Latch-up immunity is provided at a force current of ± 100 mA with T_{amb} = 80 °C according to JEDEC 17. See application note "ESD, Latchup and EMC" for more information.

⁽¹⁾ The temperature sensor passed all tests without any detectable drift. Package and electronics also passed 100%

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5 Package Information

5.1 SHT1x (surface mountable)

Pin	Name	Comment
1	GND	Ground
2	DATA	Serial data, bidirectional
3	SCK	Serial clock, input
4	VDD	Supply 2.4 - 5.5 V
	NC	Remaining pins must be left unconnected

Table 10 SHT1x Pin Description

5.1.1 Package type

The SHT1x is supplied in a surface-mountable LCC (Leadless Chip Carrier) type package. The sensors housing consists of a Liquid Crystal Polymer (LCP) cap with epoxy glob top on a standard 0.8 mm FR4 substrate. The device is free of lead, Cd and Hg.

Device size is 7.42 x 4.88 x 2.5 mm (0.29 x 0.19 x 0.1 inch) Weight 100 mg

The production date is printed onto the cap in white numbers in the form wwy. e.g. "351" = week 35, 2001.

5.1.2 Delivery Conditions

The SHT1x are shipped in 12mm tape at 100pcs or 400pcs.. Reels are individually labelled with barcode and human readable labels. The Lot numbers allow full traceability through production, calibration and test.

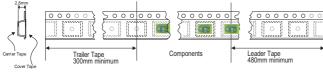


Figure 12 Tape configuration and unit orientation

5.1.3 Soldering Information

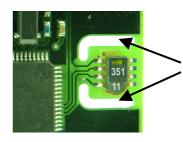
Standard reflow soldering ovens may be used. For details please see application note "soldering procedure".

For manual soldering contact time must be limited to 5 seconds at up to 350 °C.

After soldering the devices should be stored at >74 %RH for at least 24h to allow the polymer to rehydrate.

Please consult the application note "Soldering procedure" for more information.

5.1.4 Mounting Examples



Slit to minimize heat transfer from the PCB

Figure 13 SHT1x PCB Mounting example

The SF1 membrane filter cap is available for optimal IP67 protection. When mounted through a housing the interior can be protected from the environment while still allowing high quality humidity measurements (see example below).

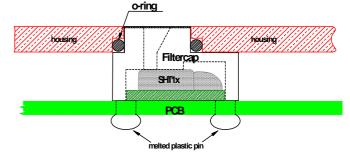


Figure 14 SF1 IP67 filter cap mounting example

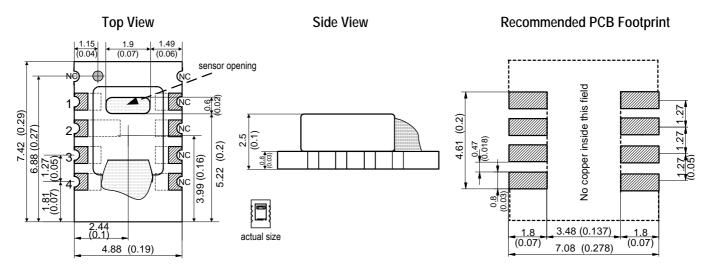


Figure 15 SHT1x drawing and footprint dimensions in mm (inch)

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5.2 SHT7x (4-pin single-in-line)

Pin	Name	Comment	
1	SCK	Serial clock input	
2	VDD	Supply 2.4 - 5.5 V	
3	GND	Ground	
4	DATA	Serial data bidirectional	

Table 11SHT7x Pin Description

5.2.1 Package type¹

The device is supplied in a single-in-line pin type package. The sensor housing consists of a Liquid Crystal Polymer (LCP) cap with epoxy glob top on a standard 0.6 mm FR4 substrate. The device is Cd and Hg free.

The sensor head is connected to the pins by a small bridge to minimize heat conduction and response times. The gold plated back side of the sensor head is connected to the GND pin.

A 100nF capacitor is mounted on the back side between VDD and GND.

All pins are gold plated to avoid corrosion. They can be soldered or mate with most 1.27 mm (0.05") sockets e.g.: Preci-dip / Mill-Max 851-93-004-20-001 or similar Total weight: 168 mg weight of sonsor boad: 73 mg

Total weight: 168 mg, weight of sensor head: 73 mg

The production date is printed onto the cap in white numbers in the form wwy. e.g. "351" = week 35, 2001.

5.2.2 Delivery Conditions

The SHT7x are shipped in 32 mm tape. These reeled parts in standard option are shipped with 500 units per 13 inch diameter reel. Reels are individually labelled with barcode and human readable labels.

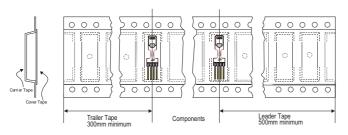


Figure 16 Tape configuration and unit orientation

5.2.3 Soldering Information²

Standard wave SHT7x soldering ovens may be used at maximum 235 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ for 20 seconds.

For manual soldering contact time must be limited to 5 seconds at up to 350 $^\circ\text{C}.$

After wave soldering the devices should be stored at >74 %RH for at least 24 h to allow the polymer to rehydrate. Please consult the application note "Soldering procedure" for more information.

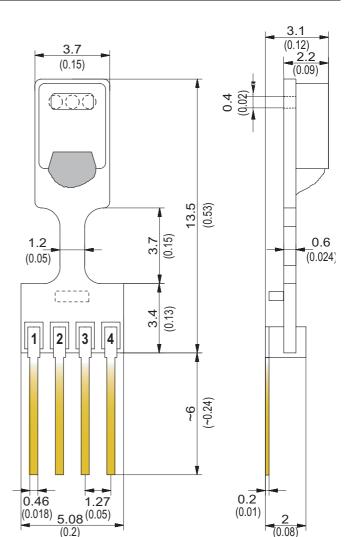


Figure 17 SHT7x dimensions in mm (inch)

v2.02 July 2004

¹ Other packaging options may be available on request. ² For maximum accuracy do not solder SHT75!

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6 Revision history

Date	Version	Page(s)	Changes
February 2002	Preliminary	1-9	First public release
June 2002	Preliminary		Added SHT7x information
March 2003	Final v2.0	1-9	Major remake, added application information etc.
			Various small modifications
	V2.01	1-9	Typos, Graph labeling
July 2004	V2.02	1-9	Improved specifications, added SF1 information, improved wording

The latest version of this document and all application notes can be found at: www.sensirion.com/en/download/humiditysensor/SHT1x SHT7x.htm

7 Important Notices

7.1 Warning, personal injury

Do not use this product as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

Should buyer purchase or use SENSIRION AG products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SENSIRION AG and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SENSIRION AG was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

7.2 ESD Precautions

The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent ESD-induced damage and/or degradation, take normal ESD precautions when handling this product.

See application note "ESD, Latchup and EMC" for more information.

7.3 Warranty

SENSIRION AG makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its product for any particular purpose, nor does SENSIRION AG assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters can and do vary in different applications. All operating parameters, including "Typical" must be validated for each customer applications by customer's technical experts.

SENSIRION AG reserves the right, without further notice, to change the product specifications and/or information in this document and to improve reliability, functions and design.

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Sensirion humidity sensors are available from:

find your local representative at: www.sensirion.com/reps

SUNSTAR商斯达实业集团是集研发、生产、工程、销售、代理经销 、技术咨询、信息服务等为一体的高 科技企业,是专业高科技电子产品生产厂家,是具有10多年历史的专业电子元器件供应商,是中国最早和 最大的仓储式连锁规模经营大型综合电子零部件代理分销商之一,是一家专业代理和分銷世界各大品牌IC 芯片和電子元器件的连锁经营綜合性国际公司。在香港、北京、深圳、上海、西安、成都等全国主要电子 市场设有直属分公司和产品展示展销窗口门市部专卖店及代理分销商,已在全国范围内建成强大统一的供 货和代理分销网络。 我们专业代理经销、开发生产电子元器件、集成电路、传感器、微波光电元器件、工 控机/DOC/DOM电子盘、专用电路、单片机开发、MCU/DSP/ARM/FPGA软件硬件、二极管、三极管、模 块等,是您可靠的一站式现货配套供应商、方案提供商、部件功能模块开发配套商。**专业以现代信息产业** (计算机、通讯及传感器)三大支柱之一的传感器为主营业务,专业经营各类传感器的代理、销售生产、 网络信息、科技图书资料及配套产品设计、工程开发。我们的专业网站——中国传感器科技信息网(全球 传感器数据库)www.SENSOR-IC.COM 服务于全球高科技生产商及贸易商,为企业科技产品开发提供技 术交流平台。欢迎各厂商互通有无、交换信息、交换链接、发布寻求代理信息。欢迎国外高科技传感器、 **变送器、执行器、自动控制产品厂商介绍产品到 中国,共同开拓市场**。本网站是关于各种传感器-变送器-仪器仪表及工业自动化大型专业网站,深入到工业控制、系统工程计 测计量、自动化、安防报警、消费电 子等众多领域,把最新的传感器-变送器-仪器仪表买卖信息,最新技术供求,最新采购商,行业动态,发展方 向,最新的技术应用和市场资讯及时的传递给广大科技开发、科学研究、产品设计人员。本网站已成功为 石油、化工、电力、医药、生物、航空、航天、国防、能源、冶金、电子、工业、农业、交通、汽车、矿 山、煤炭、纺织、信息、通信、IT、安防、环保、印刷、科研、气象、仪器仪表等领域从事科学研究、产 品设计、开发、生产制造的科技人员、管理人员 、和采购人员提供满意服务。 我公司专业开发生产、代 理、经销、销售各种传感器、变送器、敏感元器件、开关、执行器、仪器仪表、自动化控制系统: 专门从 事设计、生产、销售各种传感器、变送器、各种测控仪表、热工仪表、现场控制器、计算机控制系统、数 据采集系统、各类环境监控系统、专用控制系统应用软件以及嵌入式系统开发及应用等工作。如热敏电阻、 压敏电阻、温度传感器、温度变送器、湿度传感器、 湿度变送器、气体传感器、 气体变送器、压力传感 器、 压力变送、称重传感器、物(液)位传感器、物(液)位变送器、流量传感器、 流量变送器、电流 (压)传感器、溶氧传感器、霍尔传感器 、图像传感器、超声波传感器、位移传感器、速度传感器、加速 度传感器、扭距传感器、红外传感器、紫外传感器、 火焰传感器、激光传感器、振动传感器、轴角传感器、 光电传感器、接近传感器、干簧管传感器、继电器传感器、微型电泵、磁敏(阻)传感器 、压力开关、接 近开关、光电开关、色标传感器、光纤传感器、齿轮测速传感器、 时间继电器、计数器、计米器、温控仪、 固态继电器、调压模块、电磁铁、电压表、电流表等特殊传感器 。 同时承接传感器应用电路、产品设计 和自动化工程项目。

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