

TGS 825 - Special Sensor for Hydrogen Sulfide

Features:

- * High sensitivity to low concentration of hydrogen sulfide
- * Good repeatability in measurement
- * Uses simple electrical circuit
- * Ceramic base resistant to severe environment

Applications:

* Hydrogen sulfide detectors/ alarms

The sensing element of Figaro gas sensors is a tin dioxide (SnO₂) semiconductor which has low conductivity in clean air. In the presence of a detectable gas, the sensor's conductivity increases depending on the gas concentration in the air. A simple electrical circuit can convert the change in conductivity to an output signal which corresponds to the gas concentration.

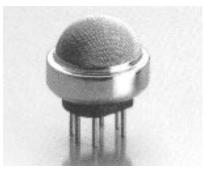
The **TGS 825** has high sensitivity to hydrogen sulfide. The sensor can detect concentrations of hydrogen sulfide as low as 5ppm, making it ideal for application in gas leak detection.

The figure below represents typical sensitivity char-acteristics, all data having been gathered at standard test conditions (see reverse side of this sheet). The Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (Rs/Ro) which is defined as follows:

Rs = Sensor resistance of displayed gases at various concentrations Ro = Sensor resistance at 50ppm of hydrogen

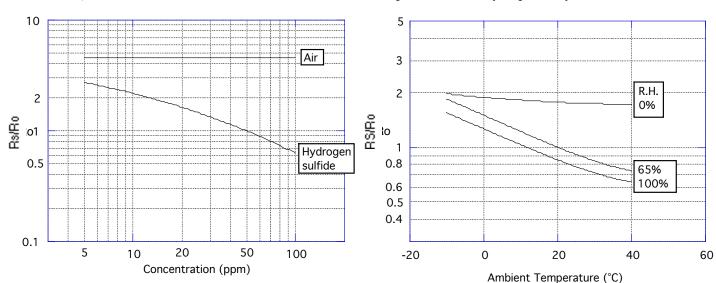
sulfide at 20°C and 65% R.H.

Sensitivity Characteristics:



The figure below represents typical temperature and humidity dependency characteristics. Again, the Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (Rs/Ro), defined as follows:

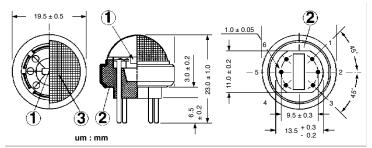
Rs = Sensor resistance at 50ppm of hydrogen sulfide at various temp./humidities Ro = Sensor resistance at 50ppm of hydrogen sulfide at 20°C and 65% R.H.



Temperature/Humidity Dependency:

IMPORTANT NOTE: OPERATING CONDITIONS IN WHICH FIGARO SENSORS ARE USED WILL VARY WITH EACH CUSTOMER'S SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS. FIGARO STRONGLY RECOMMENDS CONSULTING OUR TECHNICAL STAFF BEFORE DEPLOYING FIGARO SENSORS IN YOUR APPLICATION AND, IN PARTICULAR, WHEN CUSTOMER'S TARGET GASES ARE NOT LISTED HEREIN. FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS ASSORS AND A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SURFICIENT FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS ASSORS ASSORS AS ASSORS ASSORS AS A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR ASSONS AND A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR ASSONS AS A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR ASSONS ASSONS AS A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR ANY ASSONS ASSONS AS A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR ANY ASSONS AS A PRODUCT OR APPLICA

Structure and Dimensions:



Pin Connection and Basic Measuring Circuit:

The numbers shown around the sensor symbol in the circuit diagram at the right correspond with the pin numbers shown in the sensor's structure drawing (above). When the sensor is connected as shown in the basic circuit, output across the Load Resistor (VRL) increases as the sensor's resistance (Rs) decreases, depending on gas concentration.

(1) Sensing Element:

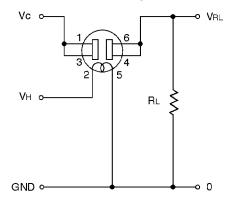
SnO2 is sintered to form a thick film on the surface of an alumina ceramic tube which contains an internal heater.

(2) Sensor Base:

Alumina ceramic (**3**) Flame Arrestor:

100 mesh SUS 316 double gauze

Basic Measuring Circuit:



Standard Circuit Conditions:

Item	Symbol	Rated Values	Remarks
Heater Voltage	Vн	5.0±0.2V	AC or DC
Circuit Voltage	Vc	Max. 24V	DC only Ps≤15mW
Load Resistance	R∟	Variable	0.45kΩ min.

Electrical Characteristics:

Item	Symbol	Condition	Specification	
Sensor Resistance	Rs	Hydrogen sulfide at 50ppm/air	3 k $\Omega \sim 30$ k Ω	
Change Ratio of Sensor Resistance	Rs/Ro	<u>Rs(H2S at 50ppm/air)</u> Rs(H2S at 10ppm/air)	0.45 ± 0.15	
Heater Resistance	Rн	Room temperature	38.0 ± 3.0Ω	
Heater Power Consumption	Рн	VH=5.0V	660mW (typical)	

Standard Test Conditions:

TGS 825 complies with the above electrical characteristics when the sensor is tested in standard conditions as specified below:

Test Gas Conditions: 20°±2°C, 65±5%R.H. Circuit Conditions: $V_{c} = 10.0 \pm 0.1 V$ (AC or DC), $V_{H} = 5.0 \pm 0.05 V$ (AC or DC), $R_{L} = 10.0 k\Omega \pm 1\%$

Preheating period before testing: More than 7 days

FIGARO USA, INC. 121 S. Wilke Rd. Suite 300 Arlington Heights, IL 60005 Phone: (847)-832-1701 Fax: (847)-832-1705 email: figarousa@figarosensor.com Sensor Resistance (Rs) is calculated by the following formula:

$$Rs = \left(\frac{V_{C}}{V_{RL}} - 1\right) \times R_{I}$$

Power dissipation across sensor electrodes (Ps) is calculated by the following formula:

$$\mathsf{Ps} = \frac{\mathsf{Vc}^2 \times \mathsf{Rs}}{(\mathsf{Rs} + \mathsf{RL})^2}$$

For information on warranty, please refer to Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale of Figaro USA Inc.

TEL: 0755-83376489 FAX:0755-83376182 E-MAIL:szss20@163.com SU