



# SiC - photodiode JEC 0,3-4L

**characteristics :**

- ◆ spectral range 210 ... 380 nm
- ◆ active area 0,22 mm<sup>2</sup>
- ◆ high UV - response 0,13 A/W
- ◆ TO 39-package
- ◆ cap with lenscap
- ◆ components are in conformity with RoHS and WEEE

**applications :**

- ◆ UV-measurement only
- ◆ UV-source control (for instance in sterilizers)
- ◆ flamedetection

**maximum ratings:**

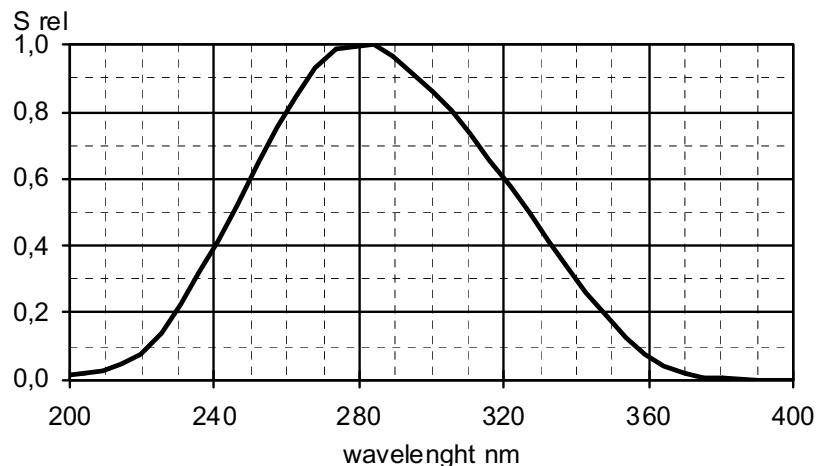
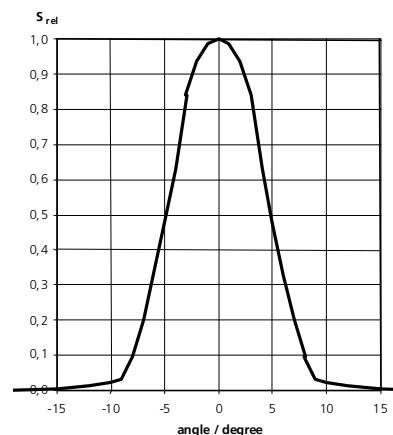
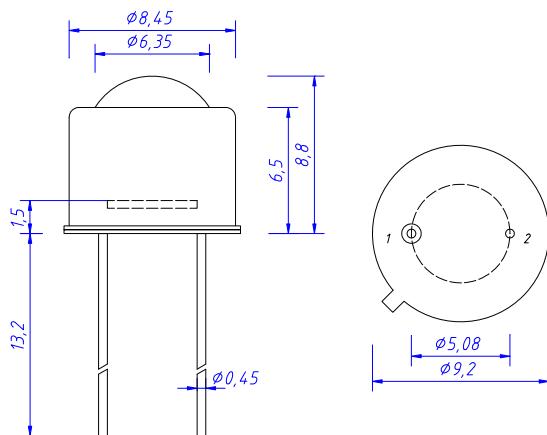
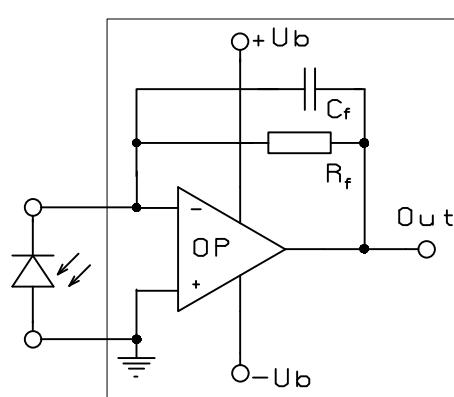
maximum reverse voltage	20	V
operating temperature range	- 25 °C ... 70	°C
storage temperature range	- 40 °C ... 100	°C
soldering temperature (3s)	260	°C

**technical data :**

test conditions, as not otherwise specified:  $\gamma_a = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_R = 0\text{V}$

parameters	test conditions	min.	typ.	max.	unit
active area <sup>1)</sup>			11		mm <sup>2</sup>
spectral range		210		380	nm
maximum of spectral responsivity	$\lambda_{\text{max}} = 275 \text{ nm}$		0,13		A/W
absolute spectral responsivity	$\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$		0,11		A/W
short current I <sub>S</sub>	bright sun cloudy		200 80		nA
dark current I <sub>R</sub>	$V_R = 1 \text{ V}$		5		fA
capacitance			80		pF

<sup>1)</sup> effektive active area because of focusing of light by the lens

**relative spectral response****response characteristic****package dimensions****application example**

1 Kathode  
2 Anode & Case

The application example shows a typical circuit.  $R_f$  is responsible for the gain of the circuit.  $C_f$  compensates the reverse junction capacitance of the photodiode and input capacitance of the OPV. The exact value of  $C_f$  depends on  $R_f$ , used OPV and capacitance of the circuit. A typical value is 1 pF.

The diagram shows dependence of amplitude of the application circuit with AD795,  $R_f = 50 \text{ M}\Omega$  and  $C_f = 0.5 \text{ pF}$ .

