Radiation Monitor and Controller with Data Output



The Sensor Monitor 5.0 Series



The **Sensor Monitor 5.0** series are measurement and control modules for monitoring and automation of irradiation processes. They display radiation, dose and state information which is simultaneously provided via USB/RS232.

Three programmable relays allow an automated control of single- and multi-level irradiation processes.

The Sensor Monitor 5.0 is used as a radiation monitor or control module in disinfection, drying, hardening, biotechnology and in scientific research.

Specifications of the Sensor Monitor 5.0 Connect

Parameter		Value	Unit
Ports			
`	•	data output, see model overview page 2)	
Number of prob	e inputs	1	-
Data output		USB/RS232	-
Number of relay	y outputs	3	-
Parameters of the housing (DIN 43700 – Uninorm)			
Panel dimensio	ns (BxH)	144 x 72	mm²
Module depth		86	mm
Cut-out at contr	ol cabinet (BxH)	137 x 67	mm ²
Degree of prote	ection	IP40	-
Additional tecl	buical data		
7 10 0 10 0 10 0			
Operating temp	erature	0+70	°C
Storage temper	ature	-25 +85	°C
Power supply		12 24	V_{DC}
Power consum	otion at 24 VDC	0.4	W
Weight		0.140	kg

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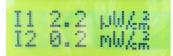
Connections and Outputs

Sensor Input (also available with two inputs, see below model overview)



The input terminal can be connected to amplified probes with voltage output or photodiodes.

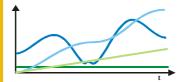
Visualization of Values and State



Each row of the user configurable illuminated display shows the following information:

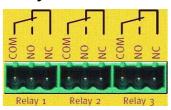
- · Radiation or dose (in selectable units) and relay state
- Error messages like overrange

Data Output



The measurement data can be read out via USB or RS232 to a PC or PLC. The transfer is done with a CSV file which can be analyzed with a typical software like Origin or Excel.

Relay Functions



Three potential-free relays can be used for process control.

- Activation when excessing or falling below a threshold intensity or reaching an irradiation dose (lamp switch and/or alarm)
- Logic combination, control of transport processes, switch conditions depending on dose, intensity and relative lamp output

Model Overview

Sensor Monitor 5.0

Sensor Monitor 5.0 Connect

Sensor Monitor 5.0 Double

Sensor Monitor 5.0 Double Connect

One channel, no data output

One channel, USB & RS232 data output

Two channels, no data output

Two channels, USB & RS232 data output

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Radiation Monitor and Controller with Data Output

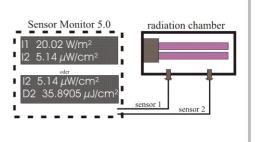


Basic Functions

Radiation Measurement

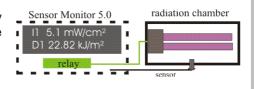
Parallel measurements of two lamp outputs or radiation parts of one lamp can realized (e.g. UVA and UVB). In the first display example the intensity I1 at sensor 1 and the intensity I2 at sensor 2 is displayed. The second picture shows intensity and dose (time integration of the intensity).

If the data port is activated the complete relevant information (intensities, doses, error messages and state of relays and dose measurements) is transferred to a PC.



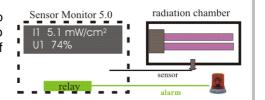
Measuerement and Lamp Control

At excessing or falling below a configurable intensity threshold or reaching an irradiation dose the lamp can be switched off or changed over to another lamp.



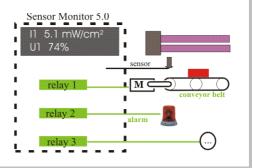
Measurement and Alarm

In the example an alarm is given if the percentaged lamp power falls below a configurable threshold. Further two relays can be used for other functions (switching of pumps, shutters etc.).



Transport Control of irradiated Goods

Measurement of the dose at irradiated goods and activation of the belt transport. The hold times of the relays are variable therefore the transport distance can be adjusted with the hold time. In the example a second relay is giving an alarm if the intensity falls below the threshold. The third relay can be used for information from a second sensor or for a logic combination with one of the other relays (e.g. transport if dose threshold is exceeded and intensity is higher than a minimum value at the same time).



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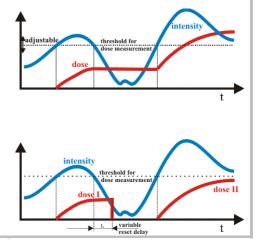
Advanced Use in Process Automation

Automated Dose Measurement

The measurement of irradiation doses can be done manually or subjected to automation conditions.

In the first example the dose measurement is started at exceeding a critical intensity. If the intensity falls below the threshold the integration is interrupted and the dose stays constant. While exceeding the threshold again, the integration is continued.

In the second example the dose measurement is finished with falling under the intensity threshold. The reset delay keeps the value on the display. At exceeding of the threshold a new dose is generated. The generation of single doses is used if the dose stop condition is activating a pump or a transport of a good (see below). For each irradiated good or segment a dose is calculated.



Relay Configuration

Three relays can be configured for controlling different functions activated by various configurable process conditions. In the simplest use the relays activate at falling under or exceeding a critical threshold of a selectable measure.

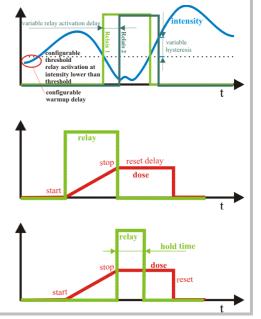
A warmup delay can be implemented to avoid false reports at the start-up process. Additionally it may be reasonable to ignore a short malfunction and only to consider a longer malfunction by using a relay activation delay. Hysteresis parameters can be set for values that are alternating around the threshold.

Dose Measurement Indication

Each relay can be associated with dose functions. Running dose measurements can be indicated by an activated relay. There is no difference if the dose measurement is operated manually or under automated conditions.

Dose Limit Indication

At the dose limit indication the relay is activated if the dose measurement is finished. With the hold time the time of the relay activation is set.



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