Low Noise Low Supply Voltage Dual Operational Amplifier with Full Swing Input and Output

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

NJM2737 is a single supply dual operational amplifier with full swing input and output, operates from 1.8V.
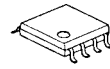
Noise characteristic is designed low as conventional low noise operational amplifiers, such as NJM5532 and NJM4580.

It is suitable for PC audio, portable audio and other low voltage single supplied audio applications.

## ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

NJM2737D   **NJM2737M**

NJM2737V   **NJM2737RB1**

■ FEATURES

● Operating Voltage	1.8 to 6.0V
● Low Input Voltage Noise	$5nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ typ.
● Gain Band Width product	3.1MHz typ. at $V^+=5V$, $R_L=2k\Omega$
● Slew Rate	$0.7V/\mu s$ typ. at $V^+=5V$, $R_L=2k\Omega$
● Offset Voltage	5mV max
● Input Full-Swing	$V_{ICM}=$ 0 to 5.0V at $V^+=5V$
● Output Full-Swing	$V_{OH} \geq 4.9V$/ $V_{OL} \leq 0.15V$ at $V^+=5V$, $R_L=20k\Omega$
● Load Drivability	$V_{OH} \geq 4.75V$/ $V_{OL} \leq 0.25V$ at $V^+=5V$, $R_L=2k\Omega$
● Bipolar Technology	
● Package Outline	DIP8,DMP8,SSOP8,TVSP8

■ PIN CONFIGURATION
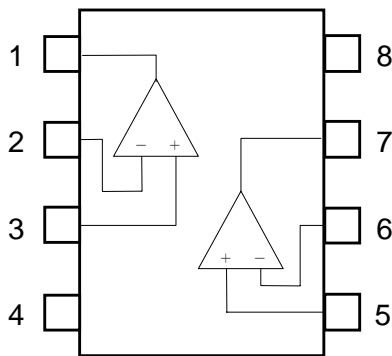
PIN CONFIGURATION

1.OUTPUT1
2.-INPUT1
3.+INPUT1
4.V⁻
5.+INPUT2
6.-INPUT2
7.OUTPUT2
8.V⁺

NJM2737

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V^+	7.0	V
Differential Input Voltage	V_{ID}	±1.0	V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{ICM}	0 to 7.0	V
Power Dissipation	P_D	500(DIP8) 300(DMP8) 250(SSOP8) 320(TVSP8)	mW
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 to +125	°C

(Note1)
If the supply voltage (V^+) is less than 7V, the input voltage must not over the V^+ level through 7V is limit specified.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V^+	1.8 to 6.0	V

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

● DC CHARACTERISTICS

(V^+=5V,Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Current	I_{CC}	No Signal	-	1200	1600	µA
Input Offset Voltage	V_{IO}		-	1	5	mV
Input Bias Current	I_B		-	200	800	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}		-	5	100	nA
Voltage Gain	A_V	R_L=2kΩ	60	85	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	CMR+:2.5V≤V_{CM}≤5.0V, CMR-: 0≤V_{CM}≤2.5V(Note2)	55	70	-	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	V^+/GND = ±2.0 to ±3.0V	70	85	-	dB
Maximum Output Voltage1	V_{OH1}	R_L=20kΩ	4.9	4.95	-	V
	V_{OL1}	R_L=20kΩ	-	0.05	0.1	
Maximum Output Voltage 2	V_{OH2}	R_L=2kΩ	4.75	4.85	-	V
	V_{OL2}	R_L=2kΩ	-	0.15	0.25	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{ICM}	CMR>55dB	0	-	5	V

(Note2) CMR is represented by either CMR+ or CMR- which has lower value.
    CMR+ is measured with 2.5V≤V_{CM}≤5V and CMR- is measured with 0V≤ V_{CM} ≤ 2.5V .

● AC CHARACTERISTICS

(V^+=5V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Unity Gain Bandwidth	f_T	R_L=2kΩ	-	3.1	-	MHz
Phase Margin	Φ_M	R_L=2kΩ	-	85	-	Deg
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V_{NI}	f=1kHz	-	5	-	nV/√Hz

● TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS $(V^+=5V, Ta=25°C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L=2k\Omega$	-	0.7	-	V/µs

● DC CHARACTERISTICS $(V^+=3V, Ta=25°C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Current	I_{CC}	No Signal	-	1000	1500	µA
Input Offset Voltage	V_{IO}		-	1	5	mV
Input Bias Current	I_B		-	200	800	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}		-	5	100	nA
Voltage Gain	A_V	$R_L=2k\Omega$	60	85	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	CMR+:$1.5V \leq V_{CM} \leq 3.0V$, CMR-: $0 \leq V_{CM} \leq 1.5V$(Note3)	48	63	-	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	V^+/GND = ±1.2 to ±2.0V	68	83	-	dB
Maximum Output Voltage1	V_{OH1}	$R_L=20k\Omega$	2.9	2.95	-	V
	V_{OL1}	$R_L=20k\Omega$	-	0.05	0.1	
Maximum Output Voltage 2	V_{OH2}	$R_L=2k\Omega$	2.75	2.85	-	V
	V_{OL2}	$R_L=2k\Omega$	-	0.15	0.25	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{ICM}	CMR>48dB	0	-	3	V

(Note3) CMR is represented by either CMR+ or CMR- which has lower value.
CMR+ is measured with $1.5V \leq V_{CM} \leq 3V$ and CMR- is measured with $0V \leq V_{CM} \leq 1.5V$.

● AC CHARACTERISTICS $(V^+=3V, Ta=25°C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Unity Gain Bandwidth	f_T	$R_L=2k\Omega$	-	2.6	-	MHz
Phase Margin	Φ_M	$R_L=2k\Omega$	-	85	-	Deg
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V_{NI}	f=1kHz	-	5	-	nV/√Hz

● TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS $(V^+=3V, Ta=25°C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L=2k\Omega$	-	0.6	-	V/µs

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● DC CHARACTERISTICS   (V$^+$=1.8V,Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Current	I_{CC}	No Signal	-	1000	1500	μA
Input Offset Voltage	V_{IO}		-	1	5	mV
Input Bias Current	I_B		-	200	800	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}		-	5	100	nA
Voltage Gain	A_V	R_L=2kΩ	60	85	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	CMR+:0.9V≤V_{CM}≤1.8V, CMR-: 0≤V_{CM}≤0.9V(Note4)	40	55	-	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	V$^+$/GND = ±0.9 to ±1.2V	65	80	-	dB
Maximum Output Voltage1	V_{OH1}	R_L=20kΩ	1.7	1.75	-	V
	V_{OL1}	R_L=20kΩ	-	0.1	0.15	
Maximum Output Voltage 2	V_{OH2}	R_L=2kΩ	1.6	1.65	-	V
	V_{OL2}	R_L=2kΩ	-	0.15	0.25	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{ICM}	CMR>40dB	0	-	1.8	V

(Note4) CMR is represented by either CMR+ or CMR- which has lower value.
CMR+ is measured with 0.9V≤V_{CM}≤1.8V and CMR- is measured with 0V≤ V_{CM} ≤ 0.9V .

● AC CHARACTERISTICS   (V$^+$=1.8V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Unity Gain Bandwidth	f_T	R_L=2kΩ	-	2.3	-	MHz
Phase Margin	Φ_M	R_L=2kΩ	-	85	-	Deg
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V_{NI}	f=1kHz	-	5	-	nV/√Hz

● TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS   (V$^+$=1.8V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Slew Rate	SR	R_L=2kΩ	-	0.5	-	V/μs

■ TERMINAL CHARACTERISTICS

No.	Symbol	Equivalent Circuit	Typ.DC Voltage(V)	Function
3,5	+INPUT			non-inverting input
2,6	-INPUT			inverting input
1,7	VOUT			output

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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage
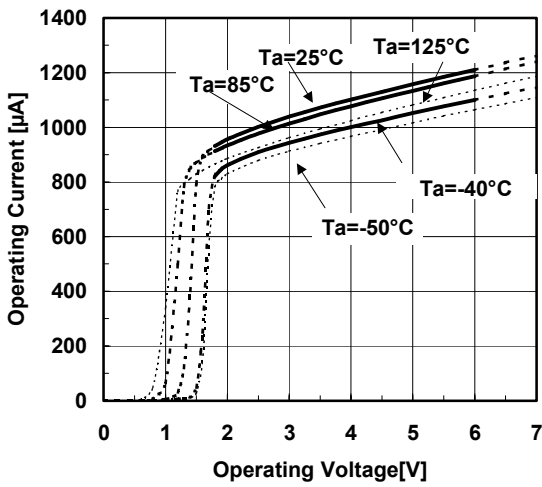
Operating Current vs. Temperature
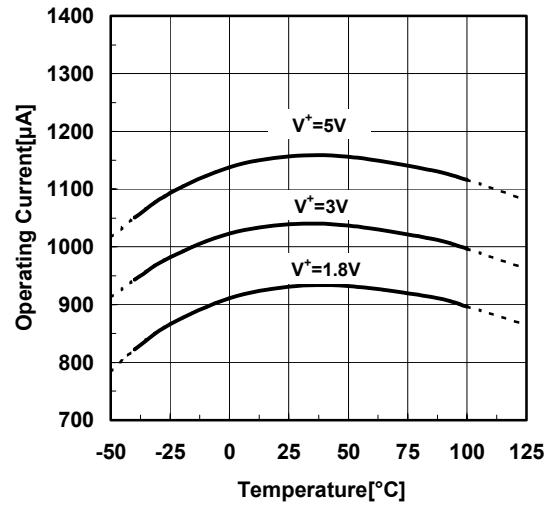
Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature
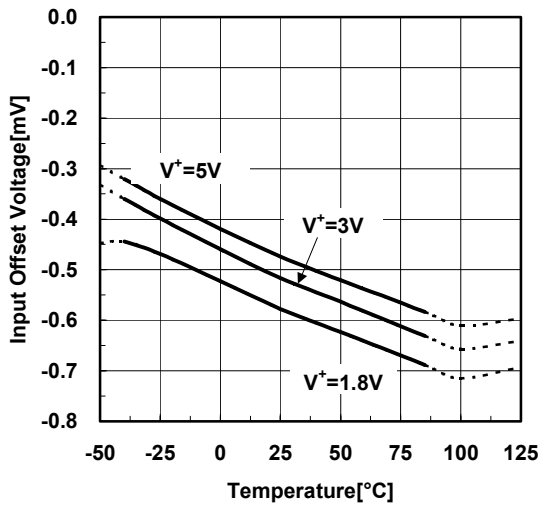
Input Offset Voltage vs. Input Common Mode Voltage Ta=25°C
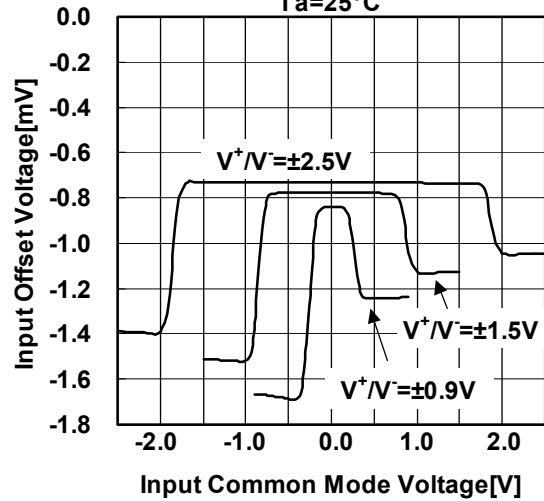
Input Offset Current vs. Temperature
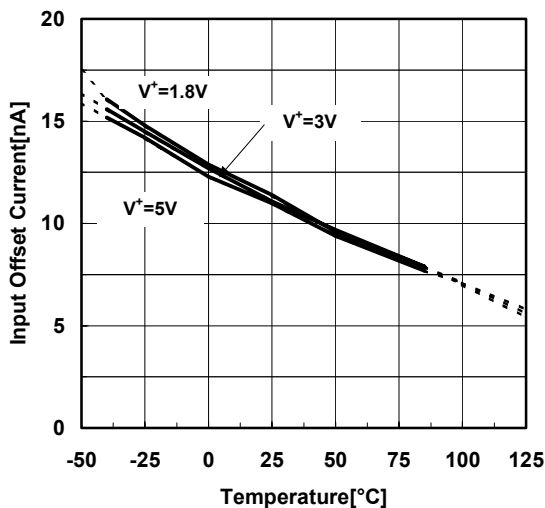
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

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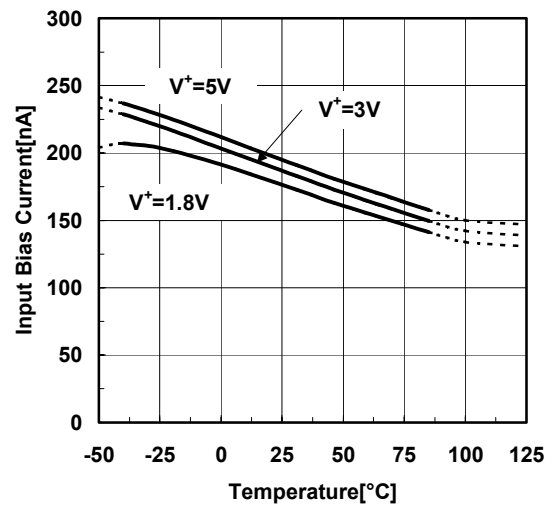
Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs.Temperature
$V_{IC}=V^+,0,V^-$
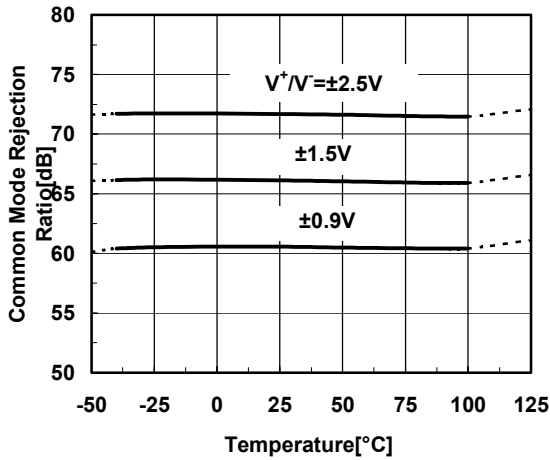
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio vs. Temperature
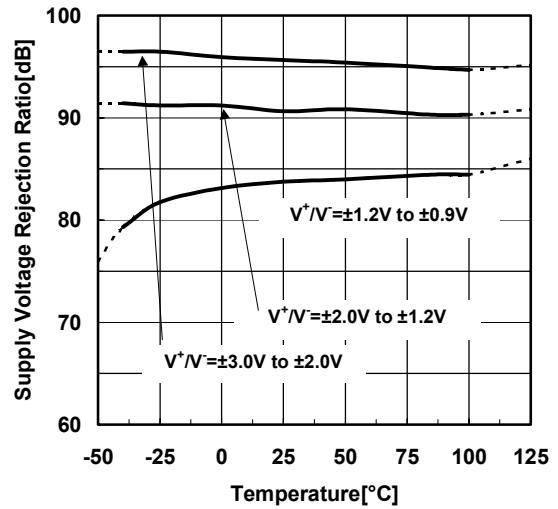
Voltage Gain vs. Temperature
$R_L=2k\Omega$
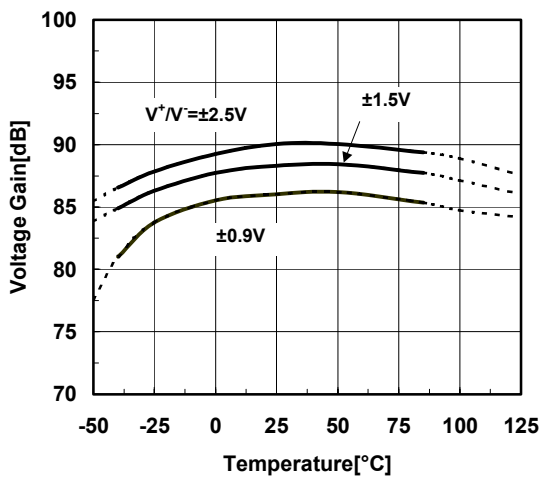
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Road Resistance
$V^+/V^-=2.5V$,OPEN LOOP
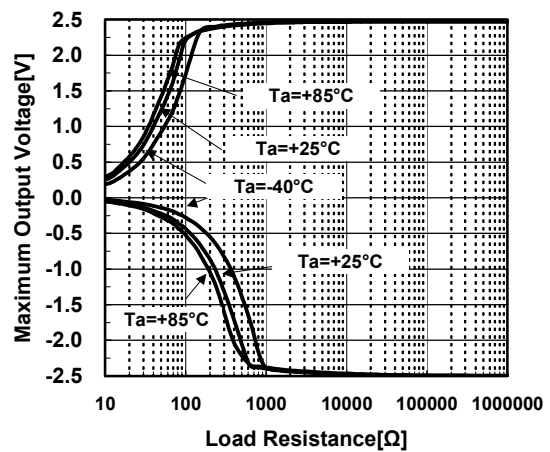
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Temperature
$V^+/V^-=2.5V$,OPEN LOOP
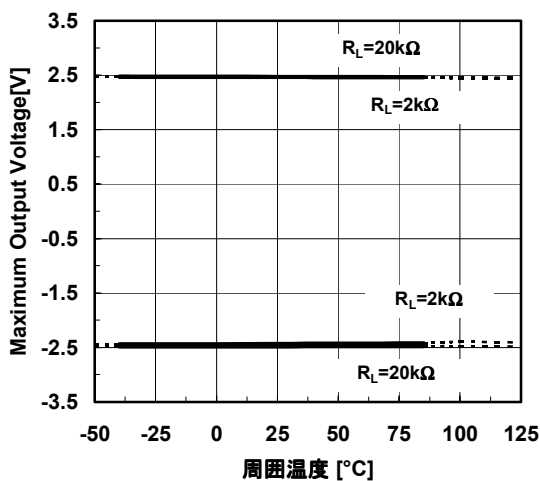
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage
OPEN LOOP,$R_L=2k\Omega$,Ta=25°C

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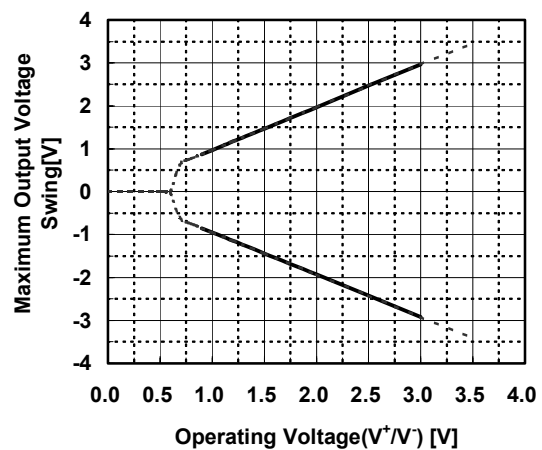
Output Voltage vs. Output Current
V$^+$/V$^-$=0.9V,OPEN LOOP
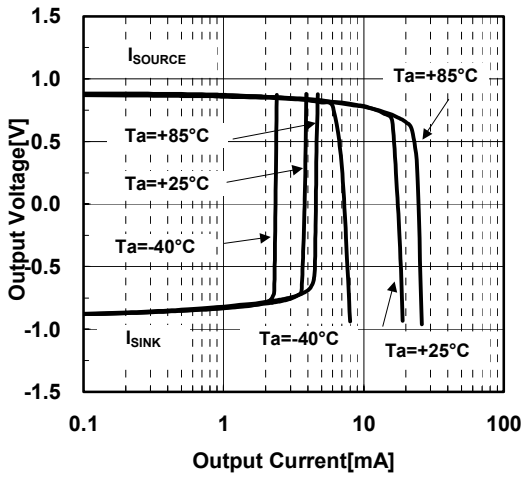
Output Voltage vs. Output Current
V$^+$/V$^-$=2.5V,OPEN LOOP
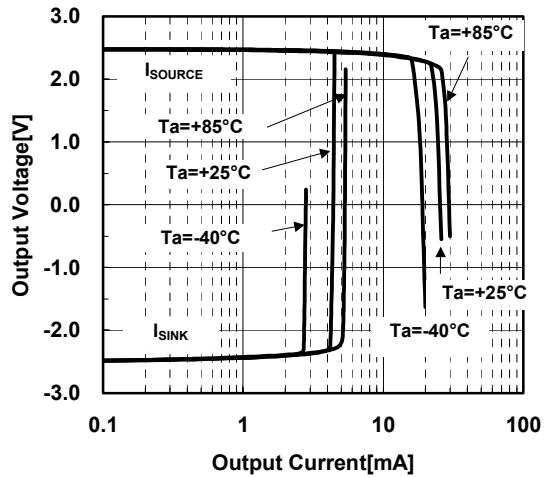
Voltage Gain, Phase vs. Frequency
V$^+$/V$^-$=0.9V,GV=40dB
R$_F$=20Ω,R$_G$=2kΩ,CL=0pF
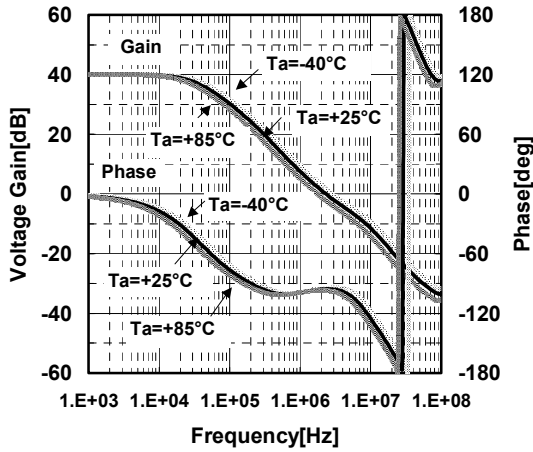
Voltage Gain, Phase vs. Frequency
V$^+$/V$^-$=1.5V,GV=40dB
R$_F$=20Ω,R$_G$=2kΩ,CL=0pF
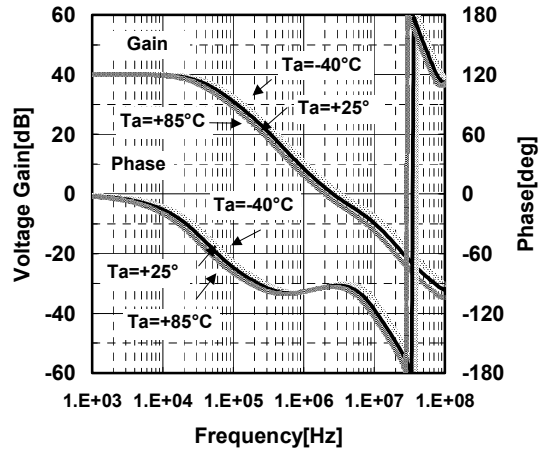
Voltage Gain, Phase vs. Frequency
V$^+$/V$^-$=2.5V,GV=40dB
R$_F$=20Ω,R$_G$=2kΩ,CL=0pF
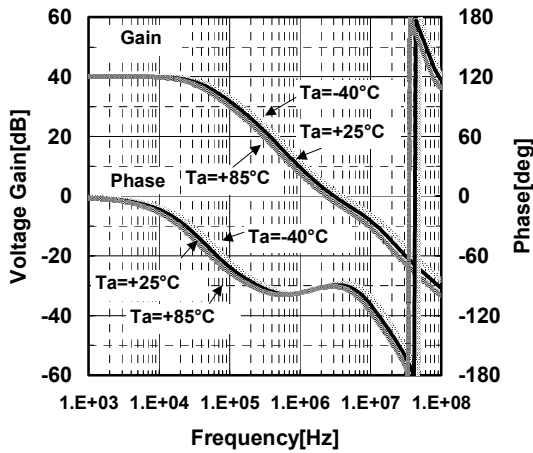
Peak Gain of Voltege Follower
V$^+$/V$^-$=2.5V,GV=0dB
R$_S$=50Ω,RL=2kΩ,Ta=+25°C
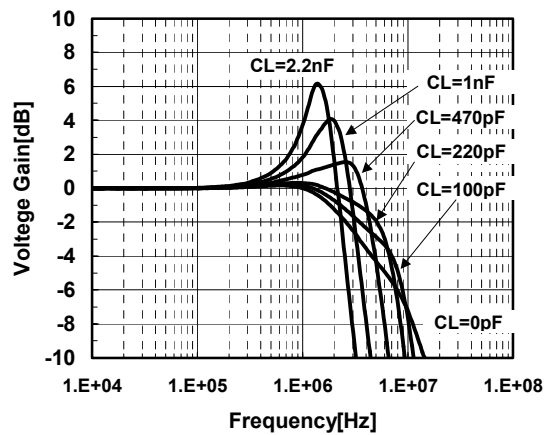
Input Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency
GV=40dB,R_S=50Ω,R_G=20Ω,
R_F=2kΩ,CL=0pF,Ta=25°C
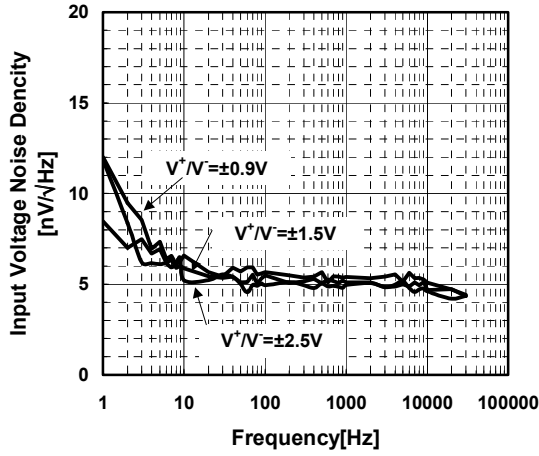
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs OUTPUT AMPLITUDE
(Voltage Follower)
NJM2737,V^+/V^-=2.5V,G_V=0dB
R_L=2kΩ,Ta=25°C
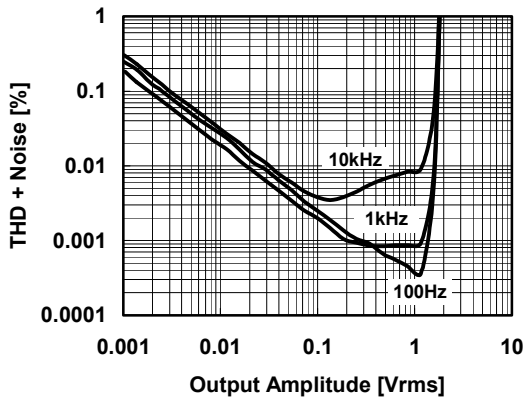
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs OUTPUT AMPLITUDE
(×10 Amplifier)
NJM2737,V^+/V^-=2.5V,G_V=20dB
R_L=2kΩ,Ta=25°C

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Positive Transient Response
V$^+$/V$^-$=0.9V,GV=0dB,f=10kHz,V$_{IN}$=0.5VPP
R$_S$=50Ω,RL=2kΩ,CL=0pF,Ta=+25°C

INPUT

OUTPUT

Input voltage[V]
0.4
0.2
0.0
-0.2

Output Voltage[V]
0.2
0.0
-0.2
-0.4

Time[μs/DIV.]

Negative Transient Response
V$^+$/V$^-$=0.9V,GV=0dB,f=10kHz,V$_{IN}$=0.5V$_{PP}$
R$_S$=50Ω,RL=2kΩ,CL=0pF,Ta=+25°C

INPUT

OUTPUT

Input Voltage[V]
0.4
0.2
0.0
-0.2

Output Voltage[V]
0.2
0.0
-0.2
-0.4

Time[μs/DIV.]

Positive Transient Response
V$^+$/V$^-$=1.5V,GV=0dB,f=10kHz,V$_{IN}$=1V$_{PP}$
R$_S$=50Ω,RL=2kΩ,CL=0pF,Ta=+25°C

INPUT

OUTPUT

Input Voltage[V]
0.8
0.4
0.0
-0.4

Output Voltage[V]
0.4
0.0
-0.4
-0.8

Time[μs/DIV.]

Negative Transient Response
V$^+$/V$^-$=1.5V,GV=0dB,f=10kHz,V$_{IN}$=1V$_{PP}$
R$_S$=50Ω,RL=2kΩ,CL=0pF,Ta=+25°C

INPUT

OUTPUT

Input Voltage[V]
0.8
0.4
0.0
-0.4

Output Voltage[V]
0.4
0.0
-0.4
-0.8

Time[μs/DIV.]

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