

Power Supplies

SPU Series

DC Input

Single Output, General-Purpose

SPECIFICATIONS

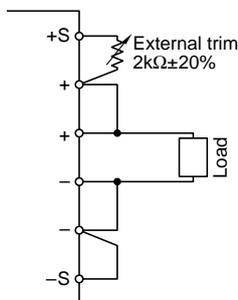
50W TYPE

Part No.		SPU05-10R	SPU12-4R2	SPU15-3R3	SPU24-2R1
Output voltage, current		5V • 10A	12V • 4.2A	15V • 3.3A	24V • 2.1A
Maximum output power*1	W	50	50.4	49.5	50.4
Input requirements					
Input voltage Edc	V	88 to 185[Rating:110-165]			
Input current	A	0.6typ./0.4typ.[110/165V input, at maximum output power](Without internal fuse)			
Efficiency	%	80typ.[25°C, input and output ratings]		83typ.[25°C, input and output ratings]	
Output characteristics					
Output voltage*2	V	5	12	15	24
Voltage variable range*2	V	4.5 to 5.5	10.8 to 13.2	13.5 to 16.5	21.6 to 26.4
Maximum output current	A	10	4.2	3.3	2.1
Overvoltage threshold	V	5.5 to 6.9	13.7 to 15.7	17 to 19	27 to 30.5
Overcurrent threshold	A	10.3 to 13.5	4.3 to 5.7	3.5 to 4.5	2.2 to 2.9
Voltage stability	Input variation	%	0.5typ.(2max.)[Within the input voltage range]		
	Load variation	%	1typ.(2max.)[10 to 100% load]		
	Temperature variation	%	0.5typ.(2max.)[Case temperature 0 to +70°C]		
	Drift	%	0.1typ.(0.5max.)[25°C, input and output ratings, after input voltage ON for 30min to 8h]		
Dynamic load	%/ms	±4max./1max.[50 to 100% sudden load change]			
Ripple Ep-p	mV	150max.	200max.	200max.	200max.
Ripple noise Ep-p	mV	250max.	300max.	300max.	400max.
Accessory equipment					
Overvoltage protection		Voltage shielding type, recovers upon reset.			
Overcurrent protection		Fixed current threshold type, automatic recovery.			
Remote ON-OFF		Yes			
Remote sensing		Yes			
Standards					
Safety standards*3		UL1950D3, CSA ELECTRICAL BULLETIN No.1402C approved.			
Constructions					
External dimensions HxWxL	mm	12.7x58x115			
Weight	g	120max.			
Mounting method		Mount via terminal to containing surface (soldering and bolting).			
Case material		Nonflammable resin(UL Grade 94V-0)			
Heat sink		Sold separately(Part No.:3JR0AB179)			

*1 Maximum output power varies depending upon the structure of the heat sink attached to the power supply case and upon the velocity of air blown by a cooling fan against the heat sink. The maximum output power values shown in the table were determined using a 50W standard heat sink(3JR0AB179) and 1.7m/s air velocity.

*2 Determination of output voltage

External trim voltage adjustment must be used to set output voltage.



*3 Conditions

Heat sink size:H12xW56xL115mm min.

Fan air velocity:1.7m/s

Input protection fuse:externally installed 1.5 to 2A rating(normal type).

⚠ Specifications which provide more details for the proper and safe use of the described product are available upon request.

All specifications are subject to change without notice. <http://www.rfoe.net/> TEL:0755-83397033 FAX:0755-83376182 E-MAIL:szss20@163.com

Power Supplies

SPU Series

DC Input

Single Output, General-Purpose

SPECIFICATIONS

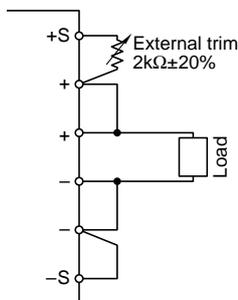
100W TYPE

Part No.		SPU05-20R	SPU12-8R3	SPU15-6R6	SPU24-4R2
Output voltage, current		5V • 20A	12V • 8.3A	15V • 6.6A	24V • 4.2A
Maximum output power*1	W	100	99.6	99	100.8
Input requirements					
Input voltage Edc	V	88 to 185[Rating:110-165]			
Input current	A	1.2typ./0.8typ.[110/165V input, at maximum output power](Without internal fuse)			
Efficiency	%	80typ.[25°C, input and output ratings]	83typ.[25°C, input and output ratings]		
Output characteristics					
Output voltage*2	V	5	12	15	24
Voltage variable range*2	V	4.5 to 5.5	10.8 to 13.2	13.5 to 16.5	21.6 to 26.4
Maximum output current	A	20	8.3	6.6	4.2
Overvoltage threshold	V	5.5 to 6.9	13.7 to 15.7	17 to 19	27 to 30.5
Overcurrent threshold	A	20.6 to 27	8.5 to 11.2	6.8 to 8.9	4.3 to 5.7
Voltage stability	Input variation	%	0.5typ.(2max.)[Within the input voltage range]		
	Load variation	%	1typ.(2max.)[10 to 100% load]		
	Temperature variation	%	0.5typ.(2max.)[Case temperature 0 to +70°C]		
	Drift	%	0.1typ.(0.5max.)[25°C, input and output ratings, after input voltage ON for 30min to 8h]		
Dynamic load	%/ms	±4max./1max.[50 to 100% sudden load change]			
Ripple Ep-p	mV	150max.	200max.	200max.	200max.
Ripple noise Ep-p	mV	250max.	300max.	300max.	400max.
Accessory equipment					
Overvoltage protection		Voltage shielding type, recovers upon reset.			
Overcurrent protection		Fixed current threshold type, automatic recovery.			
Remote ON-OFF		Yes			
Remote sensing		Yes			
Standards					
Safety standards*3		UL1950D3, CSA ELECTRICAL BULLETIN No.1402C approved.			
Constructions					
External dimensions HxWxL	mm	12.7×58×130			
Weight	g	160max.			
Mounting method		Mount via terminal to containing surface (soldering and bolting).			
Case material		Nonflammable resin(UL Grade 94V-0)			
Heat sink		Sold separately(Part No.:3JR0AB163)			

*1 Maximum output power varies depending upon the structure of the heat sink attached to the power supply case and upon the velocity of air blown by a cooling fan against the heat sink. The maximum output power values shown in the table were determined using a 100W standard heat sink(3JR0AB163) and 1.7m/s air velocity.

*2 Determination of output voltage

External trim voltage adjustment must be used to set output voltage.



*3 Conditions

Heat sink size:H20×W57×L128mm min.

Fan air velocity:1.7m/s

Input protection fuse:externally installed 2.5 to 3A rating(normal type).

△ Specifications which provide more details for the proper and safe use of the described product are available upon request.

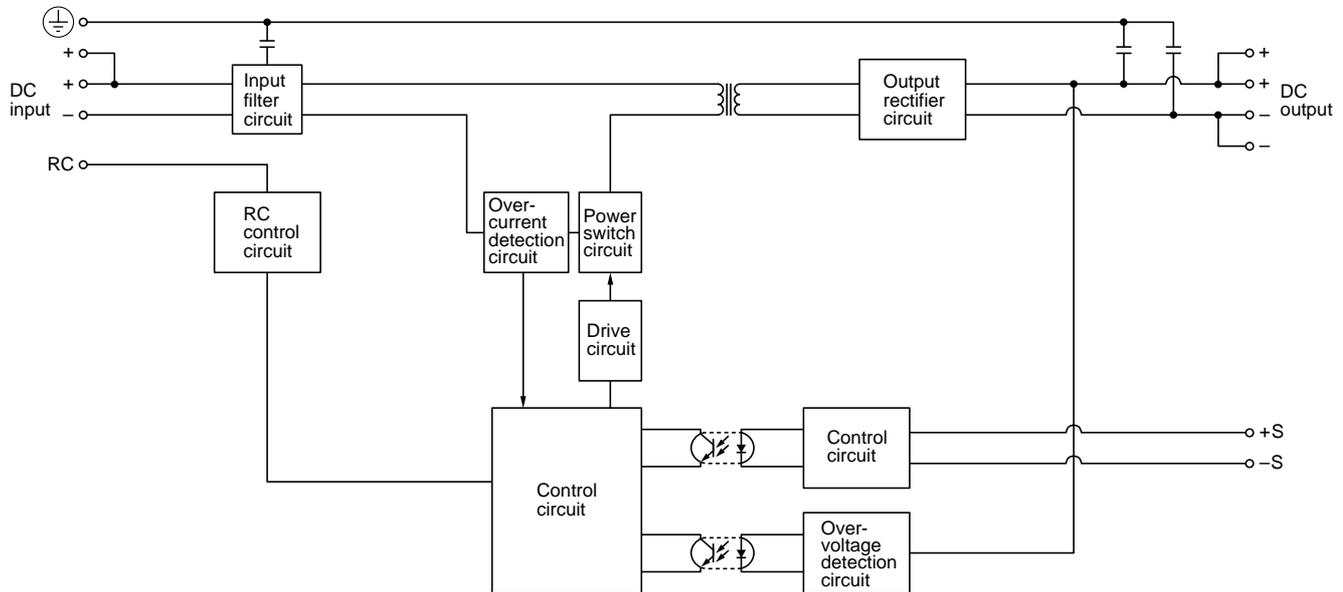
All specifications are subject to change without notice. <http://www.rfoe.net/> TEL:0755-83397033 FAX:0755-83376182 E-MAIL:szss20@163.com

Power Supplies

SPU Series

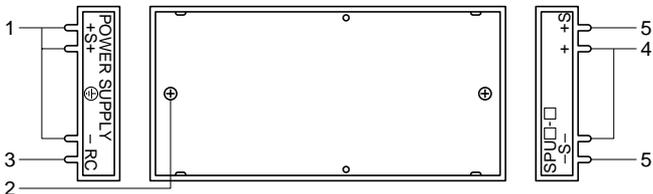
DC Input
Single Output, General-Purpose

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

50W TYPE



Terminal No. 1: DC input terminals(DC INPUT)

Connect to DC input lines.

Terminal No. 2: Frame ground hole(G)

Connect the M4-tapped hole(located on frame bottom surface next to terminals) to earth ground.

Terminal No. 3: Remote ON-OFF terminal(RC)

The output voltage is turned ON-OFF by TTL level control voltage applied between the RC terminal and the (-) input terminal.

Output is ON when this control voltage level(H) is within the 2.4 to 5V range, or control is open.

Output is OFF when this control voltage level(L) is within the 0 to 0.4V range, or control is shorted.

Since the RC terminal is internally pulled up, the RC terminal should be left open when not used.

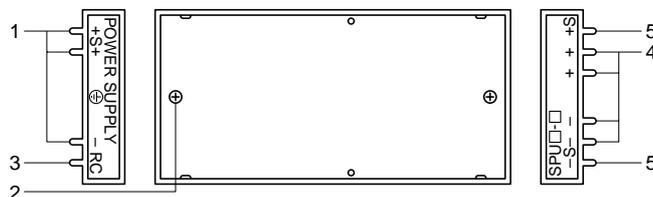
Terminal No. 4: DC output terminals(+, -)

Connect to load.

Terminal No.5: Output voltage adjustment terminals/remote sensing terminals(+S, -S)

These are used when correcting voltage drop to load, or when setting the output voltage.

100W TYPE



Power Supplies

SPU Series

DC Input

Single Output, General-Purpose

COMMON SPECIFICATIONS

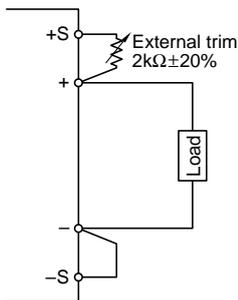
Temperature range	Operating	0 to +50°C
	Storage	-25 to +80°C
Humidity range	Operating	20 to 95(%)RH[Maximum wet-bulb temperature:35°C, without dewing]
	Storage	
Amplitude	5 to 10Hz	All amplitude 10mm[3 directions, each 1h]
	10 to 55Hz	Acceleration 2G[3 directions, each 1h]
Vibration	Acceleration	20G[3 directions, each 3 times]
	Vibration time	11±5ms
Withstand voltage	Input terminal to frame ground	AC.2kV, 1min[25°C, 45 to 75(%)RH, cutout current 5mA]
	Input terminal to output terminal	
Insulation resistance	Input terminal to frame ground	100MΩ min., DC.500V[25°C, 45 to 75(%)RH]
	Input terminal to output terminal	
	Output terminal to frame ground	

USE OF VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

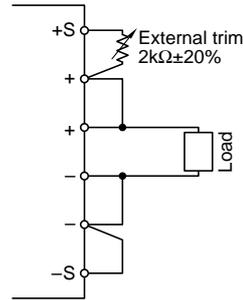
SETTING OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Voltage adjustment via an external trim must be used in order to set the fixed output voltage.

50W TYPE



100W TYPE



• Remote ON-OFF

The output voltage is turned ON-OFF by TTL level control voltage applied between the RC terminal and the (-) input terminal, or by opening or closing the connection between these terminals.

Output is ON when this control voltage level(H) is within the 2.4 to 5V range, or control is open.

Output is OFF when this control voltage level(L) is within the 0 to 0.4V range, or control is shorted.

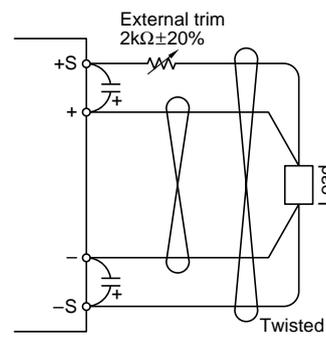
Since the RC terminal is internally pulled up, the RC terminal should be left open when not used.

• Remote sensing

Compensation can become possible if remote sensing of such problems(disconnection of load from power supply, large voltage drop in load lines) is carried out. It is possible to compensate output voltage by up to 0.25V (5V rated output) or 0.4V(12 to 24V rated output).

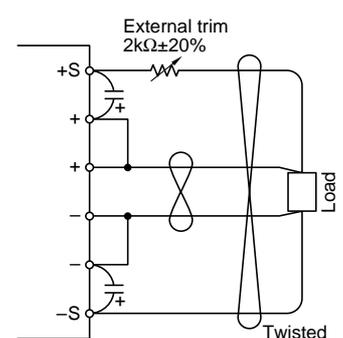
(Caution: Output power should also be considered.)

50W TYPE



Use twisted wire +S and -, + and -.

100W TYPE



If the overvoltage protection circuit readily trips or oscillates, a 470μF electrolytic capacitor should be placed between the +S and (+) terminals, as well as between the -S and (-) terminals(the capacitances prolong startup time).

If remote sensing is not used, the output voltage adjustment terminals should be connected.

• Overcurrent protection circuit

An overcurrent protection circuit is provided to protect the power supply circuit from problems such as load short circuits, etc. When the load current exceeds the current rating, the overcurrent protection circuit operates by lowering the output voltage. Output voltage returns to the previous value when the origin of the problem is removed.

• Overvoltage protection circuit

This stops the power supply output when the power supply voltage increases above the overvoltage detection point for any reason. This circuit can confirm whether normal voltage results from the power supply being turned ON again. In other words, operation will not begin due to an externally applied voltage.

Power Supplies

DC Input

Single Output, General-Purpose

SPU Series

• Overheating protection circuit

The overheating protection circuit operates by detection of abnormal heat generation of components due failure to satisfy the power supply cooling requirements, etc. When this protection circuit operates, the power supply might possibly not restart until the detected temperature fails, even if the power supply is restarted.

• Short circuit caused by load

When a load short circuit takes place for several minutes, the power supply is protected by operation of the protective circuit. Short circuits for long time periods can damage components. Such prolonged short circuits can markedly shorten the operating life of the power supply.

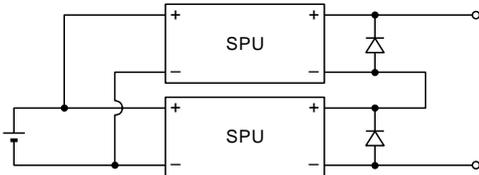
APPLICATIONS

• Parallel operation

Parallel operation(connecting power supply output terminals in parallel) to increase output current is not possible. However, it is possible to operate outputs in parallel(back amp) when the output current is within the output current rating of each power supply.

• Series operation

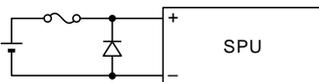
If output voltage is insufficient from a single unit, series connection of power supplies is possible to obtain a certain voltage. However, the maximum current is the lowest output current from among the power supplies.



A reverse voltage prevention diode is required. A diode should be selected that has a forward current rating at least twice that of the power supply current rating.

• Polarity reversal of input voltage

No built-in circuit protects against reversed polarity of the input. As shown in the diagram below, an external diode and fuse should be added when abnormal operation or reverse voltage are of concern.



A diode should be selected that has a forward current that is 2 to 3 times the fuse current rating.

Fuse current rating

50W type: 1.5 to 2A rating current(normal type fuse)

100W type: 2.5 to 3A rating current(normal type fuse)

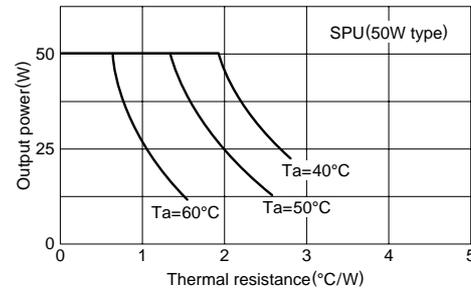
• Cooling

Attachment of a heat sink and provision of forced air cooling(fan) are necessary in order to use the power supply at maximum power. Selection of the heat sink and requirements for fan forced cooling are explained below.

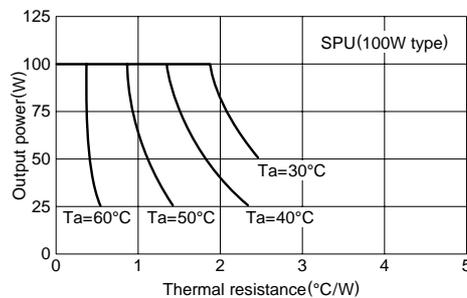
1) Thermal resistance of the heat sink is determined using the required output power and the temperature at which the power supply is used.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN OUTPUT POWER AND HEAT SINK THERMAL RESISTANCE

50W TYPE



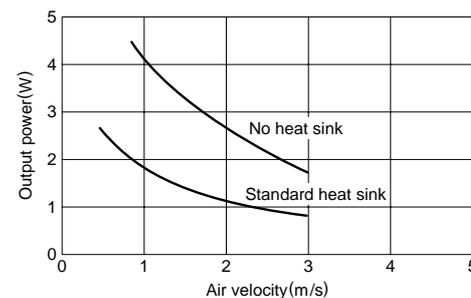
100W TYPE



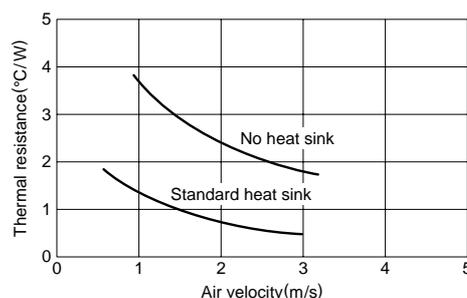
2) The required size of the heat sink decreases as the forced air velocity of the fan against the heat sink increases.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN HEAT SINK THERMAL RESISTANCE AND FAN AIR VELOCITY

50W TYPE



100W TYPE



3) The thermal resistance value determined in step 1) and step 2) is used to select a usable heat sink from among TDK's standard products or from the catalogs of commercial heat sink manufacturers.

Power Supplies

SPU Series

DC Input

Single Output, General-Purpose

MOUNTING

• Recommended terminal pattern



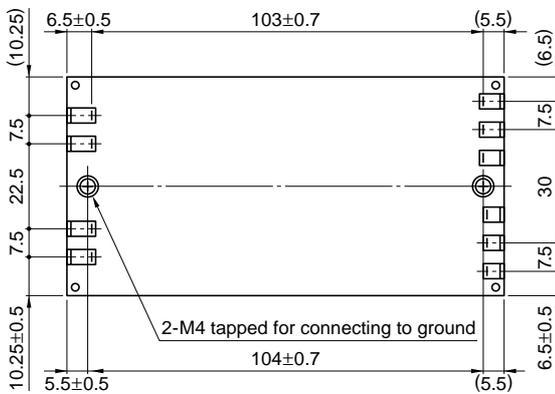
Terminal location (○)
 Hole dia.: $\phi 1.5$ Round dia.: $\phi 3$
 FG contact tab location (○)
 Hole dia.: $\phi 4.5$ Round dia.: $\phi 9.5$

Dimensions in mm

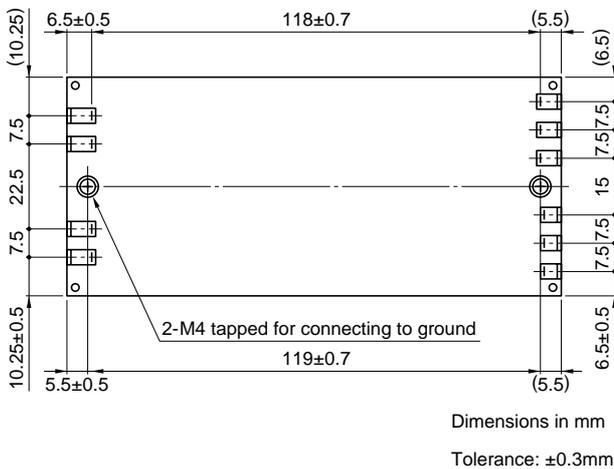
Refer to exterior drawing for spacing between terminals.

• Exterior drawing

50W TYPE



100W TYPE



• Attachment of power supply

Tapped holes located at two locations (next to the terminals) on the case bottom are used to attach the power supply to the board. Use an M4 screw to attach the power supply, making certain not to penetrate into the base surface to a depth greater than 6mm.

(Recommended torque=1.08N • m)

Tapped holes located at two locations (next to the terminals) on the case surface are used to attach the power supply to the heat sink. Use an M3 screw to attach the power supply, making certain not to penetrate into the base surface to a depth greater than 6mm.

(Recommended torque=0.69N • m)

To improve the effectiveness of the heat sink, the application of thermally conductive grease between the heat sink and the power supply case (aluminum surface) during power supply installation is recommended.

• Recommended soldering conditions

Dipping: 230±5°C, 5s

• Cleaning recommendations

Solvents: Xylene, IPA

Method: Brush cleaning

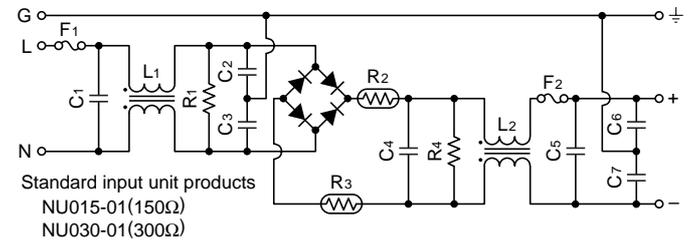
Due to the use of electrolytic capacitors, immersion of the entire power supply in solvent should be avoided.

CONNECTION WITH POWER SUPPLY

• Input circuit

When using an SPU power supply with AC power input, an input circuit is necessary for conversion of AC to DC input.

The input circuit can be constructed using discrete components (EMC filter, rectifier diode, smoothing capacitor, etc.), or a standard AC to DC converter can be used such as TDK's AC input unit NU series type.



Power Supplies

SPU Series

DC Input

Single Output, General-Purpose

• **Construction precautions**

The following precautions should be taken when an input circuit is added to utilize AC power input, or when multiple power supplies are used to construct a high capacity power supply.

- 1) Ground line pattern between the input circuit and SPU power supply should be as thick and short as possible.
- 2) When multiple SPU power supplies are combined to construct a large power supplies are combined to construct a large power supply, a 1000 to 4700pF capacitor should be placed between each respective the + line to ground and the – line to ground. This capacitor should be able to withstand the input to ground voltage.
- 3) When multiple SPU power supplies are combined to form a large power supply, as much as possible, identical heat sinks should be used for each SPU power supply unit.
- 4) When the wiring pattern between the input power circuit and the SPU power supply is long, a 0.1μF min. capacitor should be installed between the + and – lines. This capacitor should be located as close as possible to the SPU power supply.
- 5) Noise emission from the SPU power supply to the input power lines is insufficiently reduced. If such noise is a problem, a filter should be added before the DC input terminals, or noise should be reduced at the AC input circuit.

• **Heat sink**

The heat sink is sold separately. An order should be place for the following products.

Type	Part No.
50W	3JR0AB179
100W	3JR0AB163



• **Additional comments**

- 1) Specifications and standards were determined at 25°C and nominal input/output, unless otherwise noted.
- 2) Ripple and noise(50MHz max.) were determined for 0 to +50°C temperature range and 10 to 100% load.

SUNSTAR 商斯达实业集团是集研发、生产、工程、销售、代理经销、技术咨询、信息服务等为一体的高科技企业，是专业高科技电子产品生产厂家，是具有 10 多年历史的专业电子元器件供应商，是中国最早和最大的仓储式连锁规模经营大型综合电子零部件代理分销商之一，是一家专业代理和分销世界各大品牌 IC 芯片和电子元器件的连锁经营综合性国际公司，专业经营进口、国产名厂名牌电子元件，型号、种类齐全。在香港、北京、深圳、上海、西安、成都等全国主要电子市场设有直属分公司和产品展示展销窗口门市部专卖店及代理分销商，已在全国范围内建成强大统一的供货和代理分销网络。我们专业代理经销、开发生产电子元器件、集成电路、传感器、微波光电元器件、工控机/DOC/DOM 电子盘、专用电路、单片机开发、MCU/DSP/ARM/FPGA 软件硬件、二极管、三极管、模块等，是您可靠的一站式现货配套供应商、方案提供商、部件功能模块开发配套商。商斯达实业公司拥有庞大的资料库，有数位毕业于著名高校——有中国电子工业摇篮之称的西安电子科技大学（西军电）并长期从事国防尖端科技研究的高级工程师为您精挑细选、量身订做各种高科技电子元器件，并解决各种技术问题。

微波光电部专业代理经销高频、微波、光纤、光电元器件、组件、部件、模块、整机；电磁兼容元器件、材料、设备；微波 CAD、EDA 软件、开发测试仿真工具；微波、光纤仪器仪表。欢迎国外高科技微波、光纤厂商将优秀产品介绍到中国、共同开拓市场。长期大量现货专业批发高频、微波、卫星、光纤、电视、CATV 器件：晶振、VCO、连接器、PIN 开关、变容二极管、开关二极管、低噪晶体管、功率电阻及电容、放大器、功率管、MMIC、混频器、耦合器、功分器、振荡器、合成器、衰减器、滤波器、隔离器、环行器、移相器、调制解调器；光电子器件和组件：红外发射管、红外接收管、光电开关、光敏管、发光二极管和发光二极管组件、半导体激光二极管和激光器组件、光电探测器和光接收组件、光发射接收模块、光纤激光器和光放大器、光调制器、光开关、DWDM 用光发射和接收器件、用户接入系统光收发器件与模块、光纤连接器、光纤跳线/尾纤、光衰减器、光纤适配器、光隔离器、光耦合器、光环行器、光复用器/转换器；无线收发芯片和模组、蓝牙芯片和模组。

更多产品请看本公司产品专用销售网站：

商斯达微波光电产品网：[HTTP://www.rfoe.net/](http://www.rfoe.net/)

商斯达中国传感器科技信息网：<http://www.sensor-ic.com/>

商斯达工控安防网：<http://www.pc-ps.net/>

商斯达电子元器件网：<http://www.sunstare.com/>

商斯达消费电子产品网：<http://www.icasic.com/>

商斯达实业科技产品网：<http://www.sunstars.cn/> 射频微波光电元器件销售热线：

地址：深圳市福田区福华路福庆街鸿图大厦 1602 室

电话：0755-83396822 83397033 83398585 82884100

传真：0755-83376182 (0) 13823648918 MSN: SUNS8888@hotmail.com

邮编：518033 E-mail:szss20@163.com QQ: 195847376

深圳赛格展销部：深圳华强北路赛格电子市场 2583 号 电话：0755-83665529 25059422

技术支持：0755-83394033 13501568376

欢迎索取免费详细资料、设计指南和光盘；产品凡多，未能尽录，欢迎来电查询。

北京分公司：北京海淀区知春路 132 号中发电子大厦 3097 号

TEL: 010-81159046 82615020 13501189838 FAX: 010-62543996

上海分公司：上海市北京东路 668 号上海赛格电子市场 D125 号

TEL: 021-28311762 56703037 13701955389 FAX: 021-56703037

西安分公司：西安高新开发区 20 所(中国电子科技集团导航技术研究所)

西安劳动南路 88 号电子商城二楼 D23 号

TEL: 029-81022619 13072977981 FAX:029-88789382