

# Overview of Agilent's Optical Isolation Technology and Products for Motor Control Applications The solution to your need for optical isolation.

**Solution Note 101** 

The need for optical isolation technology is ever increasing in power electronics circuits. Agilent Technologies offers a vast choice of high performance digital and analog optocouplers as well as application-specific devices that contain isolation amplifier and power transistor driver functions especially suited for isolating signals in various motor control and power electronics circuits. In addition to optocouplers, Agilent offers fiber-optic transmitters and receivers, and motion sensing components for industrial applications. The four basic applications in motor control systems that can use optical isolation technology are the power switch, voltage and current sensor, and data communication circuits. In some situations, there is also a requirement for position control, and Agilent's optoelectronic motion-sensing devices address this need. This paper focuses on the various optocoupler applications in motor control and power conversion circuits, and briefly discusses each of these applications along with a recommended list of Agilent optocouplers and isolation

amplifiers. For details on Agilent's fiber-optic links and motion sensing devices, refer to your Agilent Optoelectronic Designer's Catalog.

### **Isolation of the Power Switch**

With Agilent's optocoupler technology of high speed and low current AlGaAs light emitting diodes (LEDs), high insulation packaging, and high transient rejection integrated circuits (IC), today's power electronics designer has great flexibility in designing highperformance circuits that isolate the highvoltage power transistor circuits from lowvoltage, logic-level control circuits. Figure 1 shows how optical isolation can be used in a three-phase, pulse-width modulated (PWM) power inverter. In this example, optocouplers provide isolation in the power transistor drive circuit, the motor currentsensing circuit, and the highvoltage dc power supply sensing circuit. Furthermore, both Agilent optocouplers and fiberoptic links can be used in external communication lines coming into the controller, and Agilent motion sensing devices can be used for velocity and position information. As power

conversion technology continues to improve with more versatile, efficient, and higherspeed switching devices, more performance is needed from optocouplers. Agilent provides a full range of optocouplers that meet the stringent demands of these new motor control designs. For example, with Agilent's unique electric shield IC technology, the HCPL-4503 optocoupler has the industry's best common-mode rejection (CMR) specifications - a guaranteed specification of 15,000 V/µs with 1,500 V peak voltage. The HCPL-2600 and 2200 family of optocouplers provide larger gain-bandwidth product than the HCPL-4503 for higher gain and faster speed. And the HCPL-3000 series of optocouplers provide built-in power integrated circuits, ideally suited to directly drive the bases of bipolar powertransistors and Darlingtons, or the gates of insulated-gate bipolar transistors (IGBTs), and power metal-oxide semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs). In addition, these optocouplers provide a wide range of LED drive currents, and supply and output voltages.



The electrical switching of the power inverter creates significant common-mode voltage interference within the circuit. Figures 2a shows how Agilent's highest CMR optocoupler, HCPL- 4503, can be used to drive an IGBT. Notice that a gate/base drive circuit is required between the HCPL-4503 and the gate of the IGBT. For higher speed operation, the HCPL-4504 can be used instead of the HCPL-4503 optocoupler. The HCPL-4504 also has a higher current transfer ratio and a guaranteed propagation delay difference (t<sub>PLH</sub>-t<sub>PHL</sub>) specification that helps designers minimize the dead fime in their power inverter designs. (Dead time is defined as the period in which both the high and low side power transistors are off during switching transitions.) The propagation delay difference specification is useful for determining not only how much optocoupler switching delay is needed to prevent shoot through current but also for determining the best achievable worst-case dead time for a given design. (Shoot through current occurs when both the low and high side power transistors are on at the same time during switching transitions.)

Figure 2b shows an alternative technique for driving an IGBT with the use of the HCPL-3101 integrated driver optocoupler. In this example, the sourcing and sinking current rating of the HCPL-3101 is sufficient to directly drive an IGBT without the use of an additional discrete pushpull stage. With an output supply voltage of up to 35 volts, and peak drive current of 0.4 A, the HCPL-3101 can switch both power MOSFETs and IGBTs that have gate capacitances up to 3000 pF. For switching bipolar

power transistors and Darlingtons up to 30 A or more, the HCPL- 3000 can drive 2 A peak- and 1 A steady-state base current. The HCPL-3000 family of optocouplers not only provides 5000-V rms momentary withstand insulation protection between the power and control circuits, but also prevent up to 600-V peak, and  $5000\text{ V/}\mu\text{s}$ transients from interfering with normal circuit operation. These integrated pushpull drivers eliminate extra circuitry, resulting in smaller board space and lower costs to the user. Designing with Agilent 3000 series and HCPL-4503/4, manufacturers of power electronic equipment can now build highly integrated, reliable, low-energy consumption, acoustic-noisefree control systems for industrial, home and office use.

# Isolation of the Current and Voltage Sensor

One of the challenges a designer faces is trying to isolate the precision analog signal from the motor currentsensing element. Even in an extremely high electrical noise environment, the HCPL-7800 high CMR isolation amplifier provides the precision and stability needed to accurately monitor motor current for tighter control in various applications. The HCPL-7800 offers a costeffective replacement of traditional motor sensing devices such as Hall-Effect devices. This extremely small (7.5 mm x 9.7 mm) 8-pin dual in-line packaged Agilent device makes it the world's smallest isolation amplifier. As shown in Figure 3, the HCPL-7800 requires a simple interface circuit which includes a current sensing resistor. Compared to HallEffect sensors, the HCPL-7800 has excellent gain and offset characteristics, including very low drift over temperature. In addition, the HCPL-7800 features a very high commonmode rejection specification of 15,000 V/µs at 1000 V peak voltage; it is not affected by external magnetic fields; and it is does not exhibit residual magnetization effects that can effect offset. This device's versatile features allows the same circuit and layout for sensing different motor current ranges simply by substituting different current-shunts. This unique set of features makes the HCPL-7800 an excellent choice for sensing current up to 200 A or more, covering a wide range of motor control applications.

The HCPL-7800 can also be used for sensing the rectified dc power supply voltage in a power inverter. Since the HCPL-7800 has a specification of 300 mV maximum input voltage before clipping, the dc power supply voltage should be converted to a proportionally smaller voltage. Figure 4a shows a simple resistor divider stage (R1 and R2) before the input of the HCPL-7800. The output of the HCPL-7800 is proportional to the high-voltage dc power supply.

A second technique for voltage sensing using the HCPL-4562 analog optocoupler is shown in Figure 4b. This servo-type analog isolation technique requires no isolated power supply on the high-voltage side of the isolation barrier. Referring to Figure 4b, the forward current through the LED of U1 HCPL-4562 is proportional to the voltage of the dc high voltage power supply. When the circuit is balanced, the LED forward

current through U1 and U3 HCPL-4562s are approximately the same. This is in turn produces an output voltage VO which is proportional to the high voltage dc power supply. Another technique for measuring the high voltage dc supply voltage and current, or for isolating the motor speed signal, uses Agilent's CNR201 high-linearity analog optocoupler, and is shown in Figure 4c. This circuit generates two output signals: an analog signal proportional to the magnitude of the input signal, and a digital signal corresponding to the sign of the input signal. This circuit is useful for applications where the output of the circuit is applied to an analog-to-digital converter. The CNR201 features a feedback photidiode that monitors the light output of the LED. As a result, the nonlinearity, drift, and aging effects of the LED can be virtually eliminated. The close matching of the two photodiodes in the CNR201 produces very good linearity (0.01% typical), and stable gain  $(65 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}).$ 

### **Isolation of the Communication Line**

Often the motor control microprocessor logic circuitry needs to communicate to the external world and in such data communication circuits, Agilent optocouplers and fiberoptic components can provide the necessary electrical isolation. Agilent optocouplers can easily be designed into industry standard data communication specifications such as RS 232 and RS 422. For special applications, Agilent's highspeed HCPL-7101 optocoupler with CMOScompatible integrated circuit and highly efficient LED can transmit data up to 50 MBd. In addition, Agilent offers lowcost plastic and glass fiberoptic links for industrial data communications. Special fiberoptic link components can also be obtained for the European industrial fiber-optic standard SERCOS (SErial Realtime COmmunication System).

Miniature surface-mount optocoupler packages are offered for high-density applications. In addition, dual-channel optocouplers are also available for some of the products.

# Other Agilent Optoelectronic Components for Motor Control

**Agilent Fiber-Optic Devices:** Agilent offers two families of fiber-optic parts for industrial applications. The first family of very low cost 665-nm technology based devices is optimized for 1 mm plastic optical fiber cable. Utilizing plastic 1 mm plastic optical fiber cable, these fiberoptic links can transmit data over 100 m at 40 KBd data rates, and up to 50 MBd for shorter distances. With 0.2 mm and 0.4 mm Hard Clad Silica (HCS) cable these transmitters and receivers can work up to 1000 m. The second Agilent fiberoptic link family for industrial applications is based on 820nm LED technology and is most suitable for glass optical fiber. With 50 and 100 ?m core glass cable these fiber optic links can transmit very high speed data (>5 MBd) for several kilometer distances. The 825-nm based links have the added benefit of operating at industrial temperature between -40°C to +85°C.

Agilent Motion Sensing Devices: For position and velocity information, Agilent offers a family of motion sensing and control devices that are an extension of the company's emitter and detector systems capabilities. Motion sensing products include optical shaft encoders and optical encoder modules for closed-loop servo applications, and rotary pulse generators for manual input applications. For more details on these devices, refer to the Motion Sensing and Control section of Agilent's Optoelectronics Designer's Catalog.

### References

- Application Note 1058, "Power Transistor Gate/Base Drive Optocouplers."
- 2. Application Note 1059, "High CMR Isolation Amplifier for Current Sensing Applications."

1Isabellenhütte in Germany (Tel. 49- 2771- 23031), Isotek in the US (Tel. 508- 673-2900), and PCN in Japan (Tel 045-473-6441) offer a wide range of current shunts allowing the HCPL-7800 based circuit to sense current up to several hundred amperes. Some of the other current shunt suppliers are IRC in the USA (Tel. 704-264-8861), SIR in Italy (Tel. 39-3-31504828), KHS in Japan (Tel. 045-473-9933) and Dale worldwide (USA Tel. 402-563-6506)...

Table 1. Optocouplers for Isolated Power Element Using a Discrete Push-Pull Driver

	Package Style	Minimum CMR		Max T <sub>PROP</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	
Product		KV/μs	V <sub>cM</sub>	(μs)	(V)	Comments
HCPL-2211/12	la	10	1000 V	0.3	4.5 - 20	Wide V <sub>cc</sub> , V <sub>o</sub> range;
HCPL-0211	III					High Gain (low I <sub>F</sub> , I <sub>CC</sub> );
						Good general purpose optocoupler.
HCPL-2611	la	10	1000 V	0.1	5 ± 10%	Very high CMR; Moderate gain;
HCPL-7611	lb	VCC = 5 V				only, $V_0 \le 20 \text{ V}$ ;
HCPL-0611	III					High frequency switching rate;
CNW2611	II					HCPL-7611 and CNW2601 meet
						IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, UL, and
						other regulatory standards.
HCPL-4503	la	15	1500 V	1	1.5 - 30	Extremely high CMR;
HCPL-4504	la	10/15	1500 V	0.5/0.7	$(V0 \le 20 V)$	Wide V <sub>cc</sub> , V <sub>0</sub> range;
HCPL-0453/4	III	10/15	1500 V	1		Low gain (higher I <sub>F</sub> );
HCPL-M453/4	IV	10/15	1500 V	1		Slower response times;
CNW4503	II	15	1500 V	1		CNW 4503 meets IEC/EN/DIN EN
						60747-5-2, UL and other regulatory
						standards.

Table 2. Integrated Gate/Base Drive Optocouplers for Isolated Power Element

Product	Package	Minimum CMR		Peak I <sub>o</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	
	Style	KV/us	V <sub>cM</sub>	(A)	(V)	Comments
HCPL-3000	la	1.5	600 V	2	5.4 - 18	Wide V <sub>CC</sub> ;
						High output current;
						Best suited to driving power bipolar
						transistors and Darlingtons.
HCPL-3100	la	1.5	600 V	0.4	15 - 30	Wide V <sub>CC</sub> ;
HCPL-3101						0.5 ms propagation delay (HCPL-3101);
						Best suited to driving IGBTs andpower
						MOSFETs

Table 3. Isolation Amplifier/Optocouplers for Current and Voltage Sensing

Product	Package Style	Minimum CMR			Non-	
		KV/us	V <sub>cM</sub>	t <sub>PROP</sub>	linearity	Comments
HCPL-7800 HCPL-7800A HCPL-7800B	lb	10	1000 V	5.6 us	0.1%	Compact isolation amplifier; 4.6 mV/°C offset drift; 0.9 mV input offset; Meets IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, UL, and CSA regulatory standards.
CNR 200/201	II	95 dB Typ. IMRR*; f = 60 Hz		1.5 MHz	0.01%	Low cost, high linearity, Bandwidth analog optocoupler with LED light output feedback signal; Meets IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, UL CSA and other regulatory standards.
HCPL-4562	la	122 dB Typ. IMRR*; f = 120 Hz		tr/tf = 20 ns	0.25%	Linear performance, High CMR.
CNW4562	II	IMI	B Typ. RR*; 20 Hz	tr/tf = 20 ns	0.25	Linear performance, High CMR; meets IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, UL and other regulatory standards.

<sup>\*</sup>IMRR or Isolation Mode Rejection Ratio is a measure of the optocouplers capability to reject signals or noise between the input and output terminals. Refer to the technical data for test condition information.

**Table 4. Optocouplers for Line Receivers** 

Product	Package	Minimum CMR		I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>PROP</sub>	
	Style	KV/us	V <sub>cM</sub>	(mA)	(us)	Comments
HCPL-2601 HCPL-0601	la III	1	50 V	5	0.1	High CMR, 5 V logic, single channel.
HCPL-7601	lb	1	50 V	2	0.1	Low input current; Meets IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, UL, and CSA regulatory standards
HCPL-2631	la	1	50 V	5	0.1	Dual Channel.
CNW2601	III	1	50 V	5	0.1	Meets IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2, UL, and other regulatory standards
HCPL-4661	la	5	1000 V	5	0.1	Very high CMR, dual channel.

For technical data on Agilent Fiber-Optic Links and Motion Sensing products, refer to Agilent's Optoclectronic Designer's Catalog.

**Table 5. Optocoupler Package Style Information** 

Package Style	Description	Creepage	Clearance	Regulatory Information
la/lb	(Ia) 8-pin DIP	8.0 mm	0.1 mm	UL 1577, 3750/5000 Vac/1 min; CSA 0-M1982
7 7 6 5	(lb) High Insulation 8-pin DIP	8.0 mm	0.5 mm	UL 1577, 3750/3750/5000 Vac/1 min.; IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VIORM = 600 VRMS); CSA 0-M1982
11 1	High Insulation Wide Body	10.0 mm	1.0 mm	UL 5000 Vac/1 min.; IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VIORM = 1000 VRMS);
8	Small Outline SOIC-8	6.9 mm	0.1 mm	UL 1577, 3750 Vac/1 min.
IV III	5-pin Low Profile Mini- Flat	6.9 mm	0.1 mm	UL 1577, 3750 Vac/1 min.pending

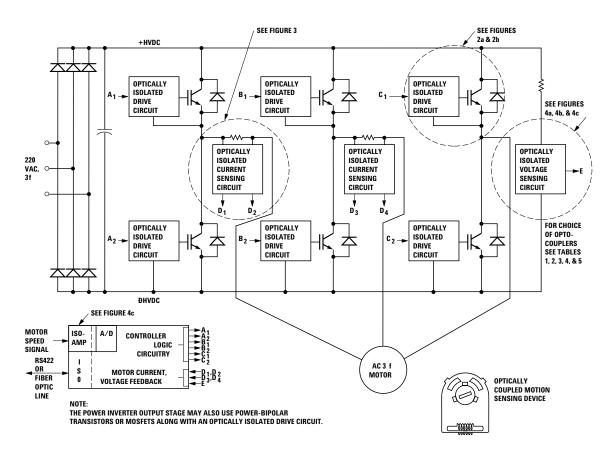


Figure 1. Power Inverter.

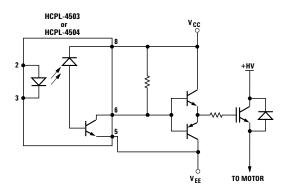


Figure 2a. Isolated Drive Circuit with an HCPL-4503/4 Optocoupler and a Discrete Push-Pull Driver.

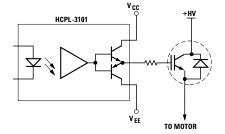


Figure 2b. Isolated Drive Circuit with an HCPL-3100/1 Integrated Gate Drive Optocoupler.

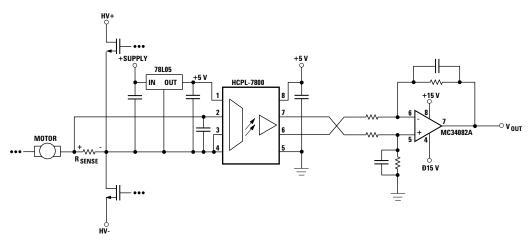


Figure 3. Optically Isolated Current Sensing Cirucit with HCPL-7800 Isolation Amplifier.

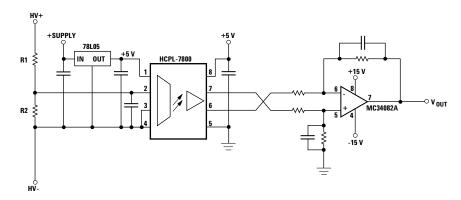


Figure 4a. Optically Isolated Voltage Sensing Circuit with HCPL-7800 Isolation Amplifier.

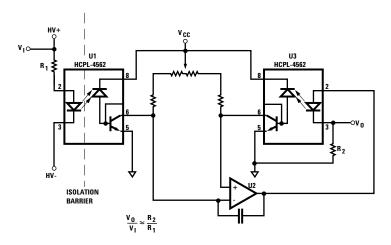


Figure 4b. Optically Isolated Voltage Sensing Circuit with HCPL-4562 Linear Optocoupler.

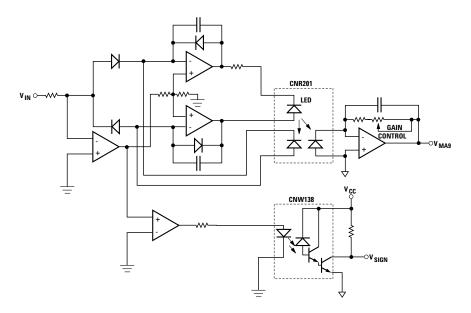


Figure 4c. Magnitude/Sign Isolation Amplifier for High Voltage DC Supply Voltage/Current Sensing, and Motor Speed Control Isolation.

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