

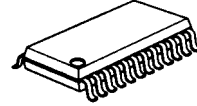
## AM / FM RADIO

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **NJM2241** is monolithic integrated circuit in a 24-lead small outline package designed for use in 3-6V portable AM / FM radio receivers.

The functions incorporated are AM RF amplifier, AM mixer, FM / AM IF amplifier, FM / AM detector, FM / AM tuning / indicator, AM AGC circuit, Audio Power amplifier.

### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

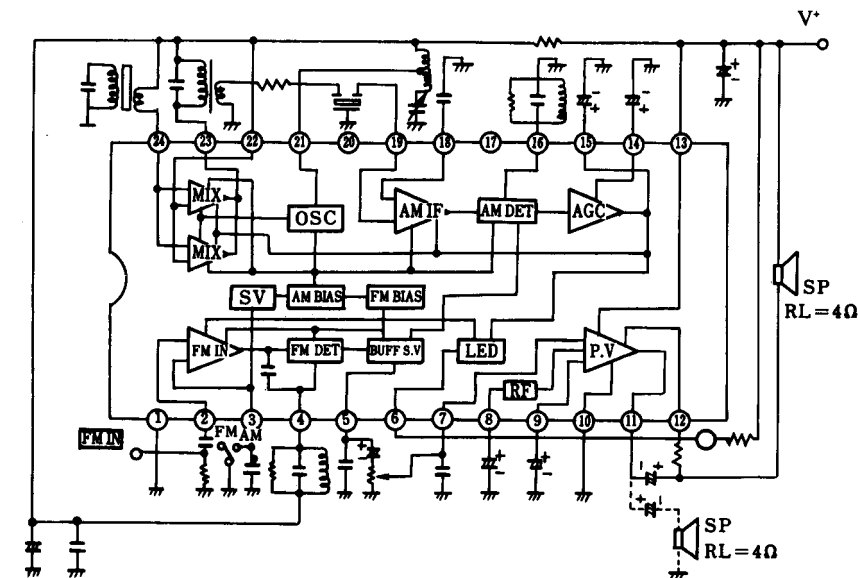


**NJM2241M**

### ■ FEATURES

- Wide Operating Voltage (1.8 to 6.0V)
- Tuning Indicator LED direct drive (10mA Max)
- Very Simple DC switching of FM / AM
- High AM signal handling
- 4Ω speaker direct drive
- Low tweet
- Most suitable to use with NJM2236
- Package Outline DMP24
- Bipolar Technology

### ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



(note) Dotted line shows  $V_{CC}=4.5V$

# NJM2241

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V+	8	V
Lamp Current	I <sub>Lamp(Max)</sub>	10	mA
Output Current	I <sub>O(peak)</sub>	550	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	700	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +75	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	°C

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sup>+</sup>=3V, T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, FM:f=10.7MHz, Δf=22.5kHz dev., fm=1kHz,  
AM:f=1MHz, Mod=30%, fm=1kHz, Unless otherwise noted)

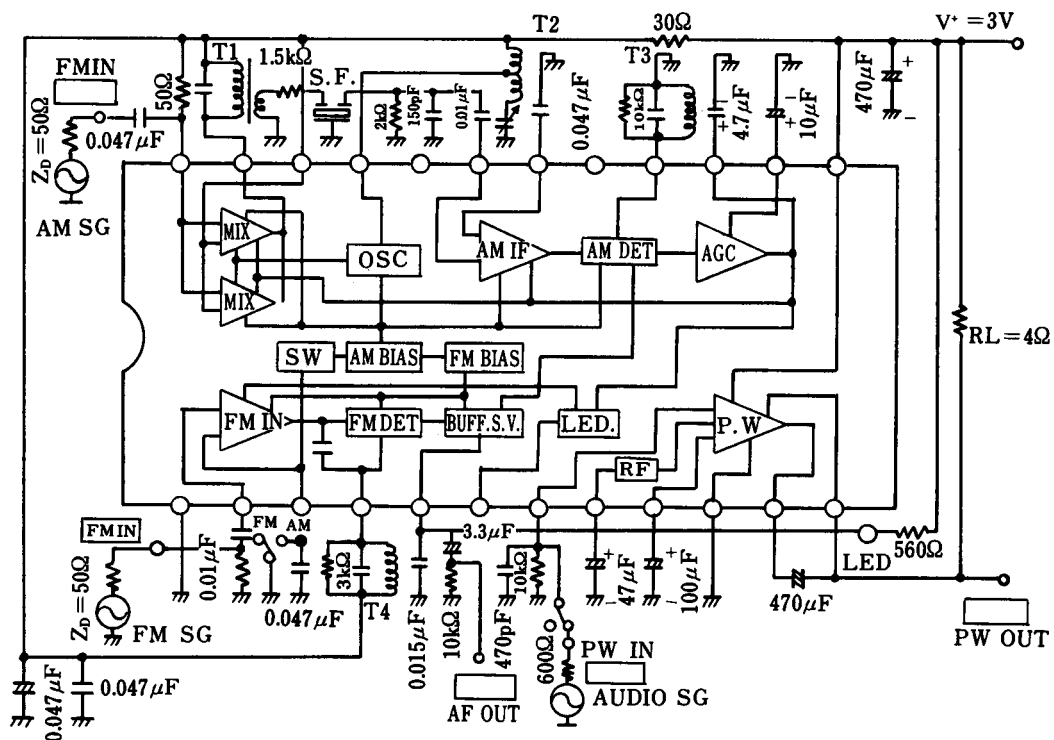
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOLS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Operating Current	I <sub>CC (FM)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =0	-	15	20	mA	
	I <sub>CC (AM)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =0	-	15	20		
-3dB Limiting Sensitivity	V <sub>IN (lim)</sub>		-	36	42	dBμ	
F	Detection Output Voltage	V <sub>OD</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =80dBμ	22	31	44	mVrms
	Signal to Noise Ratio	S / N	V <sub>IN</sub> =80dBμ	-	70	-	dB
M	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	V <sub>IN</sub> =80dBμ	-	0.3	-	%
	Am Rejection	AMR	V <sub>IN</sub> =80dBμ	-	33	-	dB
Lamp Lighting Sensitivity	V <sub>L</sub>		-	47	55	dBμ	
A	Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =30dBμ	5	11	17	mVrms
	Detection Output Voltage	V <sub>OD</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =66dBμ	22	31	44	mVrms
M	Signal to Noise Ratio	S / N	V <sub>IN</sub> =66dBμ	-	46	-	dB
	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD 1	V <sub>IN</sub> =66dBμ	-	1.5	-	%
THD 2		V <sub>IN</sub> =106dBμ	-	4.0	-		
Local OSC Stop Voltage	V <sub>stop</sub>	V <sub>OSC</sub> -6dB	-	1.0	1.5	V	
Lamp Lighting Sensitivity	V <sub>L</sub>		-	30	-	dBμ	
P	Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =4Ω	37	40	43	dB
	Output Power	P <sub>OD1</sub>	f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =4Ω, THD=10%	180	220	-	mW
P <sub>OD2</sub>		V <sup>+</sup> =4.5V f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =4Ω, THD=10%	-	500	-		
W	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =4Ω, P <sub>O</sub> =50mW	-	0.5	20	%
	Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>NO</sub>	R <sub>O</sub> =10kΩ, R <sub>L</sub> =4Ω BW=30Hz to 20kHz	-	0.18	-	mVrms

## ■ TERMINAL VOLTAGE AT NO SIGNAL

( $V^+ = 3V, T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

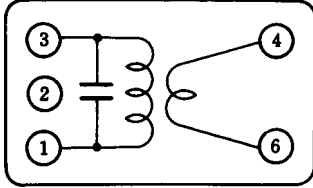
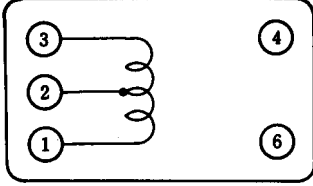
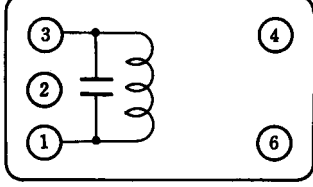
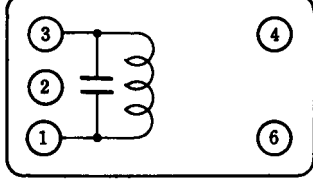
CHARACTERISTICS		SYMBOLS	TYPICAL VALUES		UNIT
PIN NO	FUNCTION		AT AM	AT FM	
1	GND	$V_1$	0	0	V
2	FM IF IN	$V_2$	2.4	2.0	V
3	FM / AM Switch	$V_3$	0	2.0	V
4	FM DET	$V_4$	2.9	2.9	V
5	DET OUT	$V_5$	0.4	0.7	V
6	LED DRIVER	$V_6$	-	-	V
7	PW IN	$V_7$	0	0	V
8	PW REF	$V_8$	1.35	1.35	V
9	PW Bypass	$V_9$	0.6	0.6	V
10	PW GND	$V_{10}$	0	0	V
11	PW OUT	$V_{11}$	1.5	1.5	V
12	PW Bootstrap	$V_{12}$	2.8	2.8	V
13	$V^+1$	$V_{13}$	3.0	3.0	V
14	AGC1	$V_{14}$	0.6	0	V
15	AGC2	$V_{15}$	0.6	0	V
16	AM DET	$V_{16}$	0	0	V
17	Not Use	-	-	-	-
18	AM Bypass	$V_{18}$	1.3	0	V
19	AM IF IN	$V_{19}$	1.3	0	V
20	Not Use	-	-	-	-
21	AM OSC	$V_{21}$	2.9	2.9	V
22	$V^+2$	$V_{22}$	2.9	2.9	V
23	AM MIX OUT	$V_{23}$	2.9	2.9	V
24	AM RF IN	$V_{24}$	2.9	2.9	V

## ■ TEST CIRCUIT



# NJM2241

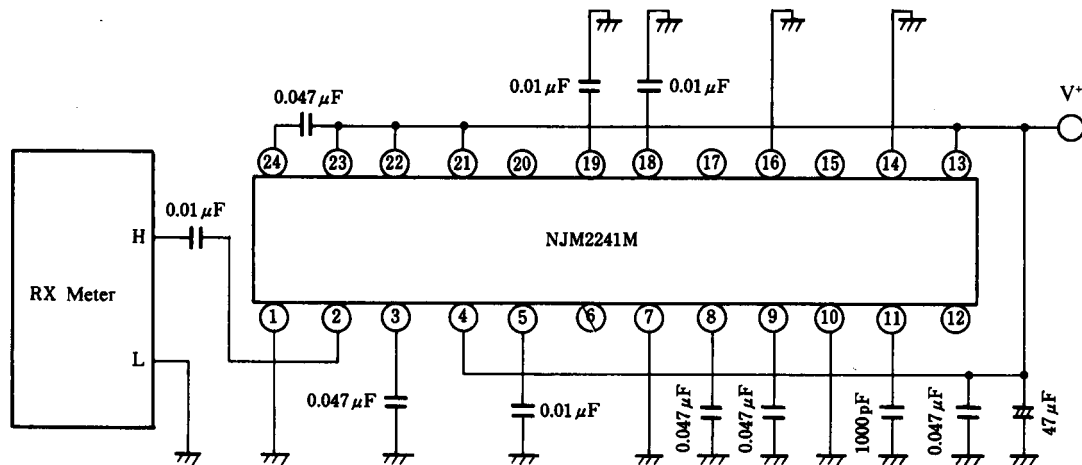
## ■ TEST CIRCUIT COIL DATA

COIL NO.	F <sub>0</sub>	Q <sub>0</sub>	TURNS	C <sub>0</sub>	
T <sub>1</sub> : AM IFT (MIX OUT)	455kHz	①-③ 80	①-③ 60T ④-⑥ 16T Wire: 0.09mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2510-2173-302	①-③ 1500pF	 Bottom View
T <sub>2</sub> : AM OSC	796kHz	①-③ 125	①-② 15T ②-③ 89T Wire: 0.06mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2517-2239-213A	-	 Bottom View
T <sub>3</sub> : AM DET	455kHz	①-③ 105	①-③ 127T Wire: 0.06mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2510-2083-061	①-③ 330pF	 Bottom View
T <sub>4</sub> : FM DET	10.7MHz	①-③ 100	①-③ 10T Wire: 0.12mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2153-4095-331	①-③ 150pF	 Bottom View

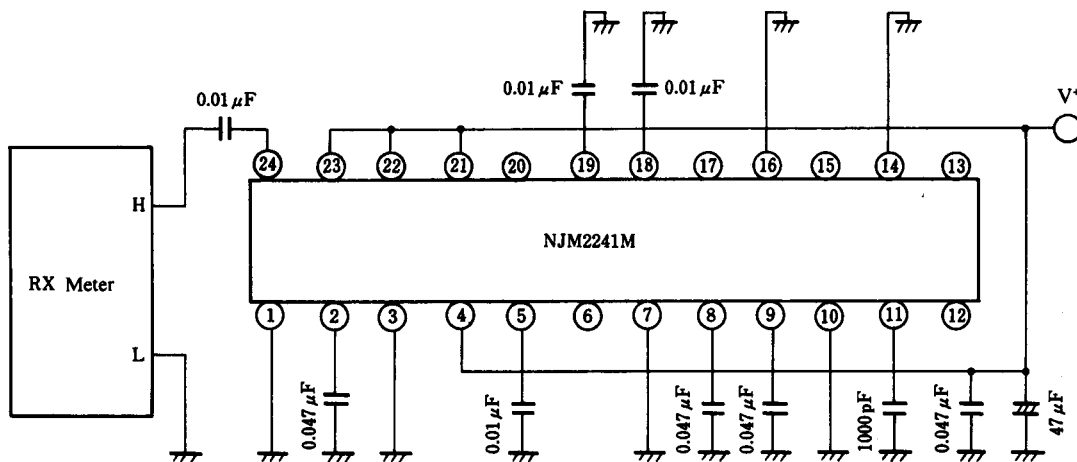
## ■ INPUT OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOLS	CIRCUITS	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP.	UNIT
Pin 2 Input Impedance (FM)	RIN2	1	f=10.7MHz	4.6	kΩ
	CIN2			5.0	pF
Pin 24 Input Impedance (AM)	RIN24	2	f=1kHz	20	kΩ
	CIN24			11	pF
Pin 19 Input Impedance (AM)	RIN19	3	f=455kHz	6	kΩ
	CIN19			3.7	pF
Pin 23 Output Impedance (AM)	RO23	4	f=455kHz	2.5	kΩ
	CO23			5.5	pF
Pin 16 Output Impedance (AM)	RO16	5	f=455kHz	100	kΩ
	CO16			5.0	pF

## ■ TEST CIRCUIT 1 (Pin 2 FM Input Resistance, Capacitance)

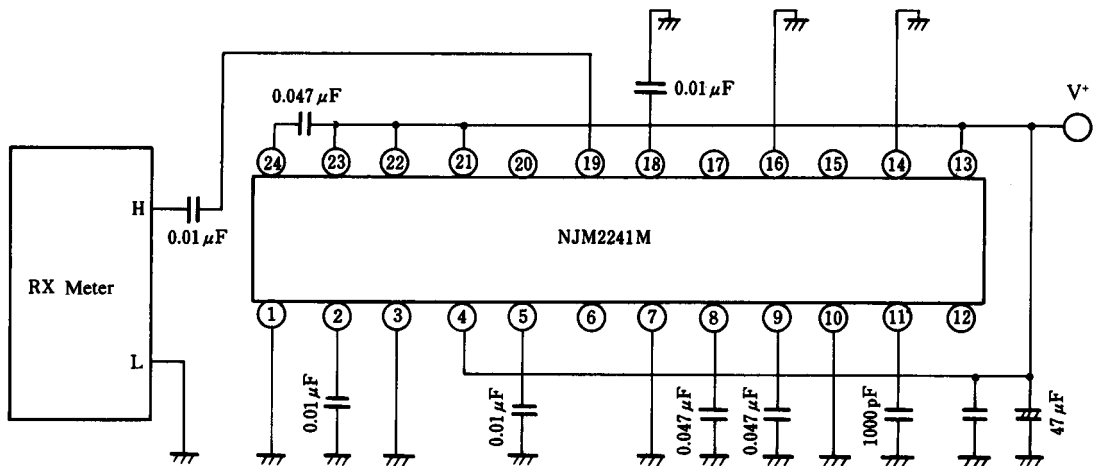


## ■ TEST CIRCUIT 2 (Pin 24 AM Input Resistance, Capacitance)

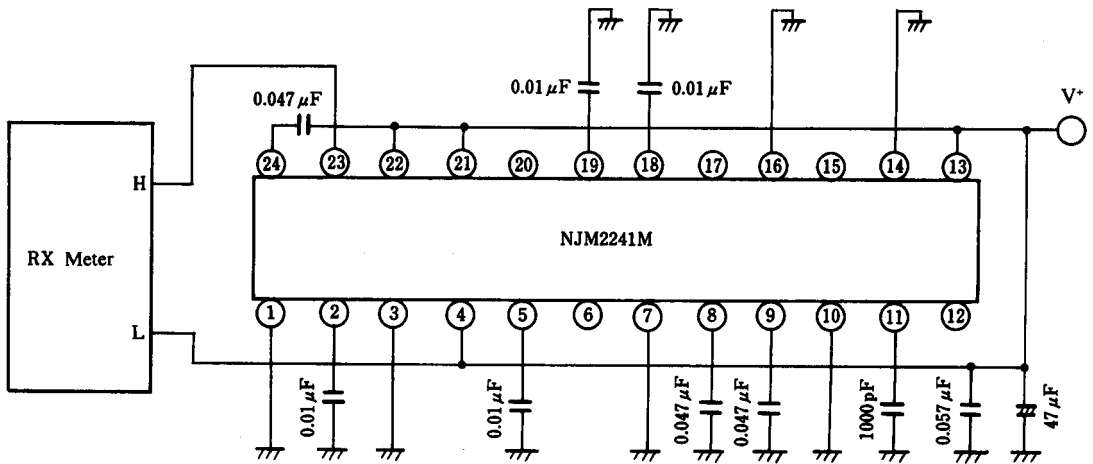


# NJM2241

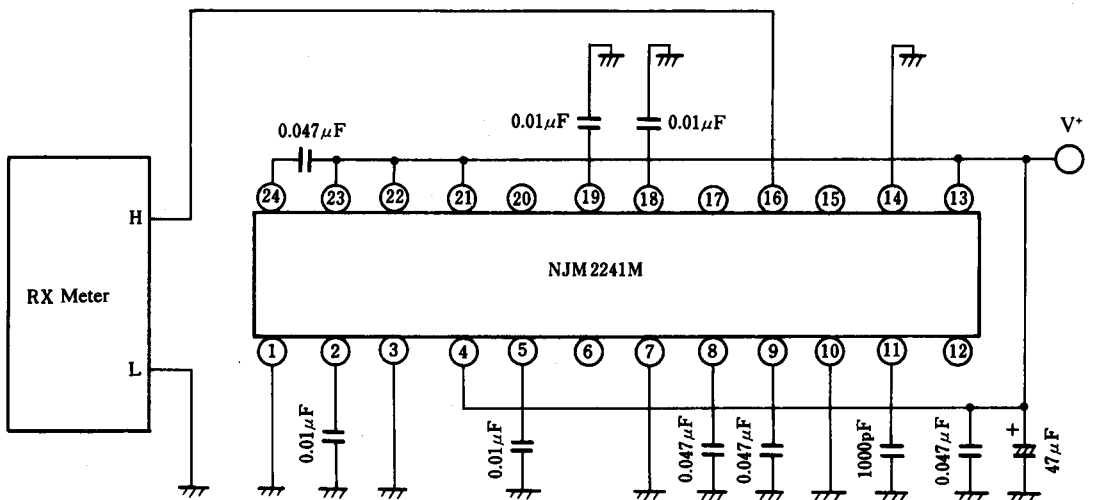
## ■ TEST CIRCUIT 3 (Pin 19 AM IF Input Resistance, Capacitance)



## ■ TEST CIRCUIT 4 (Pin 23 AM Mix Output Resistance, Capacitance)



## ■ TEST CIRCUIT 5 (Pin 16 AM DET Output Resistance, Capacitance)



## ■ NOTES

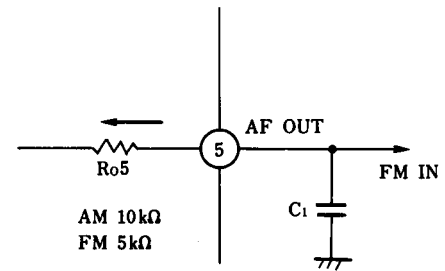
### 1. The frequency characteristics AM and FM mode

The output impedance of pin 5 ( $R_{O5}$ ) and external capacitor  $C_1$  decide frequency characteristics.

The value of  $R_{O5}$  turns to  $10k\Omega$  at AM mode and  $5k\Omega$  at FM mode.

Accordingly should consider above, trim  $C_1$  to get proper frequency response.

Besides should design the location of  $C_1$  closer to pin 1 (GND) to get low tweet.



### 2. Loading speaker

Recommend to connect the speaker between pin 11 ( $V_{CC}$ ) and pin 10 (bootstrap) at  $V^+ = 3V$  for better low supply to voltage operation. When  $V_{CC}$  is above  $4.5V$ , recommend the speaker connection between pin 9 (PW OUT) and (GND) through a coupling capacitor.

### 3. Termination to the power stage

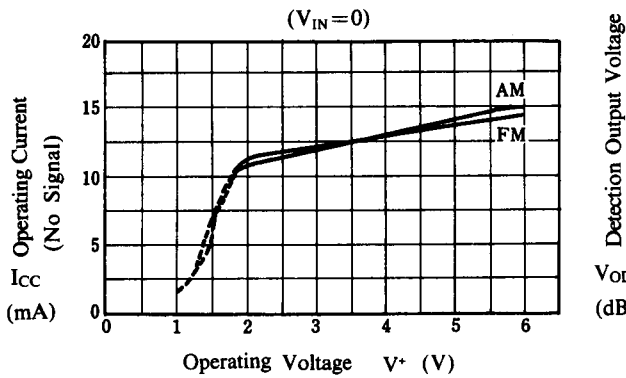
The audio signal of output pin 5 includes carrier component slightly, therefore a capacitor between pin and GND have to be connected to decrease carrier component.

### 4. Supply voltage start-up

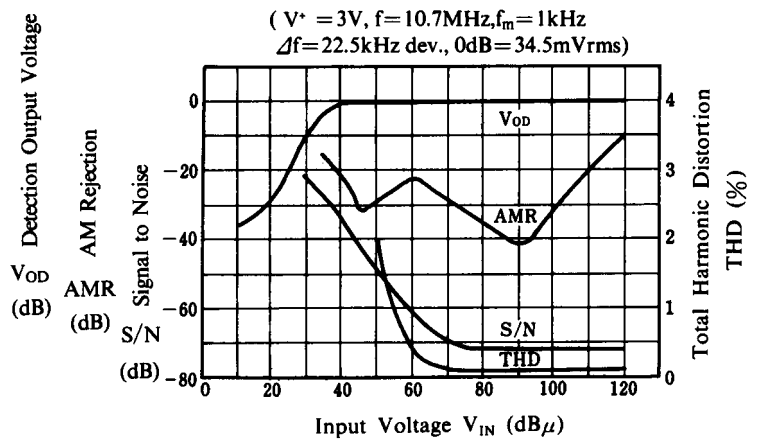
The supply voltage of radio circuit block should not start up before power stage start up.

## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

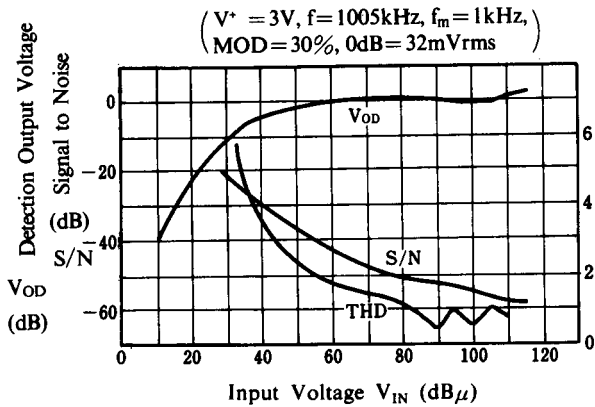
Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage



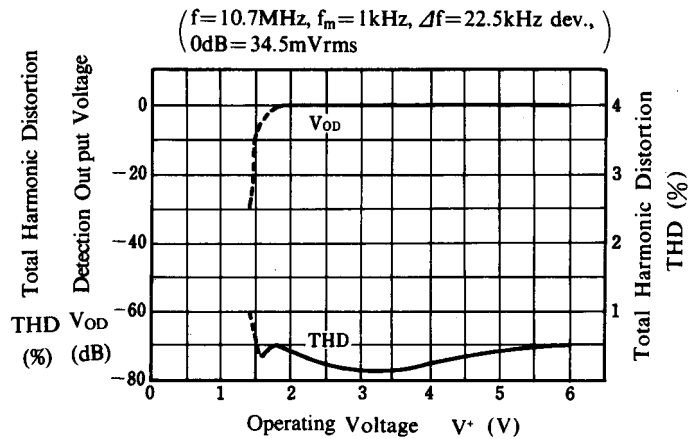
$V_{OD}$ , AMR, S/N THD vs. Input Voltage



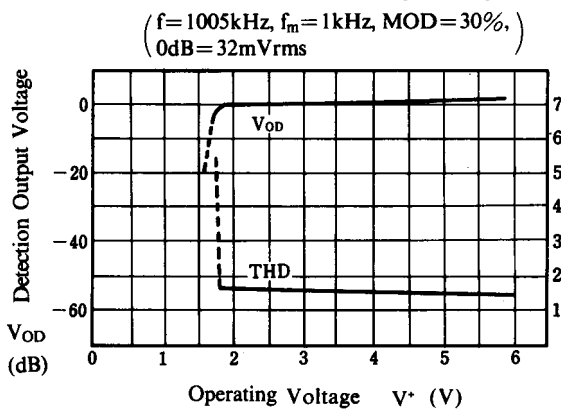
$V_{OD}$ , S/N, THD vs. Input Voltage



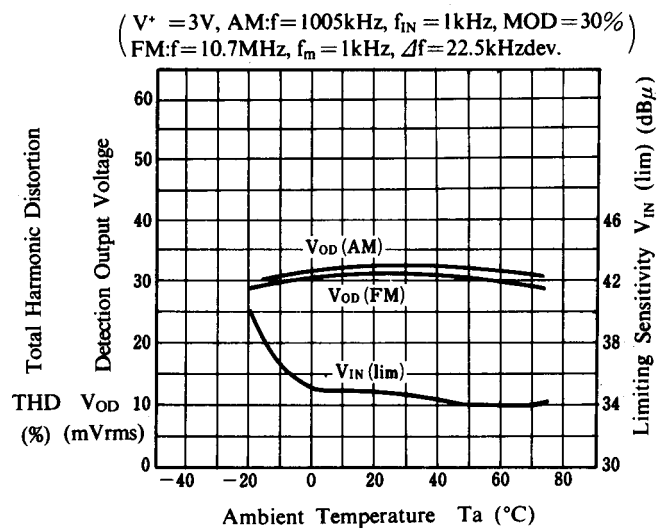
$V_{OD}$ , THD vs. Operating Voltage



$V_{OD}$ , THD vs. Operating Voltage



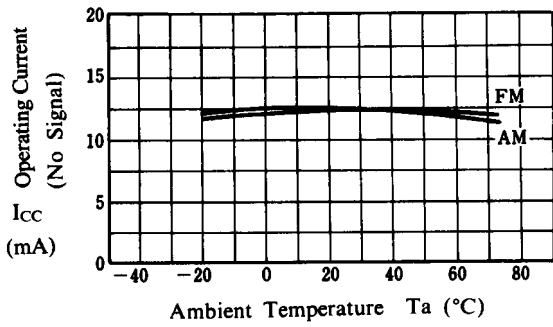
$V_{OD}$ ,  $V_{IN}$  (lim) vs. Temperature



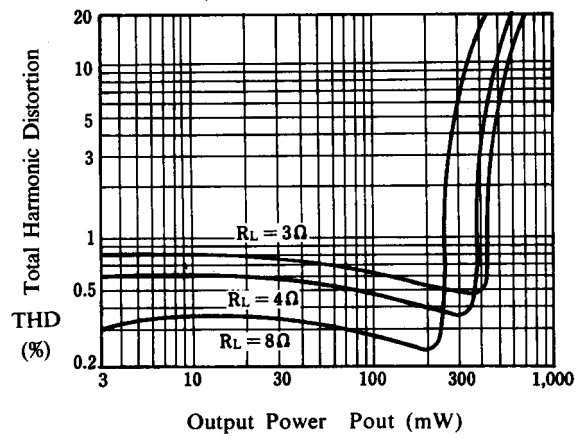


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

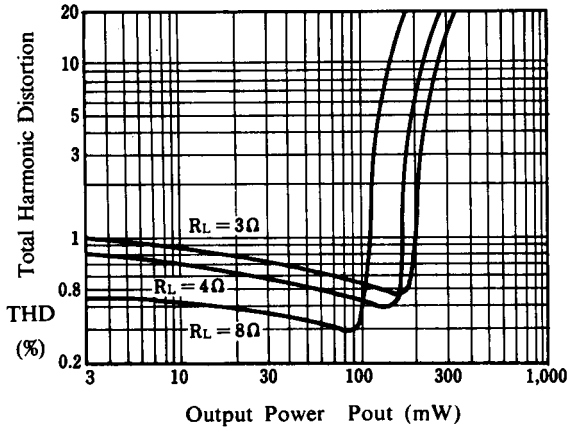
**Operating Voltage vs. Temperature**  
( $V^+ = 3V, V_{IN} = 0$ )



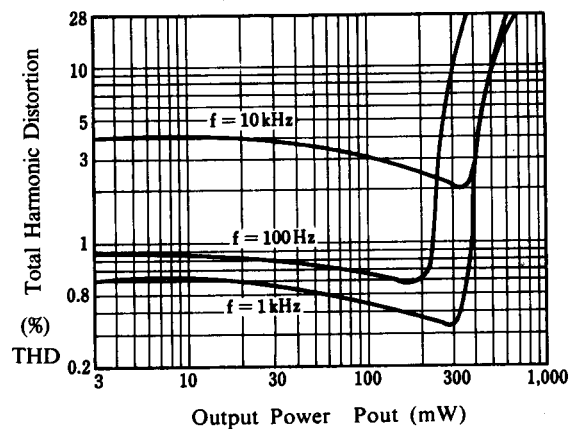
**Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Power**  
( $V^+ = 4.5V, f = 1kHz$ )



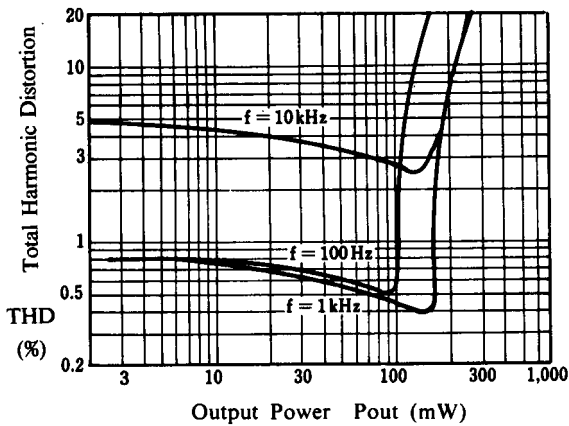
**Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Power**  
( $V^+ = 3V, f = 1kHz$ )



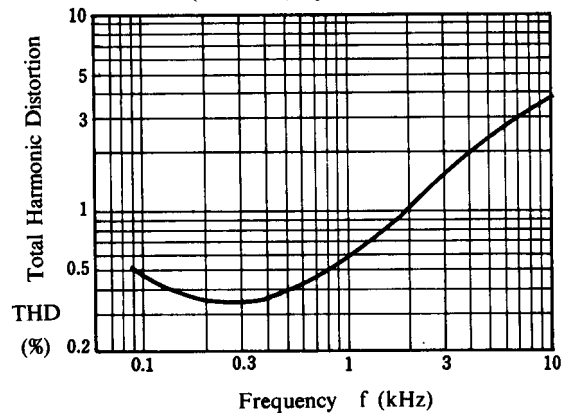
**Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Power**  
( $V^+ = 4.5V, R_L = 4\Omega$ )



**Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Power**  
( $V^+ = 3V, R_L = 4\Omega$ )



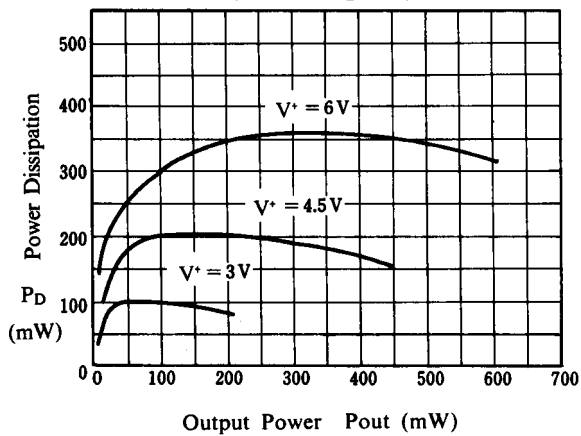
**Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Frequency**  
( $V^+ = 3V, V_o = 450mV_{rms}$ )



## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

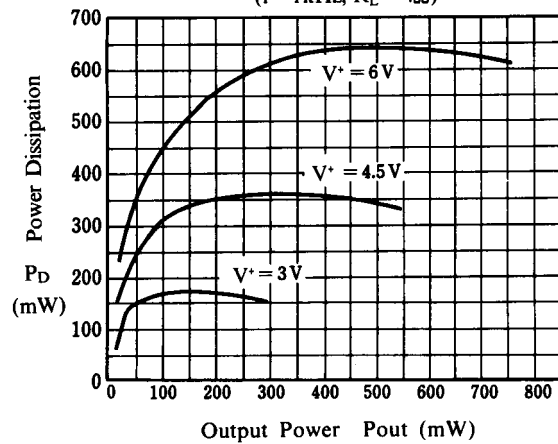
**Power Dissipation vs. Output Power**

( $f=1\text{kHz}$ ,  $R_L=8\Omega$ )



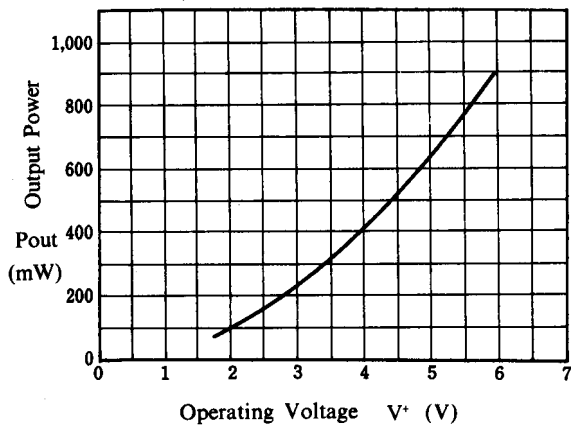
**Power Dissipation vs. Output Power**

( $f=1\text{kHz}$ ,  $R_L=4\Omega$ )



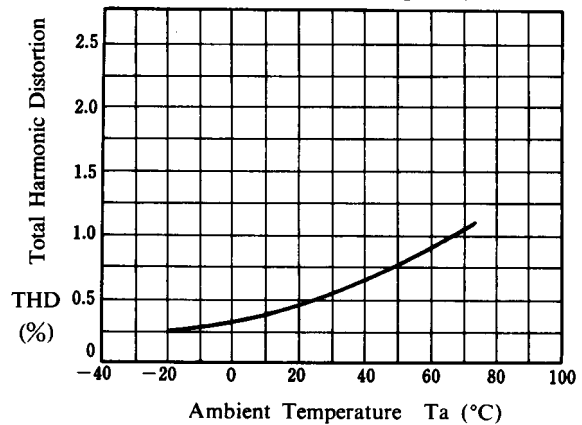
**Output power vs. Operating Voltage**

( $f=1\text{kHz}$ ,  $\text{THD}=10\%$ ,  $R_L=4\Omega$ )

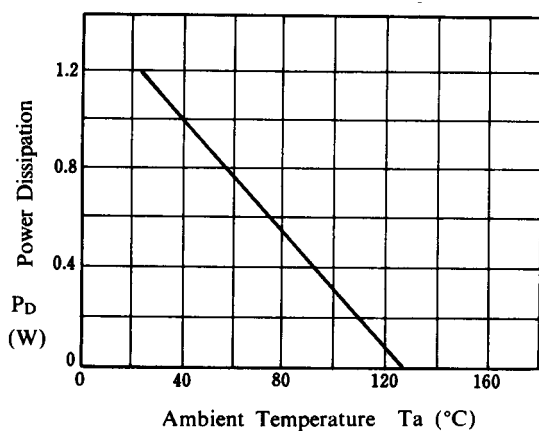


**Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Temperature**

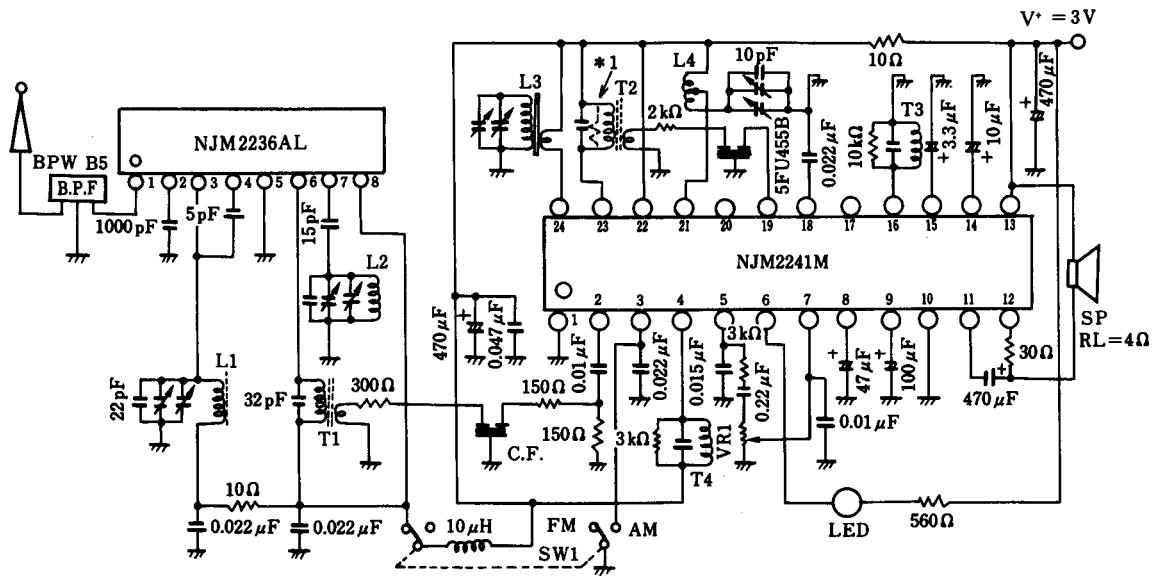
( $V^*=3\text{V}$ ,  $f=1\text{kHz}$ ,  $R_L=4\Omega$ )



**Power Dissipation vs. Temperature**



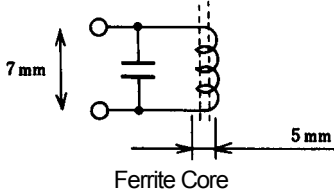
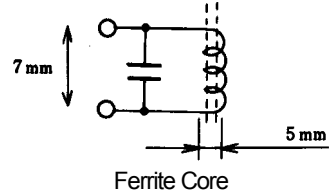
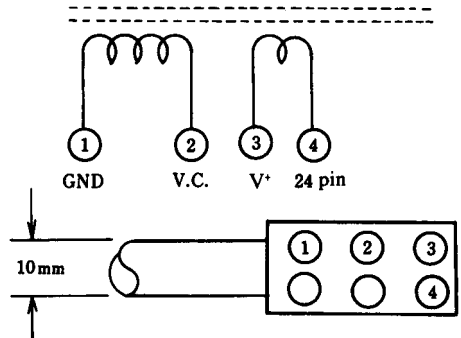
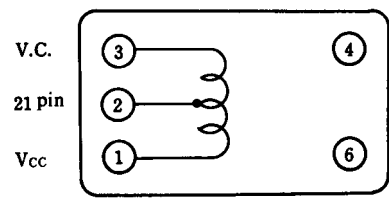
## ■ FM / AM RADIO APPLICATION CIRCUIT



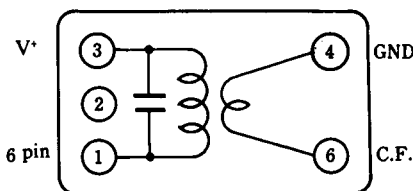
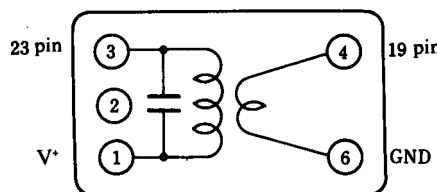
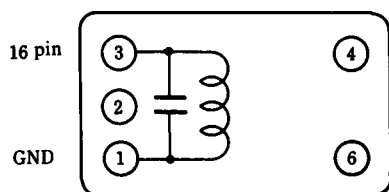
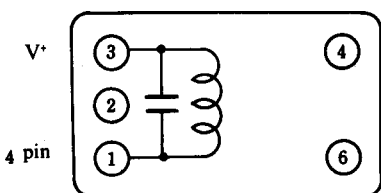
Resistor should be located at \*1  
if the Trans (T2) is high Q

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## ■ FM / AM RADIO APPLICATION CIRCUIT

COIL NO.	F <sub>0</sub>	Q <sub>0</sub>	TURNS	C <sub>0</sub>	
L <sub>1</sub> : RF Coil	100MHz	100	0.7mmφ 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ T SUMIDA 0295 - 057	22pF (ext.)	
L <sub>2</sub> : OSC Coil	100MHz	100	0.7mmφ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ T SUMIDA 0295 - 056	30pF (ext.)	
L <sub>3</sub> : AMANT	796kHz	①-② 200	①-② 100T L = 600μH ③-④ 17T Wire : 4/0.07mm UATC Core : 10mmφ × 80mm MITSUMI Y1-7160 - 1	-	
L <sub>4</sub> : AM OSC	796kHz	①-③ 125	①-② 15T ②-③ 89T Wire : 0.06mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2157 - 2239 - 213A	-	

## ■ FM / AM RADIO APPLICATION CIRCUIT

COIL NO.	F <sub>0</sub>	Q <sub>0</sub>	TURNS	C <sub>0</sub>	BOTTOM VIEW
T <sub>1</sub> : FM IFT	10.7MHz	①—③ 90	①—③ 11T ④—⑥ 2T Wire : 0.12mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2153 - 414 - 041	①—③ 82pF	 <p style="text-align: center;">Bottom View</p>
T <sub>2</sub> : AM IFT	455kHz	①—③ 80	①—③ 60T ④—⑥ 16T Wire : 0.09mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2150 - 2173 - 302	①—③ 1500pF	 <p style="text-align: center;">Bottom View</p>
T <sub>3</sub> : AM DET	455kHz	①—③ 105	①—③ 127T Wire : 0.06mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2150 - 2083 - 061	①—③ 330pF	 <p style="text-align: center;">Bottom View</p>
T <sub>4</sub> : FM DET	10.7MHz	①—③ 100	①—③ 10T Wire : 0.12mmφ UEW SUMIDA 2153 - 4095 - 331	①—③ 150pF	 <p style="text-align: center;">Bottom View</p>

**[CAUTION]**

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