

High Efficiency White LED Driver

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **NJU6048** is a high-efficiency white LED driver. It contains a high-efficiency step-up DC/DC converter and an output driver. The IC ensures a 18V maximum capacity which allows series connection of 4 white LEDs with a constant current so that the LED currents are identical for uniform brightness.

The high frequency of the step-up converter permits the use of small, low-profile inductors and capacitors to minimize the footprint in space-conscious applications. And additional features are a low operating voltage of 1.7V and the small package SOT-23 (MTP-5).

All of these benefits make the **NJU6048** suitable for the battery-powered portable applications such as a cellular phone, a camcorder, PDA, etc.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

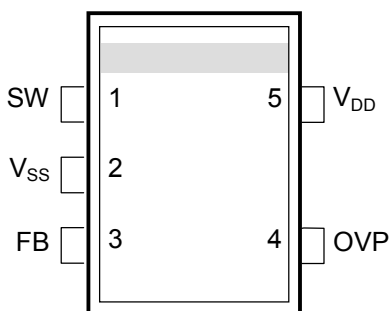


NJU6048F

■ FEATURES

- Drives Up to 4White LEDs in Series
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA(\text{typical})$
- Uses Small Inductor and Capacitors
- 1.7V to 6.5V Operating Voltage for Step-up Circuits (V_{DD})
- Low Switch $R_{DS} (ON)$
 $V_{SW} = 18V, R_{DS}=0.8\Omega (I_{SW}=150mA)$
- OVP Function
- CMOS Technology
- Package : SOT-23 5 pin (MTP-5)

■ PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

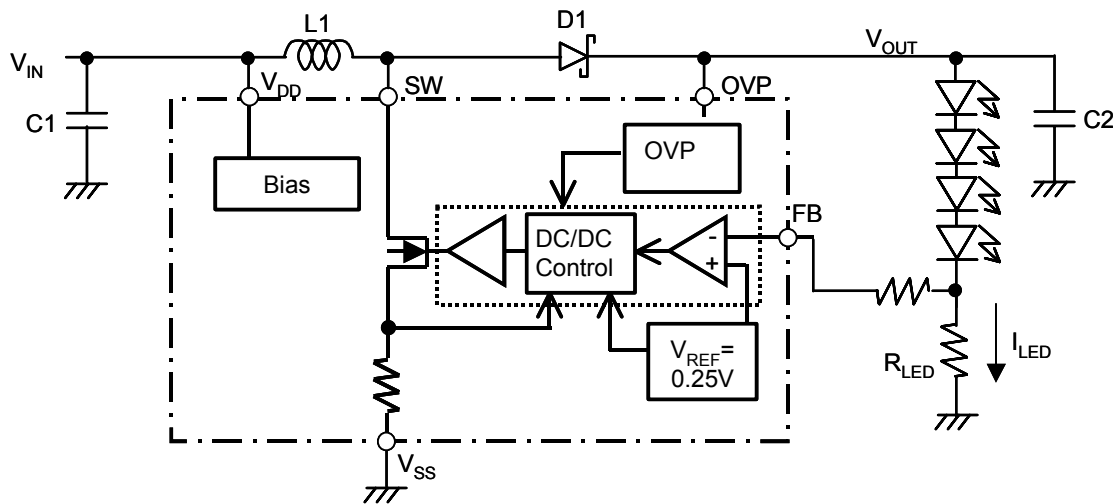


NJU6048

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| No. | SYMBOL | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------|-------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | SW | Input | Switch Terminal |
| 2 | V _{SS} | Power | Ground Terminal |
| 3 | FB | Input | Feedback Terminal |
| 4 | OVP | Input | Over Voltage protection Terminal |
| 5 | V _{DD} | Power | Power Supply terminal |

BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

(1) LED Current Control and Resistor R_{LED} Selection

The NJU6048 incorporates the LED current control to regulate the LED current (I_{LED}), which is programmed by the feedback resistor (R_{LED}) connected between the FB and the V_{SS} terminals. Typically, the reference voltage V_{REF} is internally regulated to 0.25V and is used as the positive input of the built-in comparator. Formula (1) is used to choose the value of the R_{LED} , as shown below.

$$R_{LED} = \frac{V_{REF}}{I_{LED}} \quad \text{--- Formula (1)}$$

$$V_{REF}=0.25 \text{ (typical)}$$

The I_{LED} is the constant current programmed by the R_{LED} . When the feedback voltage on the FB terminal reaches above the reference voltage V_{REF} (i.e., I_{LED} is above the level programmed by R_{LED}), the output capacitor C2 delivers the I_{LED} . Once the feedback voltage drops below the reference voltage (i.e., I_{LED} drops below the level programmed by the R_{LED}), the MOS switch is turned on, then the current of the inductor L1 begins increasing. When the switch current reaches 250mA, the MOS switch is turned off, then the L1 delivers current to the output through the diode D1 as the inductor current drops. After that, the MOS switch is turned on again and the switch current increases up to 250mA. This switching cycle continues until the I_{LED} reaches the level programmed by the R_{LED} , then the I_{LED} current is maintained constant.

(2) Over Voltage Protection

OVP is designed to prevent the damage of internal NMOS switch in case the increased impedance of the LED load (including the LED opened). Once the device detects over voltage at the output, the internal NMOS switch is kept off until the output voltage drops below 14V.

(3) Inductor Selection

A 10uH inductor is recommended for most application. The selected inductor must have a saturation current that meets the maximum peak current of the converter. Another important inductor parameter is the DC resistance. The lower DC resistance the device has higher efficiency.

(4) Diode Selection

A Schottky diode with a low forward-voltage-drop and a fast switching-speed is ideal for the D1. And the D1 must have a rating greater than the output voltage and output current in the system.

(5) Capacitor Selection

A low ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) capacitor should be used as the output capacitor C2 to minimize output ripples. A multi-layer ceramic capacitor is the best selection for the NJU6048 application because of not only the low ESR but also small package. Application requires good line regulation $\pm 1\%$ (typ) should use output capacitor larger than 1uF. A ceramic capacitor is also recommended for the input decoupling-capacitor C1, and should be placed as close to the NJU6048 as possible. A 4.7uF is sufficient for most applications.

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ta=25°C

| PARAMETERS | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | RATINGS | UNIT |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------|
| V _{DD} Power Supply | V _{DD} | | -0.3 to +7.0 | V |
| OVP Terminal to GND | V _{OVP} | | -0.3 to 18.0V | |
| SW Terminal Voltage | V _{SW} | SW terminal | -0.3 to +18.0 | V |
| FB Terminal Voltage | V _{FB} | FB terminal | -0.3 to V _{DD} | V |
| Power Dissipation | PD | MTP-5 | 200 | mW |
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | | -65 to +150 | °C |

Note1) All voltages are relative to V_{SS} = 0V reference.

Note2) Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, otherwise the stress may cause a permanent damage to the IC. It is also recommended that the IC be used in the range specified in the DC electrical characteristics, or the electrical stress may cause malfunctions and impact on the reliability.

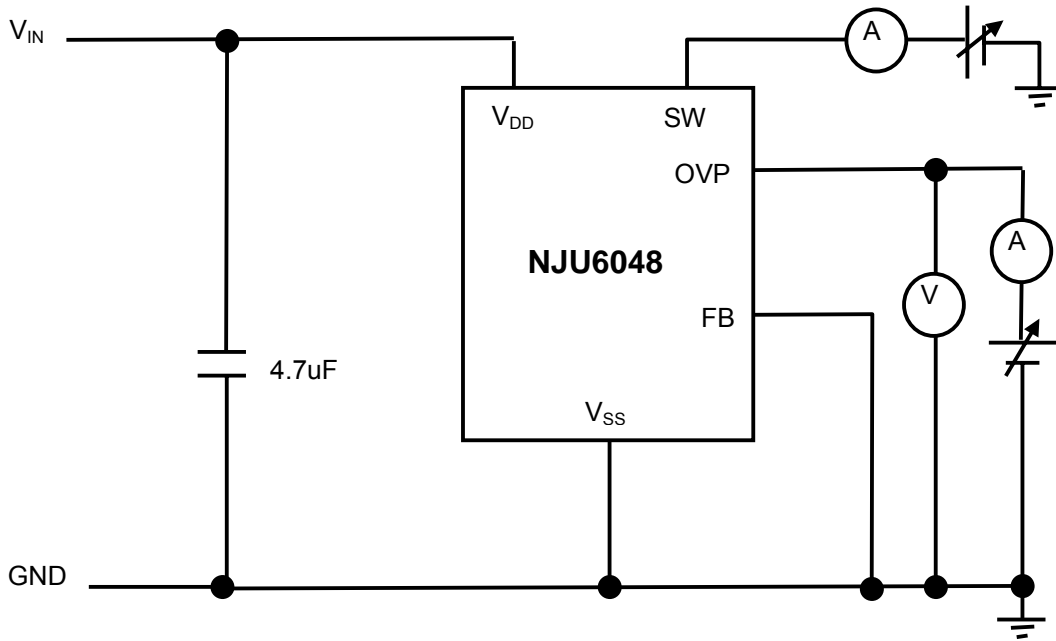
■ DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD}=3.6V, V_{SS}=0V, Ta=25°C)

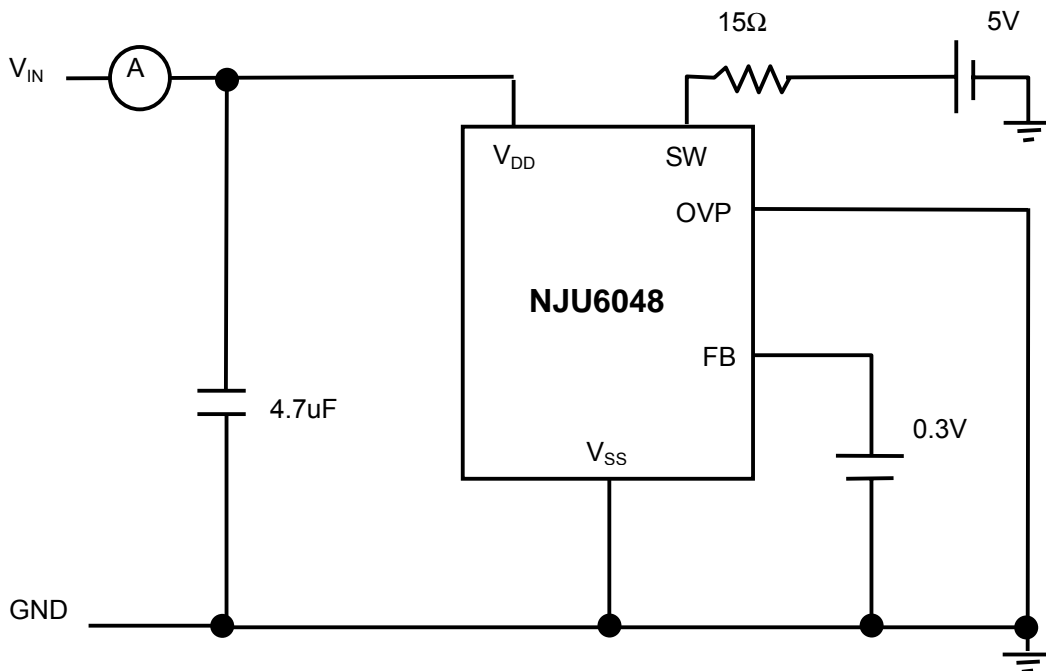
| PARAMETERS | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| V _{DD} Power Supply | V _{DD} | | 1.7 | | 6.5 | V |
| OVP Threshold | V _{OVP} TH | Trigger | 15 | 16 | 17 | V |
| | | Release | | | 14 | V |
| OVP Pin Input Current | I _{OVPIC} | V _{OVP} =16V | | 10 | 15 | μA |
| Quiescent Current | I _{STBY1} | V _{FB} =0.3V | | 50 | 80 | μA |
| FB Comparator Trip point | V _F BP | | 242 | 250 | 258 | mV |
| Switch Off Time | t _{OFF} | V _{FB} =0V | | 400 | | ns |
| Switch R _{DS} (ON) | R _{DS} | I _{SW} =150mA | | 0.8 | 1.2 | Ω |
| Switch Current Limit | I _{CL} | | 200 | 250 | 300 | mA |
| Switch Leakage Current | I _L | Switch Off, V _{SW} =18V | | 0.1 | 5.0 | μA |

• TEST CIRCUITS

OVP Threshold Voltage



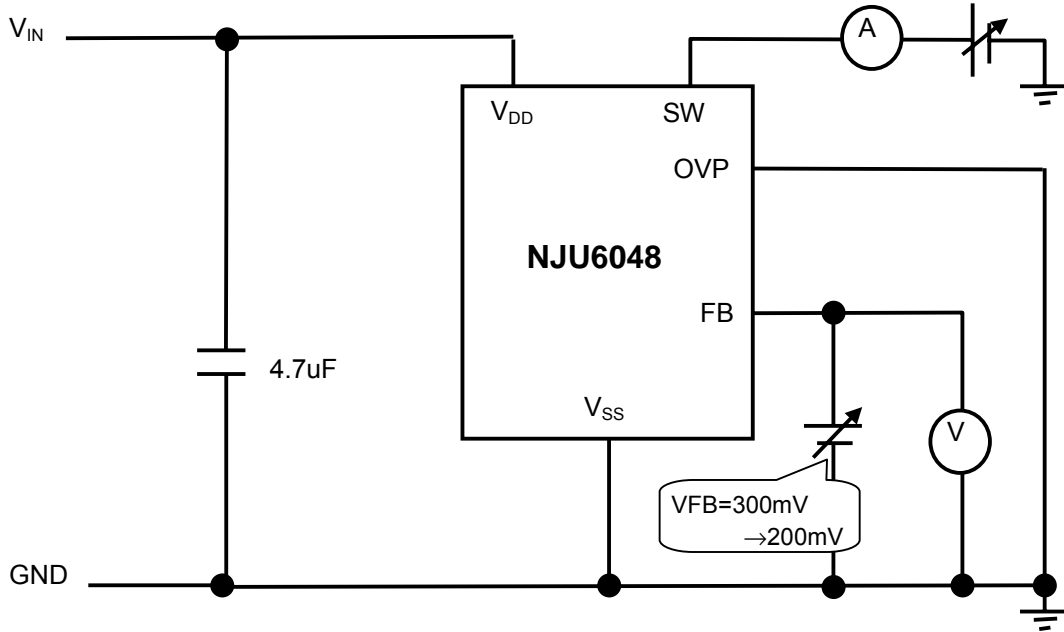
Quiescent Current



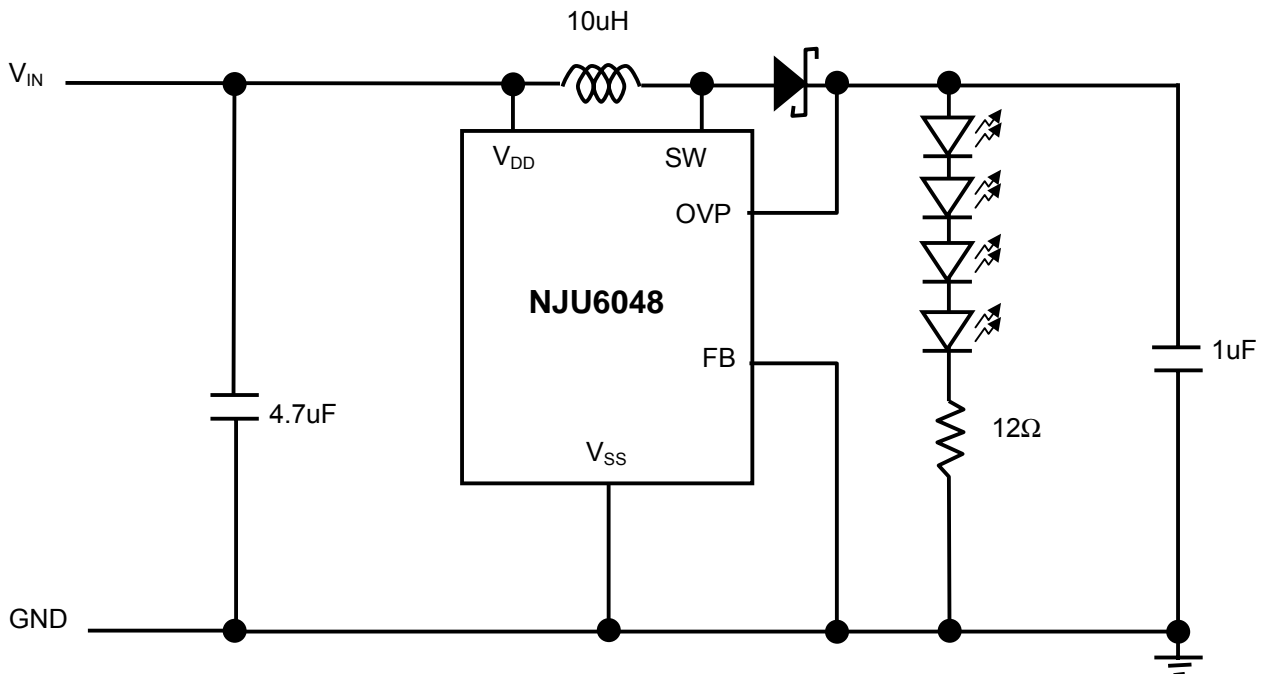
NJU6048

FB Comparator Trip point

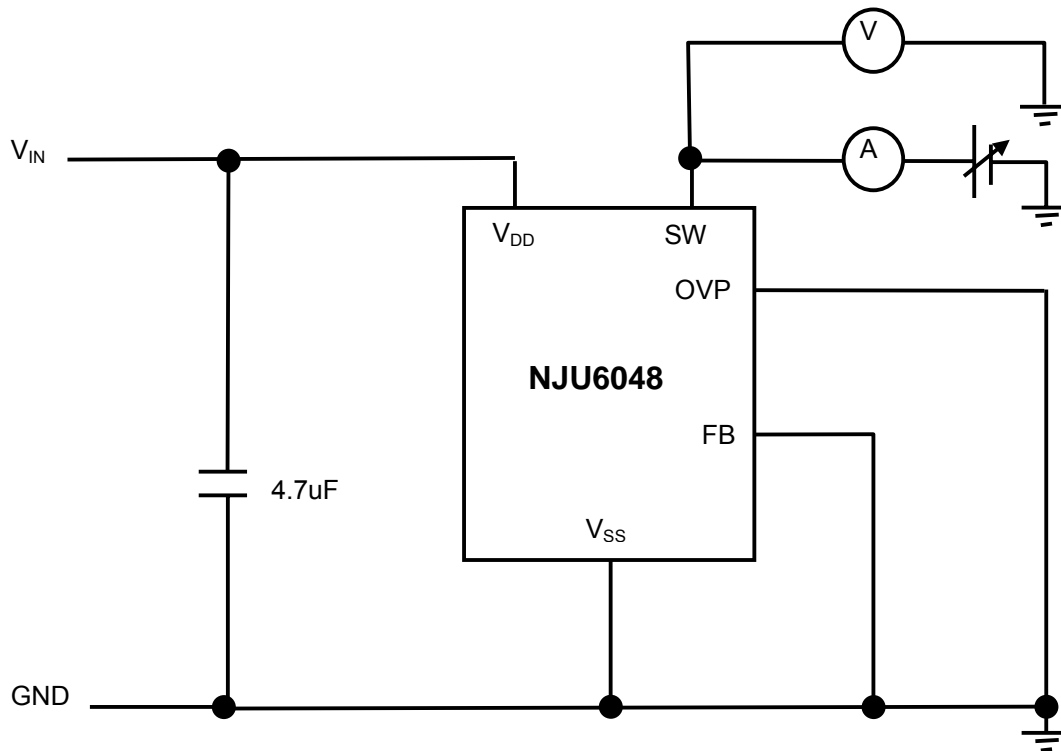
In stepping down V_{FB} from 300mV, V_{FBP} is the threshold voltage to begin switching operation.



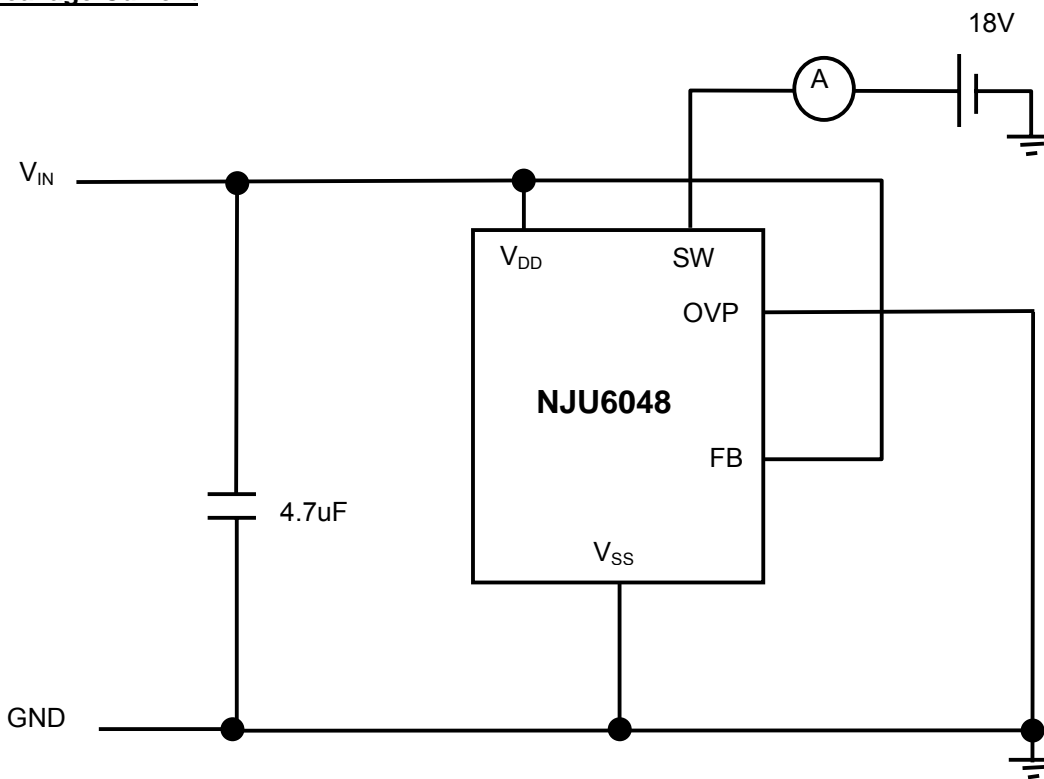
Switch Off Time



Switch Current Limit / Switch $R_{DS(ON)}$



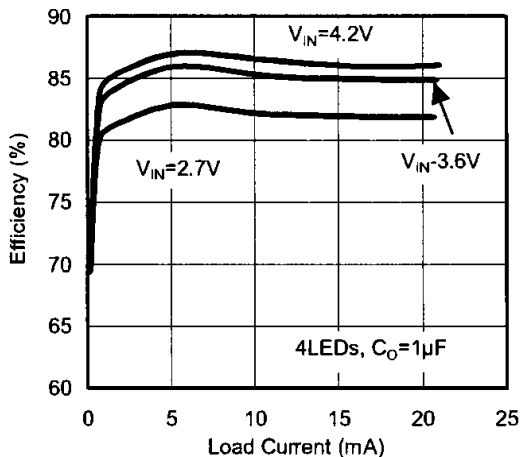
Switch Leakage Current



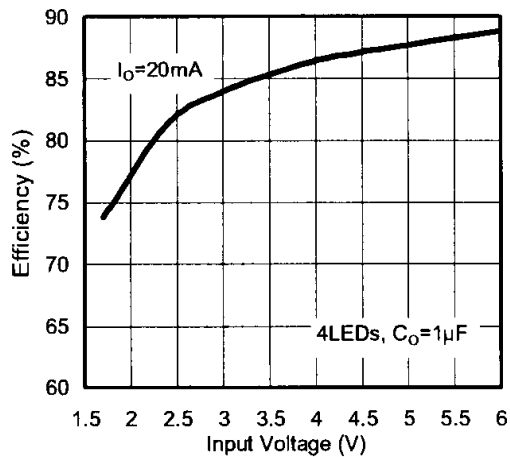
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

($V_{DD}=3.6V$, $V_{SS}=0V$, $L=10\mu H$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

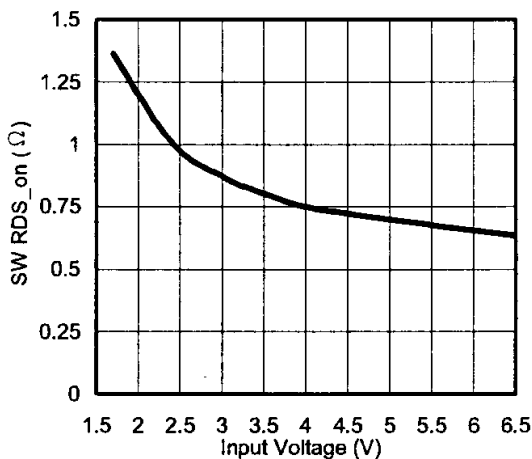
Efficiency vs. Output Current



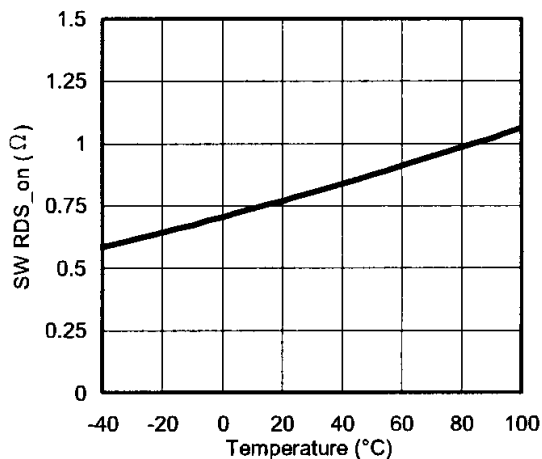
Efficiency vs. Input Voltage



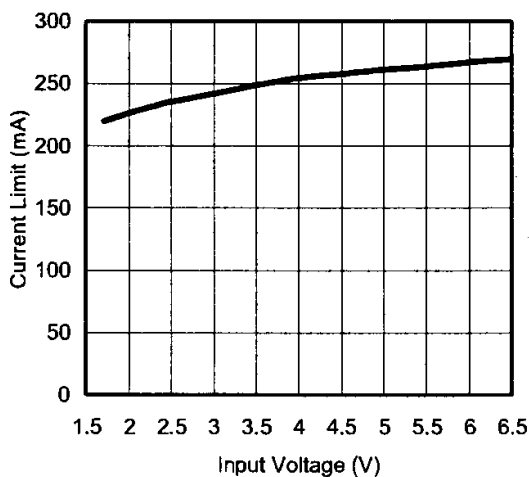
SW RDS_on vs. Input Voltage



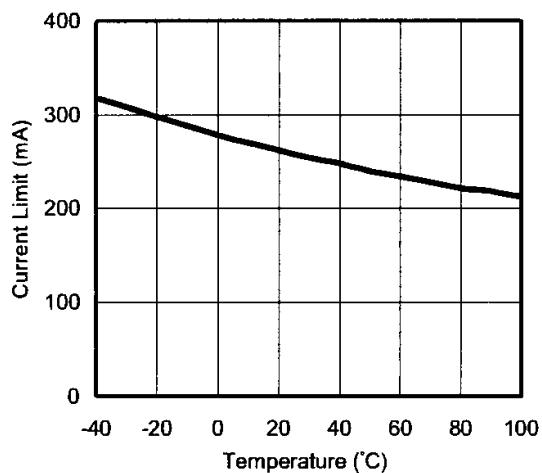
SW RDS_on vs. Temperature



Current Limit vs. Input Voltage

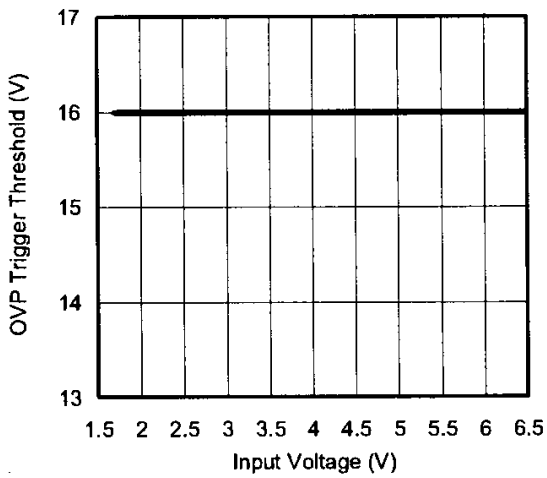


Current Limit vs. Temperature

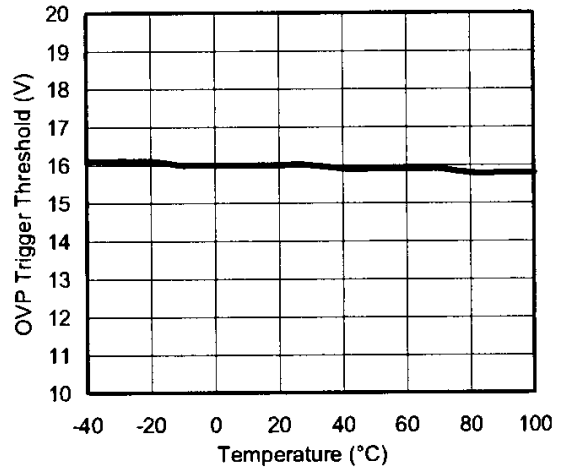


($V_{DD}=3.6V$, $V_{SS}=0V$, $L=10\mu H$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

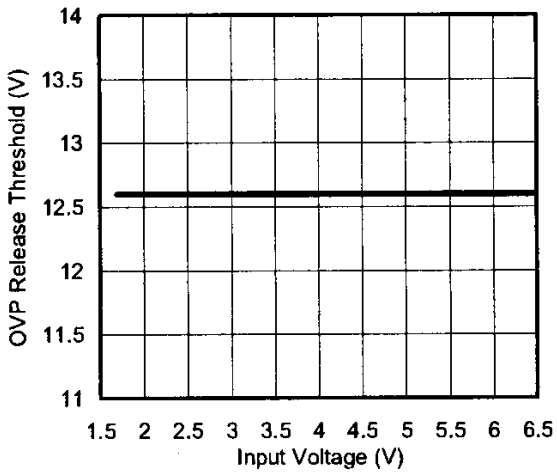
OVP Trigger Threshold vs. Input Voltage



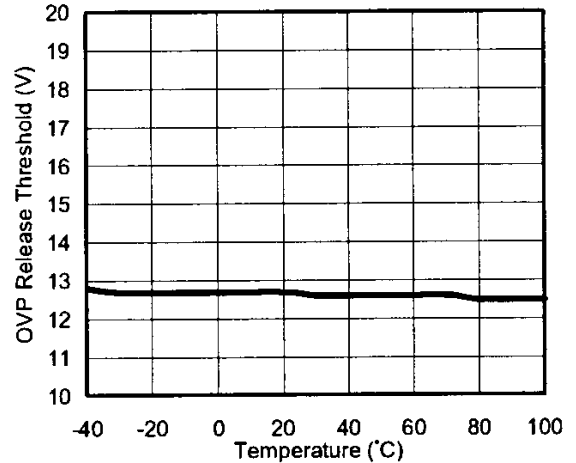
OVP Trigger Threshold vs. Temperature



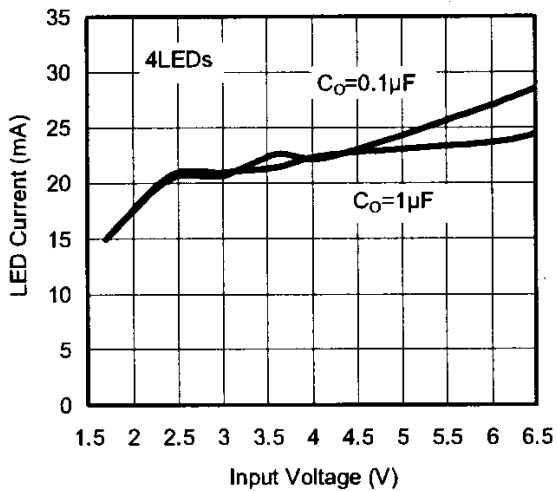
OVP Release Threshold vs. Input Voltage



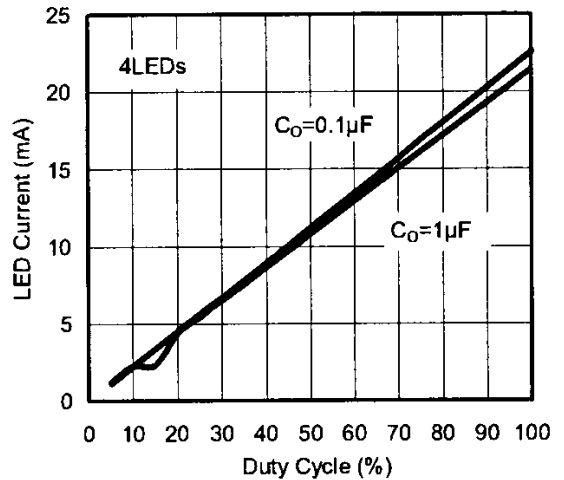
OVP Release Threshold vs. Temperature



LED Current vs. Input Voltage

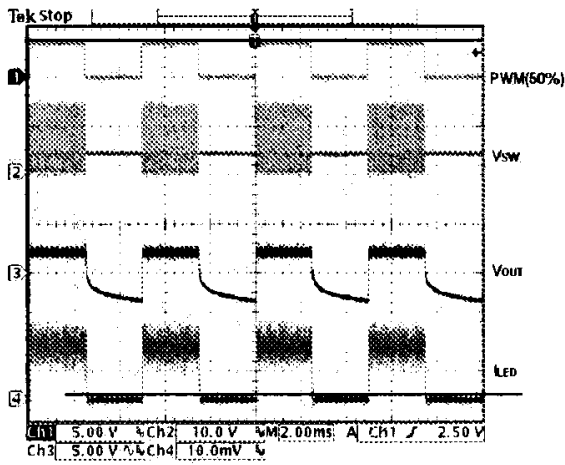


LED Current vs. Duty Cycle

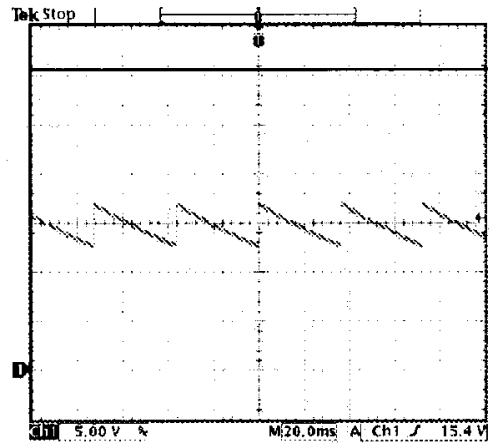


($V_{DD}=3.6V$, $V_{SS}=0V$, $L=10\mu H$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

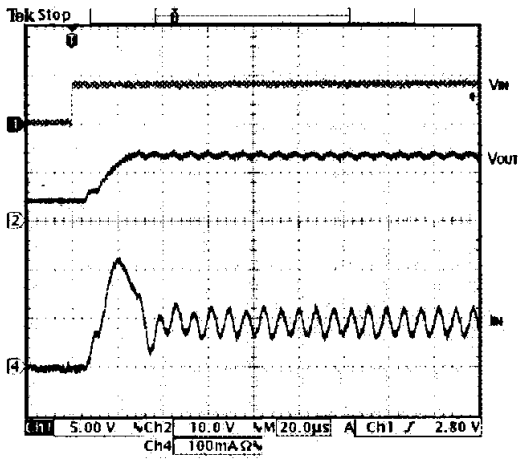
PWM Dimming



OVP Waveform

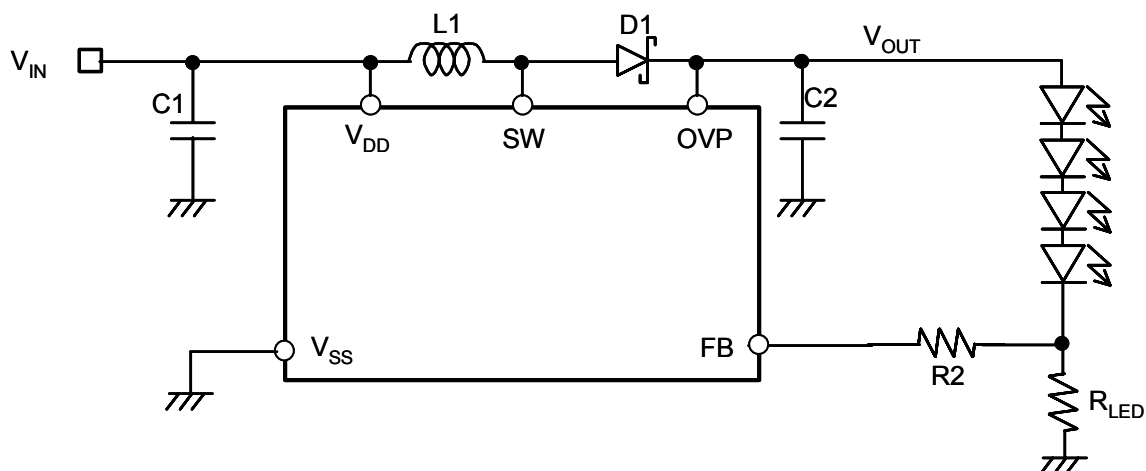


Inrush Current Waveform

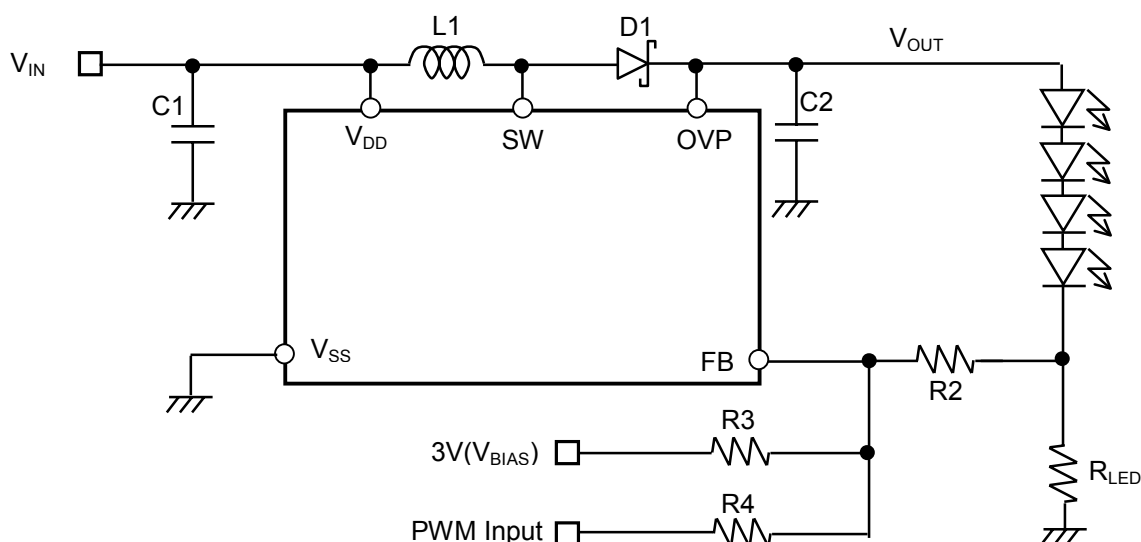


■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

(1) 4 white LEDs



(2) 4 white LEDs & Dimming control by external PWM signal



Referential List of External Components

| Component | Supplier / Parts Number | Qty | Value |
|-----------------------|---|-----|------------|
| IC1 | LED Driver IC NJRC / NJU6048 | 1 | - |
| L1 | Inductor TDK / VLF3010AT-100MR49 | 1 | 10uH |
| D1 | Schottky Diode ROHM / RB160M-30 | 1 | - |
| C1 | Ceramic Capacitor Taiyo Yuden / JMK107 BJ475MA | 1 | 4.7uF/6.3V |
| C2 | Ceramic Capacitor Taiyo Yuden / TMK107 BJ105KA | 1 | 1uF/25V |
| R _{LED} (R1) | Chip Resistor Standard | 1 | 5.1Ω |
| R2 | Chip Resistor Standard | 1 | 15KΩ |
| R3 | Chip Resistor Standard | 1 | 300KΩ |
| R4 | Chip Resistor Standard | 1 | 430KΩ |
| LED1 to 4 | White LED Nichia / NSCW215T | 4 | - |

MEMO

[CAUTION]

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