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 $4 \text{ M SRAM} (256\text{-kword} \times 16\text{-bit})$



ADE-203-1072A (Z) Rev. 1.0 Jun. 10, 1999

Description

The Hitachi HM62W16258BI Series is 4-Mbit static RAM organized 262,144-word × 16-bit. HM62W16258BI Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing Hi-CMOS process technology. It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in standard 44-pin plastic TSOPII.

Features

• Single 3.3 V supply: $3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

• Fast access time: 70 ns (max)

Power dissipation:

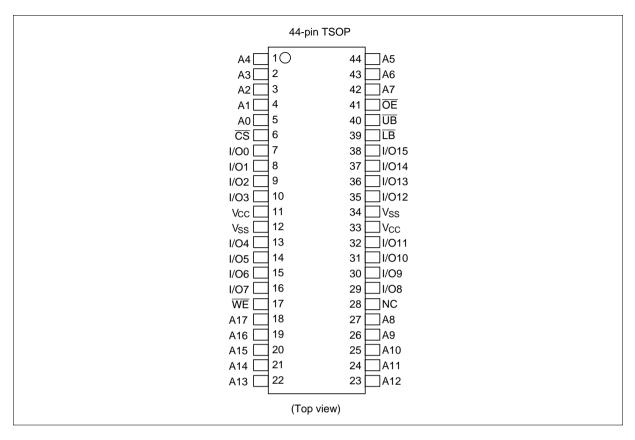
— Active: 9.9 mW (typ)— Standby: 3.3 μW (typ)

- Completely static memory.
 - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
 - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
- Temperature range: -40 to 85°C

Ordering Information

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM62W16258BLTTI-7	70 ns	400-mil 44-pin plastic TSOPII (normal-bend type) (TTP-44DB)

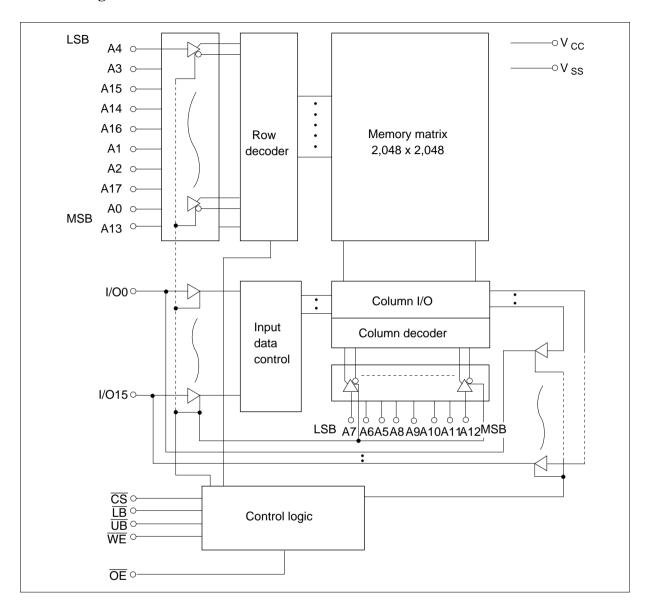
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

Pin name	Function
A0 to A17	Address input
I/O0 to I/O15	Data input/output
CS	Chip select
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
LB	Lower byte select
ŪB	Upper byte select
V _{cc}	Power supply
V _{SS}	Ground
NC	No connection

Block Diagram



Operation Table

CS	WE	OE	UB	LB	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O15	Operation
Н	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	×	×	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	L	L	L	Dout	Dout	Read
L	Н	L	Н	L	Dout	High-Z	Lower byte read
L	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z	Dout	Upper byte read
L	L	×	L	L	Din	Din	write
L	L	×	Н	L	Din	High-Z	Lower byte write
L	L	×	L	Н	High-Z	Din	Upper byte write
L	Н	Н	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note: H: V_{IH} , L: V_{IL} , \times : V_{IH} or V_{IL}

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to V _{SS}	V _{cc}	-0.5 to + 4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V _{ss}	V _T	-0.5^{*1} to $V_{CC} + 0.3^{*2}$	V
Power dissipation	P _T	1.0	W
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C

Notes: 1. V_T min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V _{cc} 3.0 3.3		3.6	V		
	V _{ss}	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	2.2	_	V _{cc} + 0.3	V	
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	-0.3	_	0.6	V	1
Ambient temperature range	Та	-40	_	85	°C	

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns.

DC Characteristics

Operating current I_{cc} — 20 mA $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, $V_{I/O} = V_{SS}$ to V_{cc} Average HM62W16258BI-7 I_{cc1} — 70 mA Min. cycle, duty = 100%, operating current $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, Others $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, others $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, others $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, others $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, others $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$, others $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA	Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Min		Max	Unit	Test conditions		
$\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} = V_{\text{IH}}, \ V_{\text{I/O}} = V_{\text{SS}} \text{ to } V_{\text{CC}}$ $\overline{CS} = V_{\text{IL}}, \ Others = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}, \ I_{\text{I/O}} = 0$ $\overline{CS} = V_{\text{IL}}, \ Others = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}, \ I_{\text{I/O}} = 0$ $\overline{CS} = V_{\text{IL}}, \ Others = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}, \ I_{\text{I/O}} = 0$ $\overline{CS} = V_{\text{IL}}, \ Others = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}, \ Others = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}$ $\overline{CS} = V_{\text{IL}}, \ Others = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}$ $\overline{CS} = V_{\text{IH}}$	Input leakage current	I _{LI}	_	_	1	μΑ	Vin = V _{SS} to V _{CC}		
Average operating current $I_{CC2} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{CC1} & -I_{CC1} & -I_{CC1} & -I_{CC1} & -I_{CC2} & -I_{C$	Output leakage current	I _{LO}	_	_	1	μА	$\overline{\overline{CS}} = \overline{V_{IH}} \text{ or } \overline{\overline{OE}} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{\overline{WE}} = V_{IL}, \text{ or } \overline{\overline{LB}} = \overline{\overline{UB}} = V_{IH}, V_{I/O} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC}$		
operating current $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Operating current	I _{cc}	_	_	20	mA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{ Others} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{ I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}$		
$\begin{split} I_{\text{I/O}} &= 0 \text{ mA, } \overline{\text{CS}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V,} \\ V_{\text{IH}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V, } V_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \end{split}$ Standby current $I_{\text{SB}} & - & - & 0.3 \text{ mA} \overline{\text{CS}} = V_{\text{IH}} \\ \text{Standby current} & I_{\text{SB1}} & - & 1 & 40 & \mu\text{A} \frac{0 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vin}}{\overline{\text{CS}}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \end{split}$	operating	BI-7 I _{cc1}	_	_	70	mA	$I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}, \overline{CS} = V_{IL},$		
Standby current I_{SB1} — 1 40 μA $0 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vin}$ $\overline{\text{CS}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$		I _{CC2}	_	3	15	mA			
$\overline{\text{CS}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	Standby current	I _{SB}	_	_	0.3	mA	CS = V _{IH}		
Output high voltage V_{OH} 2.4 — V_{OH} I_{OH} = -1 mA	Standby current	I _{SB1}	_	1	40	μΑ	-		
	Output high voltage	V_{OH}	2.4	_	_	V	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$		
$V_{\infty} - 0.2$ — V $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$			$V_{\infty} - 0$).2 —	_	V	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$		
Output low voltage V_{OL} — 0.4 V I_{OL} = 2 mA	Output low voltage	V _{OL}	_	_	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2 mA		
$-$ 0.2 V $I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$			_	_	0.2	V	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$		

Notes: 1. Typical values are at $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C and not guaranteed.

Capacitance (Ta = +25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C _{I/O}	_	_	10	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$	1

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

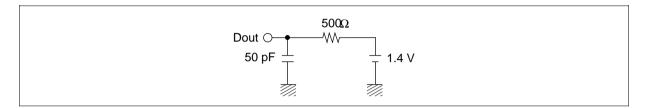
AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Test Conditions

• Input pulse levels: $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$

• Input rise and fall time: 5 ns

Input timing reference levels: 1.4 V
Output timing reference levels: 1.4 V
Output load (Including scope and jig)



HM62W16258BI

Read Cycle

		_			
		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t _{RC}	70	_	ns	
Address access time	t _{AA}	_	70	ns	
Chip select access time	t _{ACS}	_	70	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t _{OE}	_	40	ns	
Output hold from address change	t _{oh}	10	_	ns	
TB, UB access time	t _{BA}	_	70	ns	
Chip select to output in low-Z	t _{CLZ}	10	_	ns	2, 3
LB, UB enable to low-z	t _{BLZ}	5	_	ns	2, 3
Output enable to output in low-Z	t _{OLZ}	5	_	ns	2, 3
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t _{CHZ}	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
LB, UB disable to high-Z	t _{BHZ}	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
Output disable to output in high-Z	t _{OHZ}	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3

ns

ns

ns

ns

ns

2

1, 2

1, 2

HM62W16258BI

30

0

5

0

0

25

25

Write Cycle

Data to write time overlap

Data hold from write time

Write to output in high-Z

Output active from end of write

Output disable to output in High-Z

		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t _{wc}	70	_	ns	
Address valid to end of write	t _{AW}	60	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t _{cw}	60	_	ns	5
Write pulse width	t _{wP}	50	_	ns	4
LB, UB valid to end of write	t _{BW}	55	_	ns	
Address setup time	t _{AS}	0	_	ns	6
Write recovery time	t _{wR}	0	_	ns	7

 t_{DW}

 t_{DH}

 t_{ow}

 t_{OHZ}

 t_{WHZ}

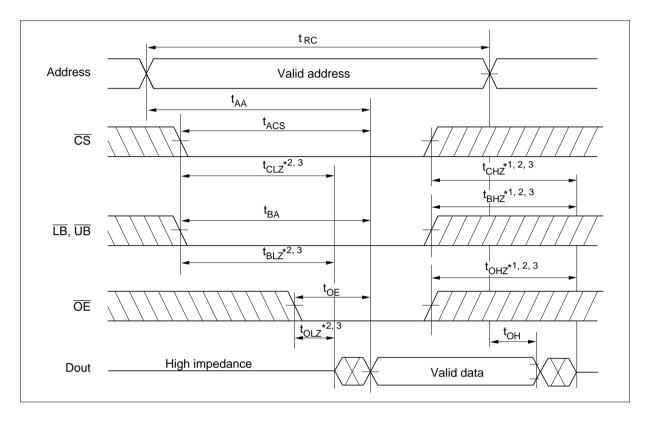
Notes: 1. t_{CHZ} , t_{CHZ} , t_{WHZ} and t_{BHZ} are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZ} max is less than t_{LZ} min both for a given device and from device to device.
- 4. A write occures during the overlap of a low \overline{CS} , a low \overline{WE} and a low \overline{LB} or a low \overline{UB} . A write begins at the latest transition among \overline{CS} going low, \overline{WE} going low and \overline{LB} going low or \overline{UB} going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among \overline{CS} going high, \overline{WE} going high and \overline{LB} going high or \overline{UB} going high. t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5. t_{cw} is measured from the later of \overline{CS} going low to the end of write.
- 6. t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 7. t_{WR} is measured from the earliest of \overline{CS} or \overline{WE} going high to the end of write cycle.

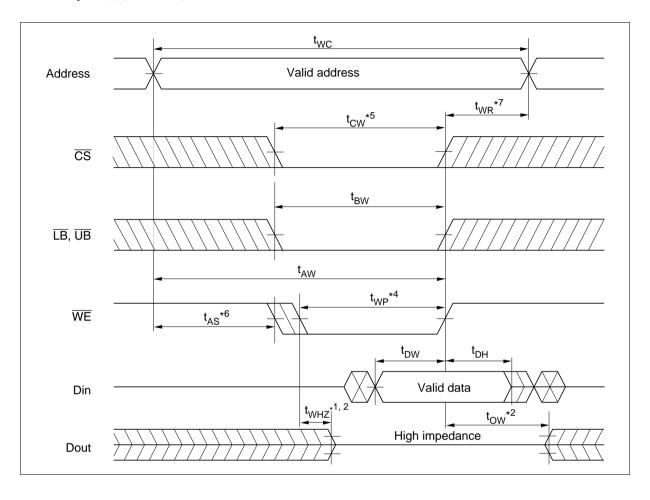
7

Timing Waveform

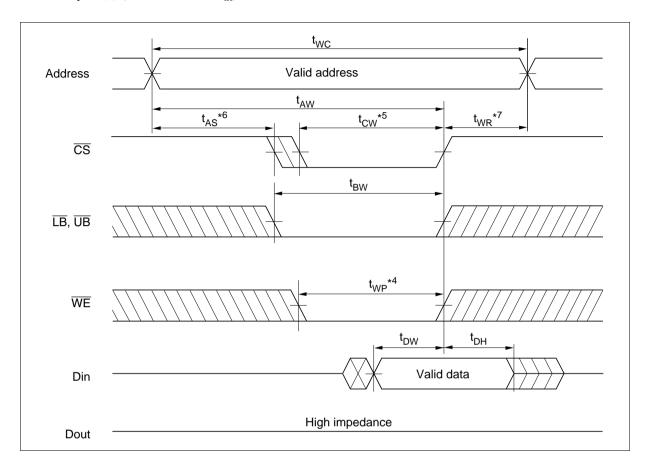
Read Cycle



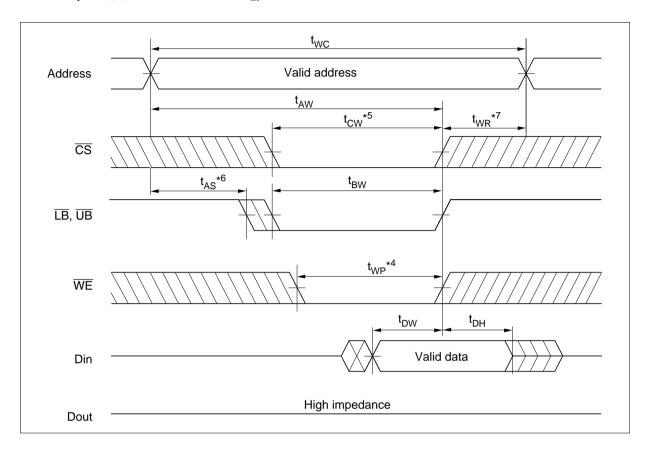
Write Cycle (1) (WE Clock)



Write Cycle (2) ($\overline{\text{CS}}$ Clock, $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$)



Write Cycle (3) (\overline{LB} , \overline{UB} Clock, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$)



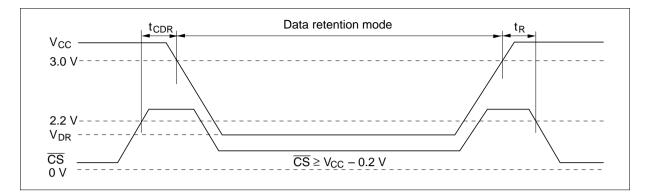
Low V_{CC} **Data Retention Characteristics** ($Ta = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ* ³	³ Max	Unit	Test conditions ^{*2}
V _{cc} for data retention	V_{DR}	2.0	_	_	V	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Vin} \geq 0\text{V} \\ \text{(1)} \ \overline{CS} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V or} \\ \text{(2)} \ \overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \overline{CS} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \end{array}$
Data retention current	I _{CCDR} *1	_	0.8	20	μΑ	$\begin{array}{c} V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin} \ge 0\text{V} \\ \text{(1)} \ \overline{\text{CS}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V or} \\ \text{(2)} \ \overline{\text{LB}} = \overline{\text{UB}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \overline{\text{CS}} \le 0.2 \text{ V} \end{array}$
Chip deselect to data retention time	t _{CDR}	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t _R	t _{RC} *4	_	_	ns	_

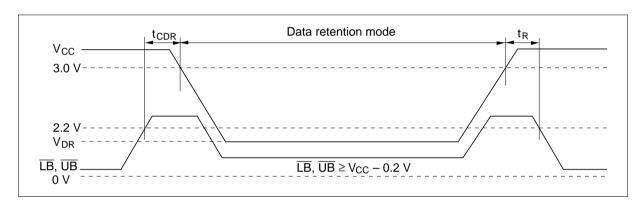
Notes: 1. 10 μ A max. at Ta = 0 to +40°C.

- 2. \overline{CS} controls address buffer, \overline{WE} buffer, \overline{OE} buffer, \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} buffer and Din buffer. If \overline{CS} controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} , \overline{UB} , \overline{UB}) can be in the high impedance state. If \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} controls data retention mode, \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} must be $\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \ge V_{cc} 0.2 \text{ V}$, \overline{CS} must be $\overline{CS} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$. The other input levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , $\overline{I/O}$) can be in the high impedance state.
- 3. Typical values are at V_{cc} = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 °C and not guaranteed.
- 4. t_{RC} = read cycle time.

Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) (\overline{CS} Controlled)

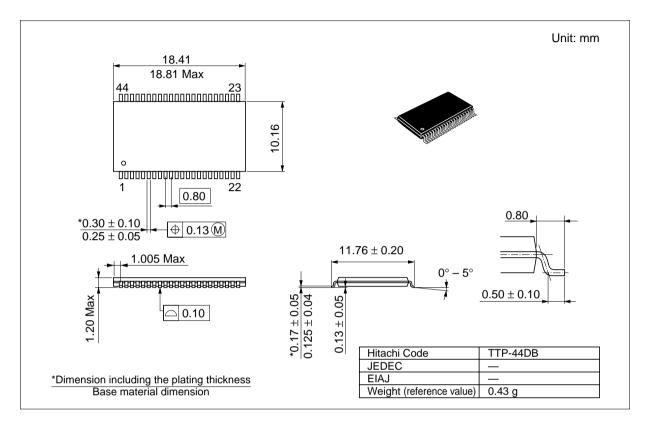


Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (2) $(\overline{LB}, \overline{UB} \ Controlled)$



Package Dimensions

HM62W16258BLTTI Series (TTP-44DB)



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