

APPLICATION NOTE

**50 W base station power amplifier
for DCS1800 and PCS1900**

AN98024

**50 W base station power amplifier for
DCS1800 and PCS1900**

**Application Note
AN98024**

CONTENTS

1	ABSTRACT
2	INTRODUCTION
3	PRE-DRIVER (BFG425W)
4	DRIVER (BGY1816/BGY1916)
5	FINAL STAGE (BLV2046)
6	FULL LINE-UP RESULTS
7	CONCLUSION
8	LINE UP LAYOUT

50 W base station power amplifier for DCS1800 and PCS1900

Application Note AN98024

1 ABSTRACT

In the fast emerging market of wireless communications, ease of design, high performance and low production costs are important design key parameters. This paper describes a 50 W modular base station power amplifier design for DCS1800 and PCS1900. The low cost reliable concept, that allows for very fast design cycles, consists of a 50 W power transistor driven by a power module and a low cost wide band transistor. The design is realised on a low cost substrate material and, at 26 V supply voltage, an overall gain larger than 47 dB has been reached at 50 W continuous wave output power.

2 INTRODUCTION

This paper will discuss the realisation of a 3 stage silicon bipolar 50 W RF line up solution for DCS1800 (1805 to 1880 MHz) and PCS1900 (1930 to 1990 MHz) (GMSK modulation). As a target, the minimum overall gain was set to 47 dB, corresponding with 1 mW input to achieve 50 W (+47 dBm) RF output power into a 50 Ω load. 26 V supply voltage and a bias/switching voltage of 5 V are assumed to be available in base station power supplies. The low loss and low cost printed-circuit board used, is a Rogers RT4000 series epoxy based board (32 mils) with enhanced RF performance compared to FR4.

The design maintains the possibility to test each stage separately as well as the overall performance.

The gain criteria for the line up is defined as follows: pre-driver gain larger than 15 dB, driver gain larger than 24 dB and final stage gain larger than 8 dB. These requirements can be obtained using the following Philips components (see Fig.1): stage 1: BFG425W wide band transistor, stage 2: BGY1816 or BGY1916 power module (depending on the frequency band) and stage 3: BLV2046 Si power transistor. In the following paragraphs these devices will be discussed in detail, the final paragraph will discuss the full line up with measurement results.

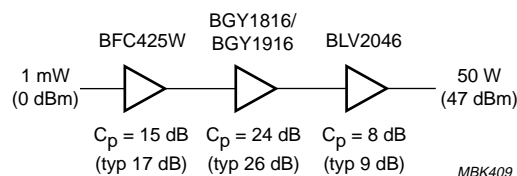


Fig.1 The 50 W line-up.

The pre-driver is biased in class A and matched for wide band operation over 1800 to 2000 MHz (no tune design). The 5 V supply powers the BFG425W and can switch the bias circuit of the module and final amplifier on/off e.g. for trouble shooting of the base station. The module is factory optimised for gain, efficiency and output power for the DCS (BGY1816) and PCS (BGY1916) band with internal biasing circuitry (no tune design). With only design time necessary for the final amplifier (minimum tuning), a quick and cheap base station power amplifier can be designed.

Nominal operating collector efficiency for the module is 35% at 16 W. Bearing this in mind and a 45% typical efficiency of the BLV2046, the overall line-up efficiency is 35% at 50 W.

3 PRE-DRIVER (BFG425W)

The BFG400W series wide band silicon transistors are using Double Poly Silicon technology. With a Ft over 20 GHz, high gain and low noise properties, the BFG400W series can be used for many applications.

To drive the module it is calculated that 20 mW output power is required. The BFG425W is the best choice in the BFG400W series to accomplish this target. With it's small footprint (typ. 2.0×1.25 mm, SOT343R, see Fig.2) and SMD components, a compact pre driver can be build for the module to keep valuable board space to a minimum and take advantage of pick and place machines during production.

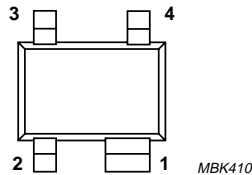


Fig.2 The SOT343R package.

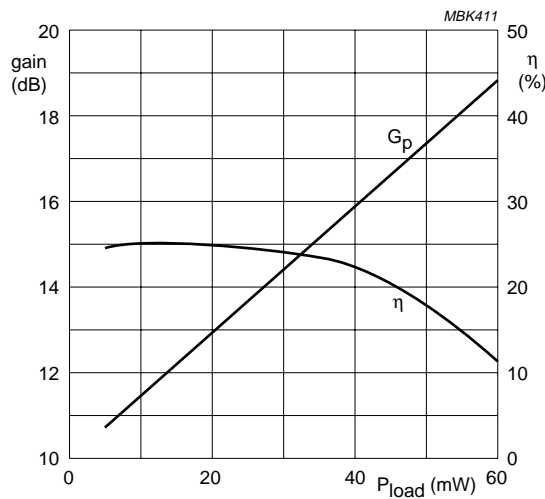


Fig.3 Gain and efficiency of BFG425W.

50 W base station power amplifier for
DCS1800 and PCS1900

Application Note
AN98024

Biased in class A, the BFG425W is set to 30 mA and $V_{CE} = 4$ V, S parameters were measured and analysed for stability, matching and gain flatness. Computer simulations (HP-MDS) calculated the necessary matching component values and topology, optimized for 1800 to 2000 MHz band. Calculations/measurements proved sufficient bandwidth, which allows a design without tuning in production.

Summary of results:

Table 1 The results of the BFG425W

BFG425W	RESULTS	CONDITIONS
Gain	15.0 dB	Pload = 20 mW
P1 dB	45 mW	
Efficiency	33%	Pload = 45 mW
Δ Gain vs. Frequency	<1 dB	
Δ Gain vs. Pload	<1 dB	
Return loss in	<-15 dB	
Return loss out	<-15 dB	

Analysis has proven the BFG425W to deliver sufficient output power and gain to drive the module and final amplifier without running into compression, see Fig.3.

4 DRIVER (BGY1816/BGY1916)

As driver, a power module is used to boost the pre-driver signal sufficiently to drive the final amplifier. Running from a 26 V rail (and 5 V bias) the module can easily generate 16 W of RF power into a 50 Ω load with a gain of 26 dB.

Advantages for using a module are the 50 Ω input and output impedance, the small size and the fact that no tuning is required in production (thus saving production time), all of these reducing Time to Market in both design and production phase of the complete amplifier. In addition the very competitive price of the module is an advantage.

Two modules are available, an 1800 MHz (BGY1816) and a 1900 MHz (BGY1916) version, each factory optimised for output power, gain flatness and efficiency for their particular frequency bands.

AlN is used as substrate carrier for all modules, to eliminate the hazardous BeO for power devices and to keep our environment safe. Al_2O_3 is not preferred in these modules as the temperature handling is roughly 10 times worse than AlN and inserts are necessary for heat sinking for the power related transistors. All traces are thin film, gold metallized, on the AlN substrate, thus guaranteeing a consistent product during production.

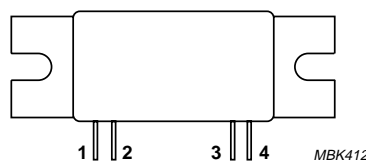


Fig.4 The SOT365 package.

50 W base station power amplifier for DCS1800 and PCS1900

Application Note AN98024

The module consists of 3 stages silicon bipolar transistors. The package used is a SOT365 (16.5 × 48.0 mm, see Fig.4). The first stage is biased in class A to obtain high gain, linearity and a constant 50 Ω input impedance. The second and final stages are biased in class AB to increase the efficiency.

Each transistor is internally biased with a temperature compensated network. With these networks it is possible to adjust each individual transistor during production (if necessary) to assure specified gain expansion over power sweep and temperature range up to 85 °C.

An equaliser matching network between first and second stage is placed to control the gain slope over frequency. All RF-related dies are pre-matched with MOS capacitors to minimise component losses and guarantee (constant Q) gain performance during production. The matching networks consists of 0603 capacitors and distributed inductors. The final stage uses a collector matching network to improve broadband performance and efficiency. The final stage consists of 4 dies in parallel, each die capable to produce 6 W of RF power, thus producing 24 W of RF power in saturation. IR scans proved during RF operation (16 W) and under load mismatch condition (VSWR 1 : 5, all phases) that the junction temperature of any die remains well under 170 °C with a Tmb equal to 85 °C, necessary to guarantee module reliability and MTBF. Figure 5 shows the typical gain and efficiency performance of the BGY1816 module.

Summary of results:

Table 2 The results of the BGY1816

BGY1816	RESULTS
Gain	26 dB (typical, min spec 24 dB)
Efficiency	>30% @ 16 W
Psaturation	>22 W
Gain expansion	<1 dB
Gain ripple	<2 dB
DIMD	<-55 dBc (16 W, -40 dBc) @ 100 kHz
RIMD	<-55 dBc (16 W, -35 dBc) @ 100 kHz
IMD	<-23 dBc @ 16 W PEP @ 100 kHz
Ruggedness	1 : 5 all phases
Return loss input	<-15 dB
2nd Harmonic	<-40 dBc @ 16 W

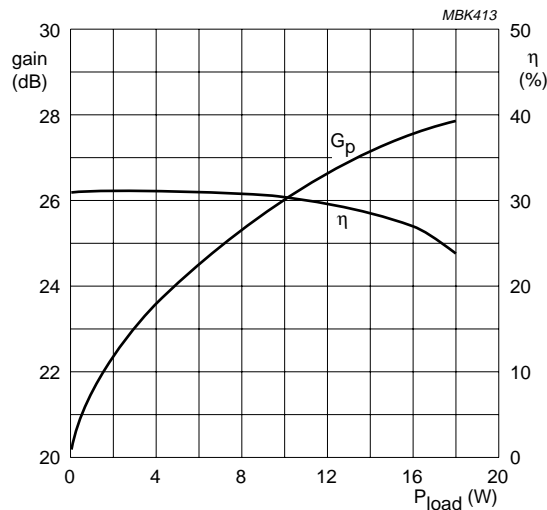


Fig.5 Gain and efficiency of BGY1816.

Due to its compact size and high degree of integration, one saves valuable board space and keeps component costs and count down. Using an external pre-driver with this module a cheap and small line up can be designed for a micro cell or used as driver for a final amplifier.

5 FINAL STAGE (BLV2046)

As final stage the BLV2046 is used. The BLV2046 is a silicon NPN planar epitaxial transistor used in a class-AB common emitter configuration, capable of 50 W RF power with more than 8 dB gain and an efficiency larger than 40% in the 1805 to 1990 MHz band.

The transistor dies use a sub-micron interdigitated bipolar technology. To improve thermal stability and ruggedness, emitter ballasting resistors are used in combination with high breakdown voltages (typ. 80 V with open emitter).

The BLV2046 has internal input and output matching networks using MOS capacitors which allow an easier matching design for wide band circuits, and guarantee constant Q, gain performance and impedance behaviour during production. The TiPtAu top metallization ensures an excellent MTBF.

The encapsulation is a SOT460A package (22.9 × 6.3 mm) with a ceramic cap. The SOT460A (see Fig.6) is a non hermetic low cost package with very good thermal characteristics and low emitter inductance by means of metallized via holes.

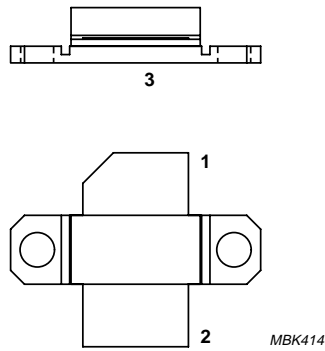


Fig.6 The SOT460A package.

To achieve the best compromise between gain expansion/linearity and efficiency, the BLV2046 is biased at 26 V with a quiescent current of 600 mA.

Summary of results:

Table 3 The results of the BLV2046

BLV2046	TYPICAL	CONDITIONS
Gain (dB)	8.5	at 50 W output power
Efficiency (%)	45	at 50 W output power
Gain expansion (dB)	<1	1 805 to 1 880 MHz
Gain ripple (dB)	<1	1 805 to 1 880 MHz
IMD (dBc)	-35	Pload = 50 W (PEP) @ Icq = 200 mA

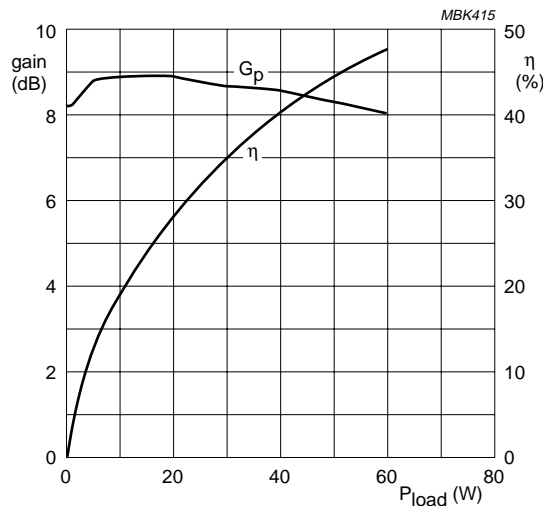


Fig.7 Gain and efficiency of the BLV2046.

The BLV2046 has proven to be a powerful single ended 50 W NPN silicon bipolar transistor as final stage to achieve a low cost, easy design, high efficiency and high gain amplifier. Although specified a 50 W transistor at 26 V supply, the transistor can easily generate 60 W of RF power with a (typical) gain of 8 dB and a (typical) efficiency of 45% into a 50 Ω load, see Fig.7.

6 FULL LINE-UP RESULTS

The full line up has been build on Rogers RT4000 series (32 mils), an epoxy based circuit board, closely resembling printed-circuit board used in the field. The line up exists of two boards one containing the pre-driver and driver, the second accommodates the final amplifier.

The two circuit boards are mounted on a brass base plate, which is mounted on a heat sink using forced air cooling.

As all inputs and outputs of the 3 stages are 50 Ω , the individual stages can easily be checked for performance or trouble shooting.

On the (pre)driver board a provision is made for a 5 V stabilising IC, powerful enough to feed the BGF425W, BGY1816 and the bias of the BLV2046.

During the tests the mounting base plate temperature was measured between 55 and 60 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{amb} = 24$ $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

As mentioned earlier, the line-up is a practically no tune design. To obtain maximum performance from the loading circuit of the BLV2046 one tuning capacitor has been used. Measurements of the output returnloss proved better then -10 dB.

50 W base station power amplifier for
DCS1800 and PCS1900

Application Note
AN98024

Summary of results:

Table 4 The results of the total line-up

FULL LINE UP	RESULTS	CONDITIONS
Gain	>50 dB	Pload = 50 W
Efficiency	>36%	Pload = 50 W
Δ Gain vs. frequency	<2 dB	1805 – 1880 MHz
Δ Gain vs. Pload	<1 dB	Pload 1 – 50 W
Tmb	57 °C	T _{amb} = 25 °C
Return loss in	<-15 dB	Pload = 50 W
Return loss output	<-10 dB	
2nd Harmonic	<-35 dBc	

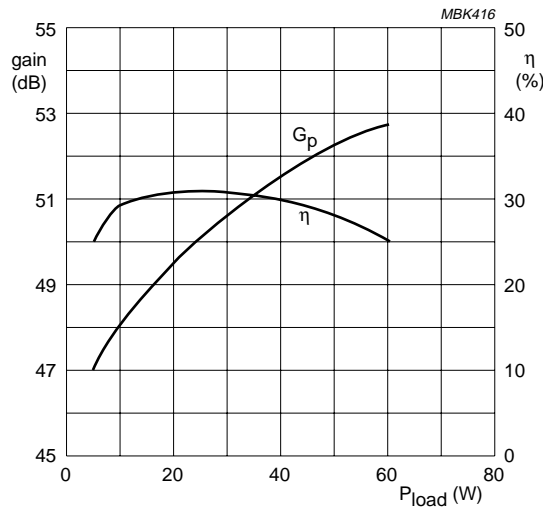


Fig.8 Gain and efficiency of the line-up.

7 CONCLUSION

A 50 W full line up base station amplifier has been presented for the PCS/DCS band. It has been proven that the line up can generate 50 W of RF output power with an overall gain larger than 47 dB with an overall efficiency of 36%. No instabilities were noticed in spite of the large gain. Gain flatness and gain expansion are smaller than 2 dB over the band and power range.

Using the combination BFG425W, BGY1816/BGY1916 and BLV2046 one can design a low cost PCS/DCS amplifier in a very short design cycle time. It is easy to manufacture, requires minimum tuning and small circuit board surface area.

8 LINE UP LAYOUT

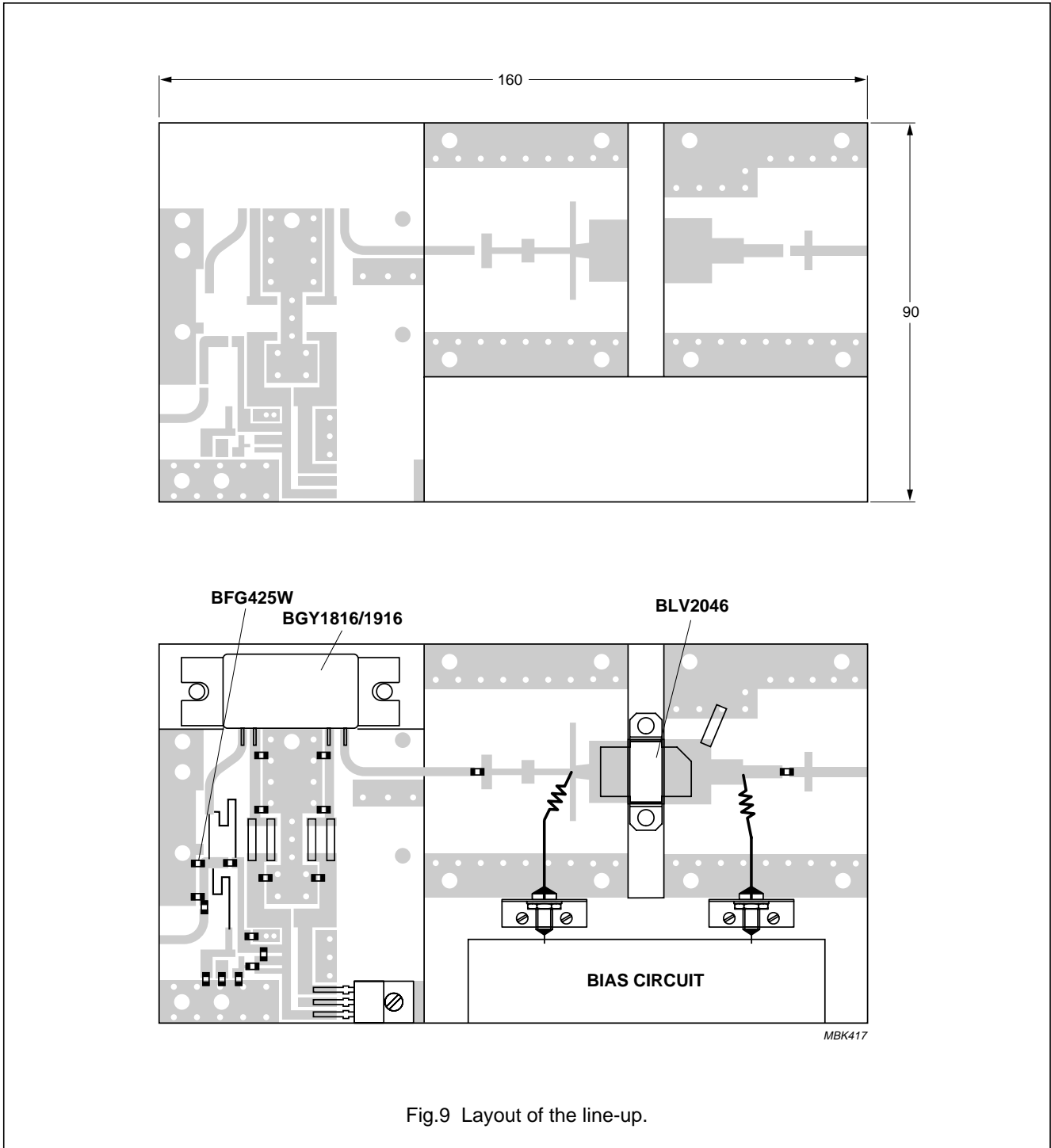


Fig.9 Layout of the line-up.

Remark: Fig.9 shows the layout of the 50 W line-up used to test the overall performance. It is meant as a demo-board, giving maximum flexibility for evaluation. For production the size of this board (160 × 90 mm) can easily be reduced by 50%.

Philips Semiconductors – a worldwide company

Argentina: see South America

Australia: 34 Waterloo Road, NORTH RYDE, NSW 2113,
Tel. +61 2 9805 4455, Fax. +61 2 9805 4466

Austria: Computerstr. 6, A-1101 WIEN, P.O. Box 213, Tel. +43 160 1010,
Fax. +43 160 101 1210

Belarus: Hotel Minsk Business Center, Bld. 3, r. 1211, Volodarski Str. 6,
220050 MINSK, Tel. +375 172 200 733, Fax. +375 172 200 773

Belgium: see The Netherlands

Brazil: see South America

Bulgaria: Philips Bulgaria Ltd., Energoproject, 15th floor,
51 James Bourchier Blvd., 1407 SOFIA,
Tel. +359 2 689 211, Fax. +359 2 689 102

Canada: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS/COMPONENTS,
Tel. +1 800 234 7381

China/Hong Kong: 501 Hong Kong Industrial Technology Centre,
72 Tat Chee Avenue, Kowloon Tong, HONG KONG,
Tel. +852 2319 7888, Fax. +852 2319 7700

Colombia: see South America

Czech Republic: see Austria

Denmark: Prags Boulevard 80, PB 1919, DK-2300 COPENHAGEN S,
Tel. +45 32 88 2636, Fax. +45 31 57 0044

Finland: Sinikalliontie 3, FIN-02630 ESPOO,
Tel. +358 9 615800, Fax. +358 9 61580920

France: 51 Rue Carnot, BP317, 92156 SURESNES Cedex,
Tel. +33 1 40 99 6161, Fax. +33 1 40 99 6427

Germany: Hammerbrookstraße 69, D-20097 HAMBURG,
Tel. +49 40 23 53 60, Fax. +49 40 23 536 300

Greece: No. 15, 25th March Street, GR 17778 TAVROS/ATHENS,
Tel. +30 1 4894 339/239, Fax. +30 1 4814 240

Hungary: see Austria

India: Philips INDIA Ltd, Band Box Building, 2nd floor,
254-D, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, MUMBAI 400 025,
Tel. +91 22 493 8541, Fax. +91 22 493 0966

Indonesia: see Singapore

Ireland: Newstead, Clonskeagh, DUBLIN 14,
Tel. +353 1 7640 000, Fax. +353 1 7640 200

Israel: RAPAC Electronics, 7 Kehilat Saloniki St, PO Box 18053,
TEL AVIV 61180, Tel. +972 3 645 0444, Fax. +972 3 649 1007

Italy: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS, Piazza IV Novembre 3,
20124 MILANO, Tel. +39 2 6752 2531, Fax. +39 2 6752 2557

Japan: Philips Bldg 13-37, Kohnan 2-chome, Minato-ku, TOKYO 108,
Tel. +81 3 3740 5130, Fax. +81 3 3740 5077

Korea: Philips House, 260-199 Itaewon-dong, Yongsan-ku, SEOUL,
Tel. +82 2 709 1412, Fax. +82 2 709 1415

Malaysia: No. 76 Jalan Universiti, 46200 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR,
Tel. +60 3 750 5214, Fax. +60 3 757 4880

Mexico: 5900 Gateway East, Suite 200, EL PASO, TEXAS 79905,
Tel. +9-5 800 234 7381

Middle East: see Italy

Netherlands: Postbus 90050, 5600 PB EINDHOVEN, Bldg. VB,
Tel. +31 40 27 82785, Fax. +31 40 27 88399

New Zealand: 2 Wagener Place, C.P.O. Box 1041, AUCKLAND,
Tel. +64 9 849 4160, Fax. +64 9 849 7811

Norway: Box 1, Manglerud 0612, OSLO,
Tel. +47 22 74 8000, Fax. +47 22 74 8341

Philippines: Philips Semiconductors Philippines Inc.,
106 Valero St. Salcedo Village, P.O. Box 2108 MCC, MAKATI,
Metro MANILA, Tel. +63 2 816 6380, Fax. +63 2 817 3474

Poland: Ul. Lukiska 10, PL 04-123 WARSZAWA,
Tel. +48 22 612 2831, Fax. +48 22 612 2327

Portugal: see Spain

Romania: see Italy

Russia: Philips Russia, Ul. Usatcheva 35A, 119048 MOSCOW,
Tel. +7 095 755 6918, Fax. +7 095 755 6919

Singapore: Lorong 1, Toa Payoh, SINGAPORE 1231,
Tel. +65 350 2538, Fax. +65 251 6500

Slovakia: see Austria

Slovenia: see Italy

South Africa: S.A. PHILIPS Pty Ltd., 195-215 Main Road Martindale,
2092 JOHANNESBURG, P.O. Box 7430 Johannesburg 2000,
Tel. +27 11 470 5911, Fax. +27 11 470 5494

South America: Al. Vicente Pinzon, 173, 6th floor,
04547-130 SÃO PAULO, SP, Brazil,
Tel. +55 11 821 2333, Fax. +55 11 821 2382

Spain: Balmes 22, 08007 BARCELONA,
Tel. +34 3 301 6312, Fax. +34 3 301 4107

Sweden: Kottbygatan 7, Akalla, S-16485 STOCKHOLM,
Tel. +46 8 632 2000, Fax. +46 8 632 2745

Switzerland: Allmendstrasse 140, CH-8027 ZÜRICH,
Tel. +41 1 488 2686, Fax. +41 1 488 3263

Taiwan: Philips Semiconductors, 6F, No. 96, Chien Kuo N. Rd., Sec. 1,
TAIPEI, Taiwan Tel. +886 2 2134 2865, Fax. +886 2 2134 2874

Thailand: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) Ltd.,
209/2 Sanpavuth-Bangna Road Prakanong, BANGKOK 10260,
Tel. +66 2 745 4090, Fax. +66 2 398 0793

Turkey: Talatpasa Cad. No. 5, 80640 GÜLTEPE/ISTANBUL,
Tel. +90 212 279 2770, Fax. +90 212 282 6707

Ukraine: PHILIPS UKRAINE, 4 Patrice Lumumba str., Building B, Floor 7,
252042 KIEV, Tel. +380 44 264 2776, Fax. +380 44 268 0461

United Kingdom: Philips Semiconductors Ltd., 276 Bath Road, Hayes,
MIDDLESEX UB3 5BX, Tel. +44 181 730 5000, Fax. +44 181 754 8421

United States: 811 East Arques Avenue, SUNNYVALE, CA 94088-3409,
Tel. +1 800 234 7381

Uruguay: see South America

Vietnam: see Singapore

Yugoslavia: PHILIPS, Trg N. Pasica 5/v, 11000 BEOGRAD,
Tel. +381 11 625 344, Fax. +381 11 635 777

For all other countries apply to: Philips Semiconductors,
International Marketing & Sales Communications, Building BE-p, P.O. Box 218,
5600 MD EINDHOVEN, The Netherlands, Fax. +31 40 27 24825

Internet: <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

© Philips Electronics N.V. 1998

SCA57

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in The Netherlands

Date of release: 1998 Mar 23

Let's make things better.

**Philips
Semiconductors**



PHILIPS

SUNSTAR 商斯达实业集团是集研发、生产、工程、销售、代理经销、技术咨询、信息服务等为一体的高科技企业，是专业高科技电子产品生产厂家，是具有 10 多年历史的专业电子元器件供应商，是中国最早和最大的仓储式连锁规模经营大型综合电子零部件代理分销商之一，是一家专业代理和分销世界各大品牌 IC 芯片和电子元器件的连锁经营综合性国际公司，专业经营进口、国产名厂名牌电子元件，型号、种类齐全。在香港、北京、深圳、上海、西安、成都等全国主要电子市场设有直属分公司和产品展示展销窗口门市部专卖店及代理分销商，已在全国范围内建成强大统一的供货和代理分销网络。我们专业代理经销、开发生产电子元器件、集成电路、传感器、微波光电元器件、工控机/DOC/DOM 电子盘、专用电路、单片机开发、MCU/DSP/ARM/FPGA 软件硬件、二极管、三极管、模块等，是您可靠的一站式现货配套供应商、方案提供商、部件功能模块开发配套商。商斯达实业公司拥有庞大的资料库，有数位毕业于著名高校——有中国电子工业摇篮之称的西安电子科技大学（西军电）并长期从事国防尖端科技研究的高级工程师为您精挑细选、量身订做各种高科技电子元器件，并解决各种技术问题。

微波光电部专业代理经销高频、微波、光纤、光电元器件、组件、部件、模块、整机；电磁兼容元器件、材料、设备；微波 CAD、EDA 软件、开发测试仿真工具；微波、光纤仪器仪表。欢迎国外高科技微波、光纤厂商将优秀产品介绍到中国、共同开拓市场。长期大量现货专业批发高频、微波、卫星、光纤、电视、CATV 器件：晶振、VCO、连接器、PIN 开关、变容二极管、开关二极管、低噪晶体管、功率电阻及电容、放大器、功率管、MMIC、混频器、耦合器、功分器、振荡器、合成器、衰减器、滤波器、隔离器、环行器、移相器、调制解调器；光电子元件和组件：红外发射管、红外接收管、光电开关、光敏管、发光二极管和发光二极管组件、半导体激光二极管和激光器组件、光电探测器和光接收组件、光发射接收模块、光纤激光器和光放大器、光调制器、光开关、DWDM 用光发射和接收器件、用户接入系统光收发器件与模块、光纤连接器、光纤跳线/尾纤、光衰减器、光纤适配器、光隔离器、光耦合器、光环行器、光复用器/转换器；无线收发芯片和模组、蓝牙芯片和模组。

更多产品请看本公司产品专用销售网站：

商斯达中国传感器科技信息网：<http://www.sensor-ic.com/>

商斯达工控安防网：<http://www.pc-ps.net/>

商斯达电子元器件网：<http://www.sunstare.com/>

商斯达微波光电产品网：[HTTP://www.rfoe.net/](http://www.rfoe.net/)

商斯达消费电子产品网：<http://www.icasic.com/>

商斯达实业科技产品网：<http://www.sunstars.cn/> 微波元器件销售热线：

地址：深圳市福田区福华路福庆街鸿图大厦 1602 室

电话：0755-82884100 83397033 83396822 83398585

传真：0755-83376182 (0) 13823648918 MSN: SUNS8888@hotmail.com

邮编：518033 E-mail:szss20@163.com QQ: 195847376

深圳赛格展销部：深圳华强北路赛格电子市场 2583 号 电话：0755-83665529 25059422

技术支持：0755-83394033 13501568376

欢迎索取免费详细资料、设计指南和光盘；产品凡多，未能尽录，欢迎来电查询。

北京分公司：北京海淀区知春路 132 号中发电子大厦 3097 号

TEL: 010-81159046 82615020 13501189838 FAX: 010-62543996

上海分公司：上海市北京东路 668 号上海赛格电子市场 D125 号

TEL: 021-28311762 56703037 13701955389 FAX: 021-56703037

西安分公司：西安高新开发区 20 所(中国电子科技集团导航技术研究所)

西安劳动南路 88 号电子商城二楼 D23 号

TEL: 029-81022619 13072977981 FAX:029-88789382