

# DATA SHEET

## **BLW86** HF/VHF power transistor

Product specification

August 1986

# HF/VHF power transistor

# BLW86

### DESCRIPTION

N-P-N silicon planar epitaxial transistor intended for use in class-A, AB and B operated h.f. and v.h.f. transmitters with a nominal supply voltage of 28 V. The transistor is resistance stabilized and is guaranteed to withstand severe load mismatch conditions. Matched  $h_{FE}$  groups are available on request.

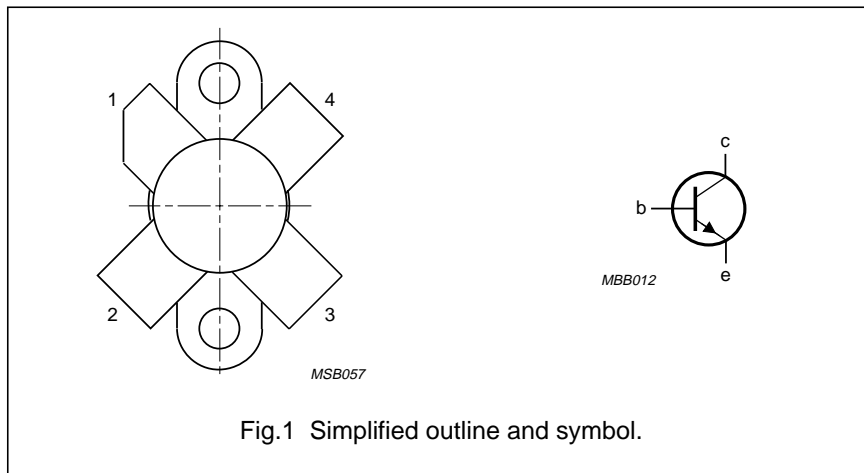
It has a 3/8" flange envelope with a ceramic cap. All leads are isolated from the flange.

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

R.F. performance up to  $T_h = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

MODE OF OPERATION	$V_{CE}$ V	f MHz	$P_L$ W	$G_p$ dB	$\eta$ %	$\bar{z}_i$ $\Omega$	$\bar{Y}_L$ mS	$d_3$ dB
c.w. (class-B)	28	175	45	> 7,5	> 70	$0,7 + j1,3$	$110 - j62$	-
s.s.b. (class-AB)	28	1,6 - 28	5-47,5 (P.E.P.)	typ. 19	typ. 45	-	-	typ. -30
s.s.b. (class-A)	26	1,6 - 28	17 (P.E.P.)	typ. 22	-	-	-	typ. -42

### PIN CONFIGURATION



### PINNING - SOT123

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	collector
2	emitter
3	base
4	emitter

**PRODUCT SAFETY** This device incorporates beryllium oxide, the dust of which is toxic. The device is entirely safe provided that the BeO disc is not damaged.

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## RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )

peak value

$V_{CESM}$  max. 65 V

Collector-emitter voltage (open base)

$V_{CEO}$  max. 36 V

Emitter-base voltage (open-collector)

$V_{EBO}$  max. 4 V

Collector current (average)

$I_{C(AV)}$  max. 4 A

Collector current (peak value);  $f > 1$  MHz

$I_{CM}$  max. 12 A

R.F. power dissipation ( $f > 1$  MHz);  $T_{mb} = 25$  °C

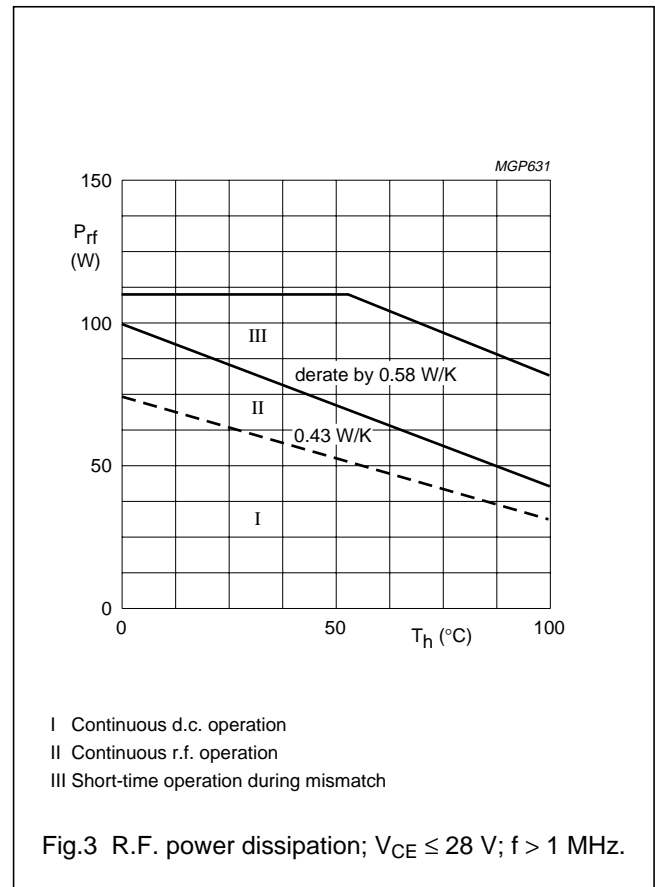
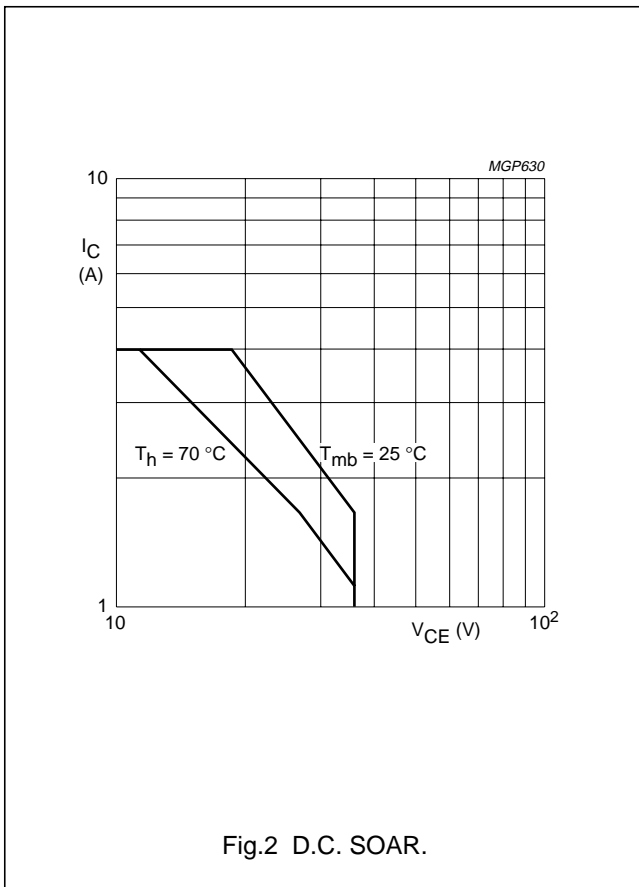
$P_{rf}$  max. 105 W

Storage temperature

$T_{stg}$  -65 to + 150 °C

Operating junction temperature

$T_j$  max. 200 °C



## THERMAL RESISTANCE

(dissipation = 45 W;  $T_{mb} = 83,5$  °C, i.e.  $T_h = 70$  °C)

From junction to mounting base (d.c. dissipation)

$R_{th\ j-mb(dc)}$  = 2,65 K/W

From junction to mounting base (r.f. dissipation)

$R_{th\ j-mb(rf)}$  = 1,95 K/W

From mounting base to heatsink

$R_{th\ mb-h}$  = 0,3 K/W

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**CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage

$V_{BE} = 0; I_C = 25\text{ mA}$

$V_{(BR)CES} > 65\text{ V}$

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage

open base;  $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$

$V_{(BR)CEO} > 36\text{ V}$

Emitter-base breakdown voltage

open collector;  $I_E = 10\text{ mA}$

$V_{(BR)EBO} > 4\text{ V}$

Collector cut-off current

$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = 36\text{ V}$

$I_{CES} < 10\text{ mA}$

Second breakdown energy;  $L = 25\text{ mH}; f = 50\text{ Hz}$

open base

$E_{SBO} > 8\text{ mJ}$

$R_{BE} = 10\ \Omega$

$E_{SBR} > 8\text{ mJ}$

D.C. current gain<sup>(1)</sup>

$I_C = 2,5\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$

$h_{FE}$  typ. 45  
10 to 80

D.C. current gain ratio of matched devices<sup>(1)</sup>

$I_C = 2,5\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$

$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2} < 1,2$

Collector-emitter saturation voltage<sup>(1)</sup>

$I_C = 7,5\text{ A}; I_B = 1,5\text{ A}$

$V_{CEsat}$  typ. 1,5 V

Transition frequency at  $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ <sup>(1)</sup>

$-I_E = 2,5\text{ A}; V_{CB} = 28\text{ V}$

$f_T$  typ. 570 MHz

$-I_E = 7,5\text{ A}; V_{CB} = 28\text{ V}$

$f_T$  typ. 570 MHz

Collector capacitance at  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

$I_E = I_e = 0; V_{CB} = 28\text{ V}$

$C_c$  typ. 82 pF

Feedback capacitance at  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

$I_C = 100\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 28\text{ V}$

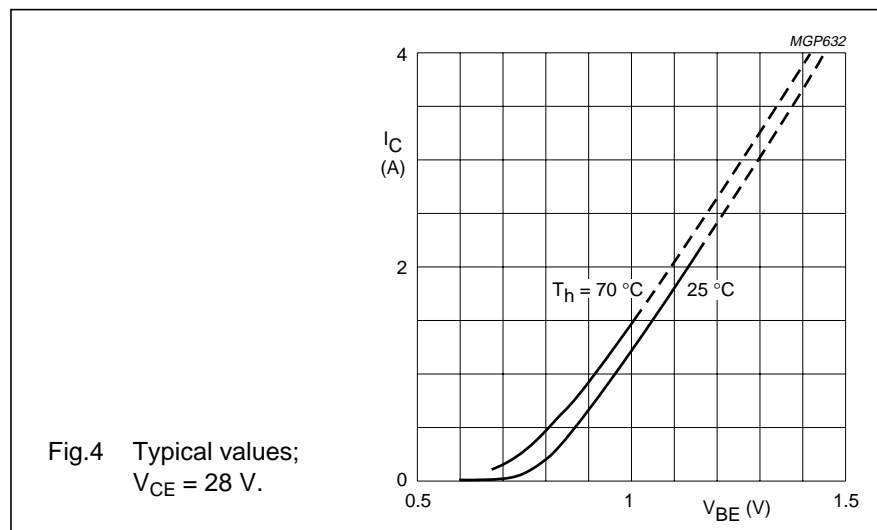
$C_{re}$  typ. 54 pF

Collector-flange capacitance

$C_{cf}$  typ. 2 pF

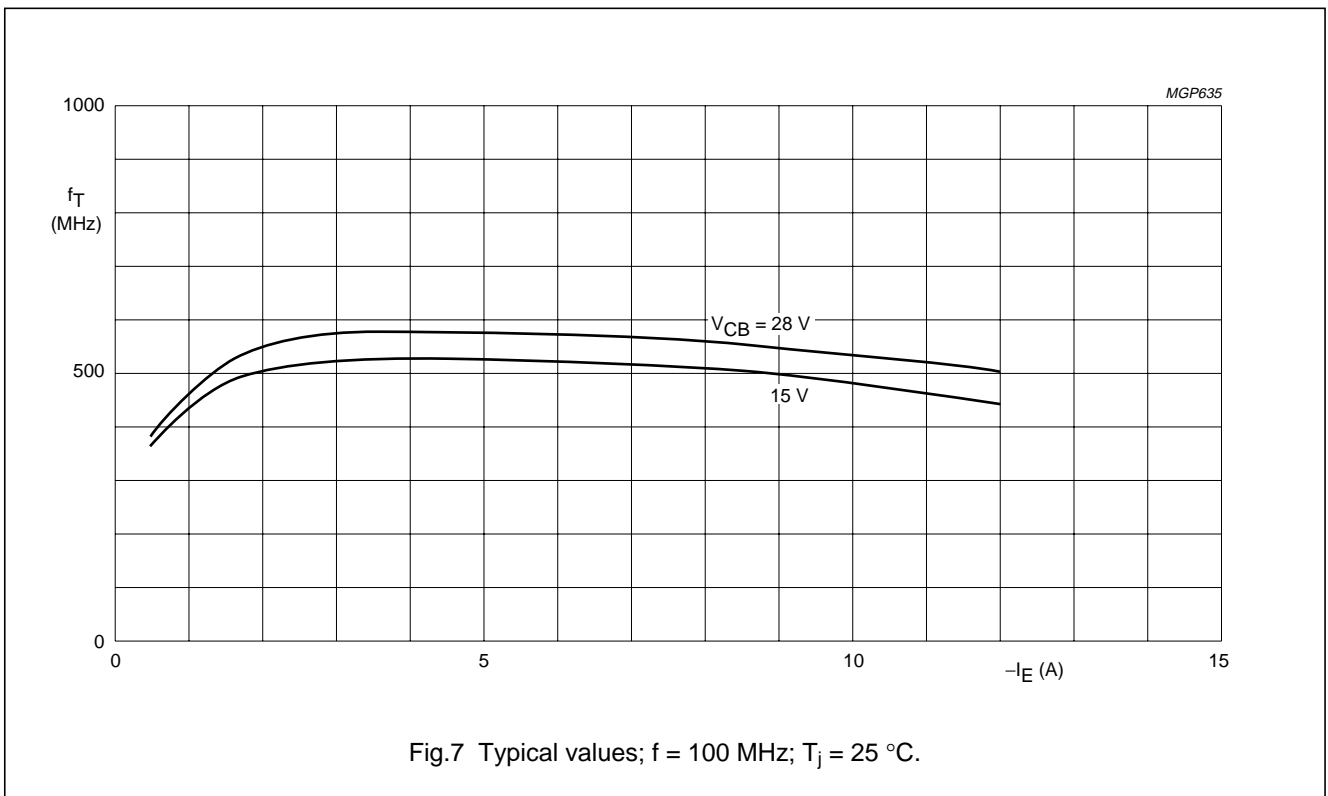
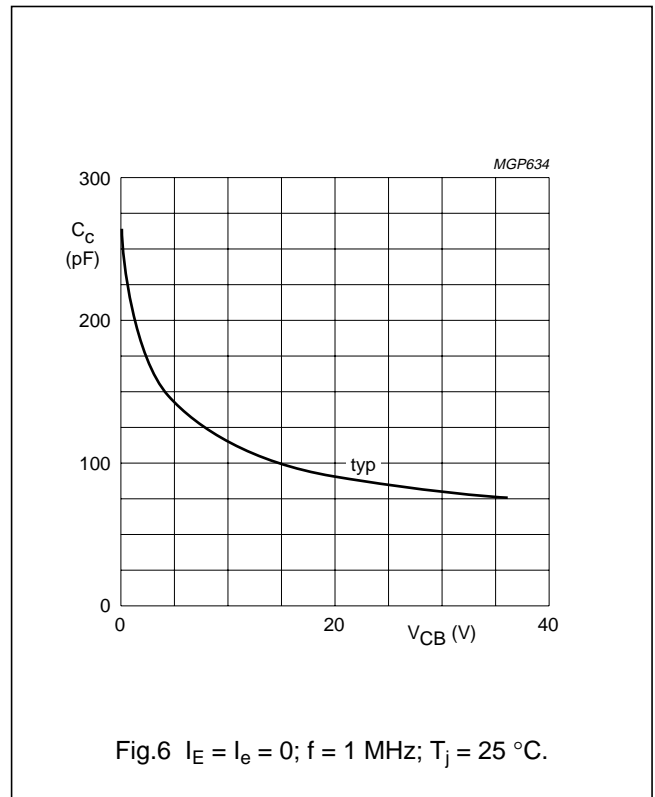
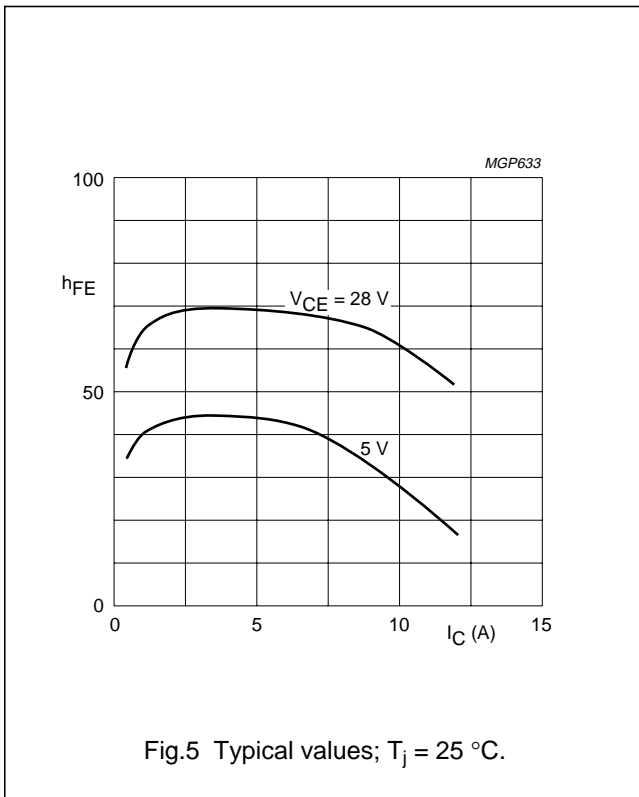
**Note**

1. Measured under pulse conditions:  $t_p \leq 200\ \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0,02$ .



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## APPLICATION INFORMATION

R.F. performance in c.w. operation (unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit);  $T_h = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 

f (MHz)	$V_{CE}$ (V)	$P_L$ (W)	$P_S$ (W)	$G_P$ (dB)	$I_C$ (A)	$\eta$ (%)	$\bar{z}_i$ ( $\Omega$ )	$\bar{Y}_L$ (mS)
175	28	45	< 8	> 7,5	< 2,47	> 70	$0,7 + j1,3$	$110 - j62$

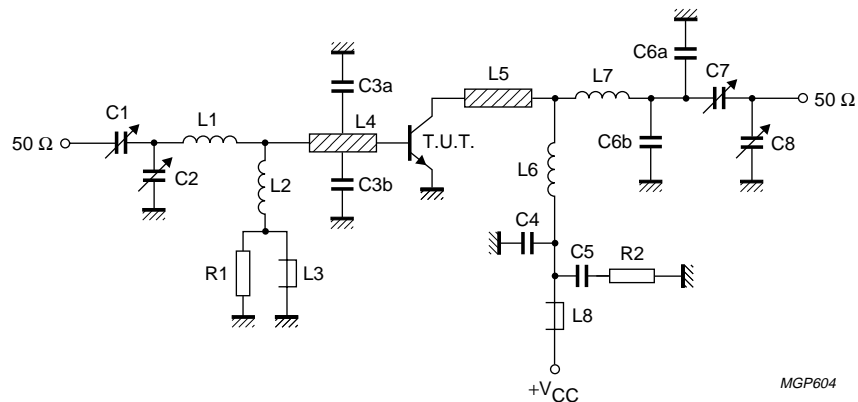


Fig.8 Test circuit; c.w. class-B.

## List of components:

- C1 = C7 = 2,5 to 20 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07004)
- C2 = 5 to 60 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07011)
- C3a = C3b = 47 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C4 = 120 pF ceramic capacitor
- C5 = 100 nF polyester capacitor
- C6a = 2,2 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C6b = 1,8 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C8 = 4 to 40 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07008)
- L1 = 14 nH; 1 turn Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 7,7 mm; leads  $2 \times 5$  mm
- L2 = 100 nH; 7 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (0,5 mm); int. dia. 3 mm; leads  $2 \times 5$  mm
- L3 = L8 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)
- L4 = L5 = strip (12 mm  $\times$  6 mm); taps for C3a and C3b at 5 mm from transistor
- L6 = 80 nH; 3 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; length 8,0 mm; leads  $2 \times 5$  mm
- L7 = 62 nH; 3 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 7,5 mm; length 8,1 mm; leads  $2 \times 5$  mm

L4 and L5 are strips on a double Cu-clad printed-circuit board with epoxy fibre-glass dielectric, thickness 1/6".

R1 = R2 = 10  $\Omega$  carbon resistor

Component layout and printed-circuit board for 175 MHz test circuit see Fig.9.

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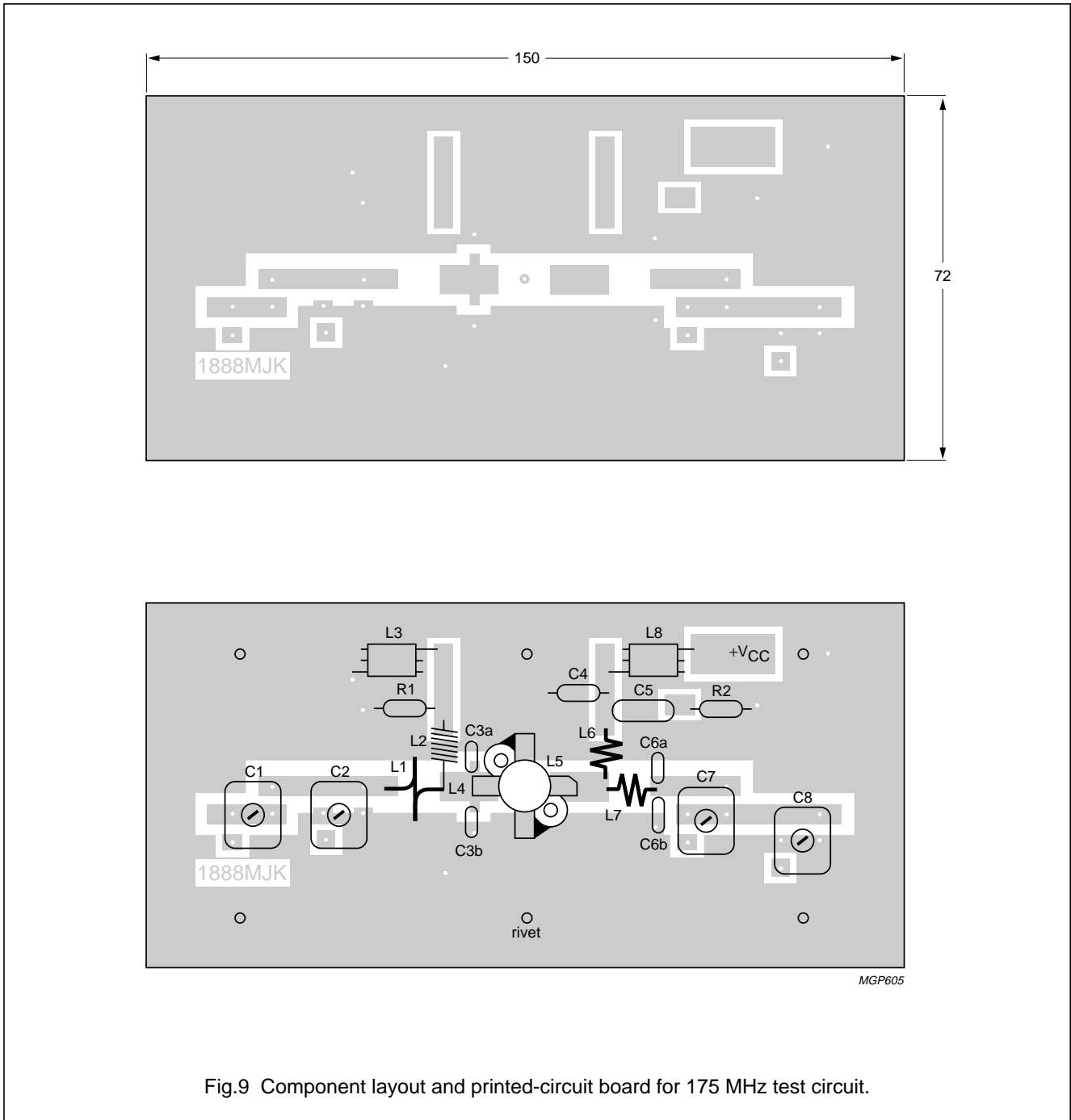


Fig.9 Component layout and printed-circuit board for 175 MHz test circuit.

The circuit and the components are situated on one side of the epoxy fibre-glass board, the other side being fully metallized to serve as earth. Earth connections are made by means of hollow rivets, whilst under the emitter leads Cu straps are used for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.

To minimize the dielectric losses, the ground plane under the interconnection of L7 and C7 has been removed.

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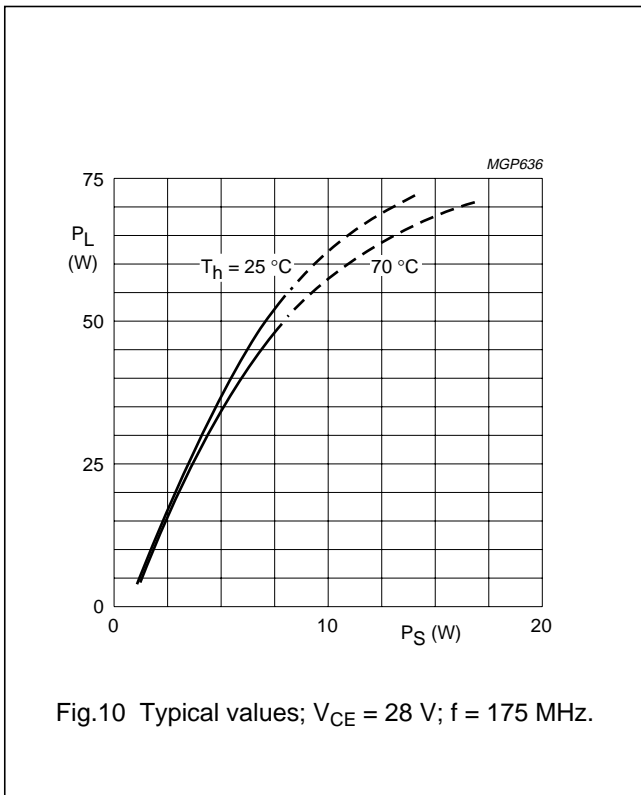


Fig.10 Typical values;  $V_{CE} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $f = 175\text{ MHz}$ .

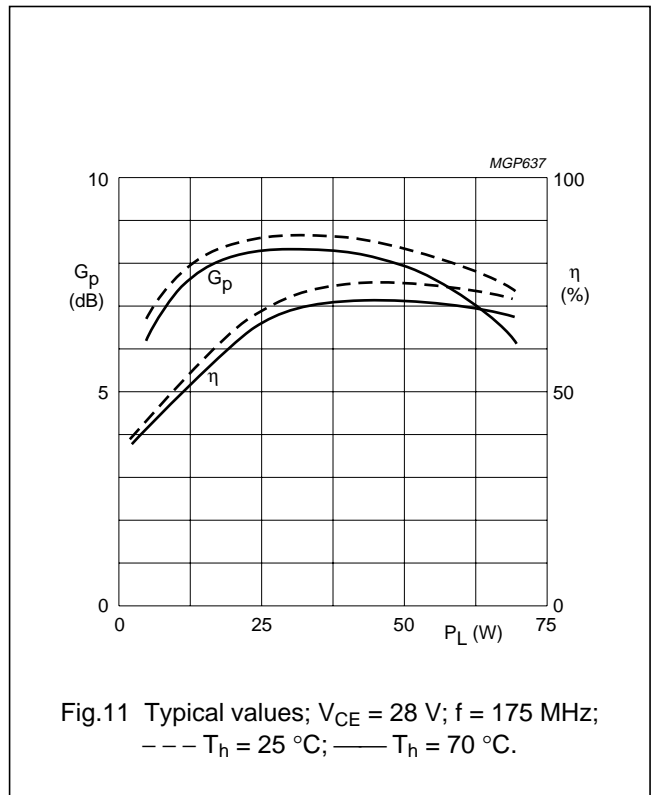
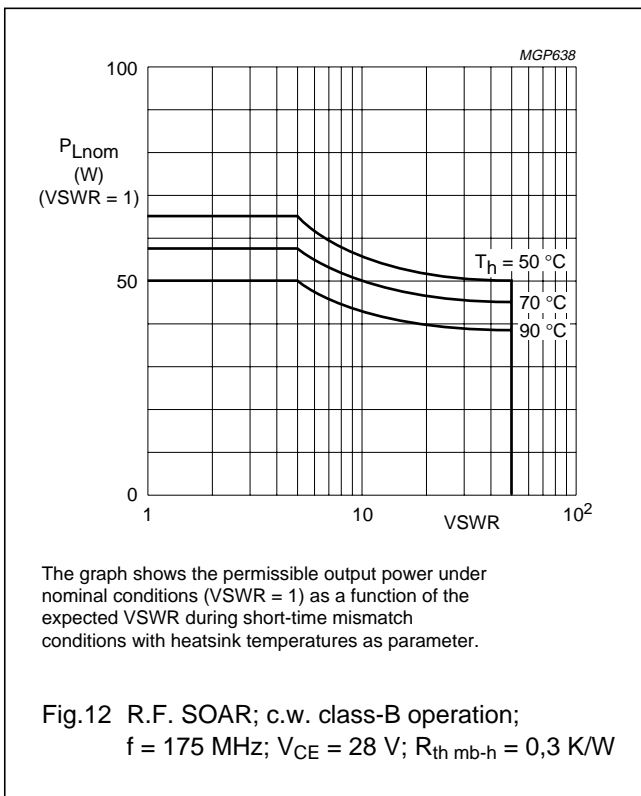


Fig.11 Typical values;  $V_{CE} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $f = 175\text{ MHz}$ ;  
 ---  $T_h = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; —  $T_h = 70^\circ\text{C}$ .



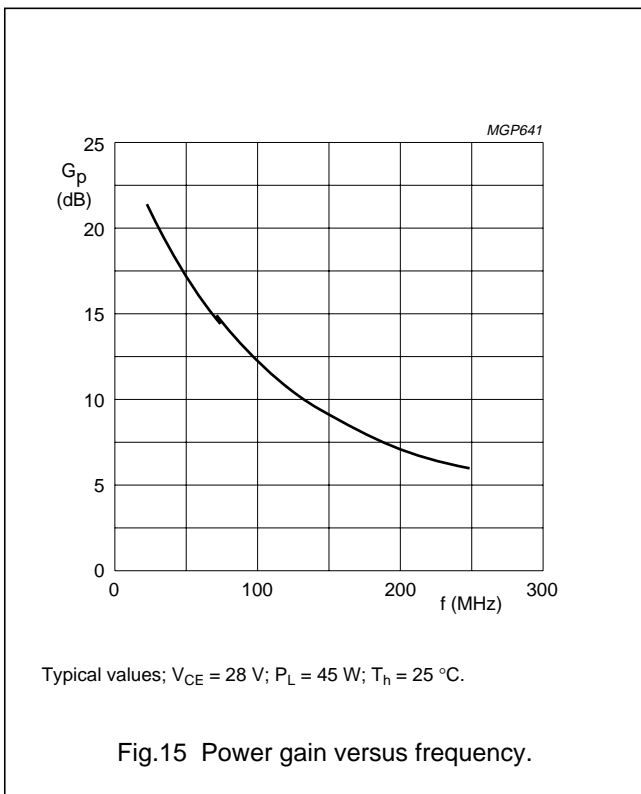
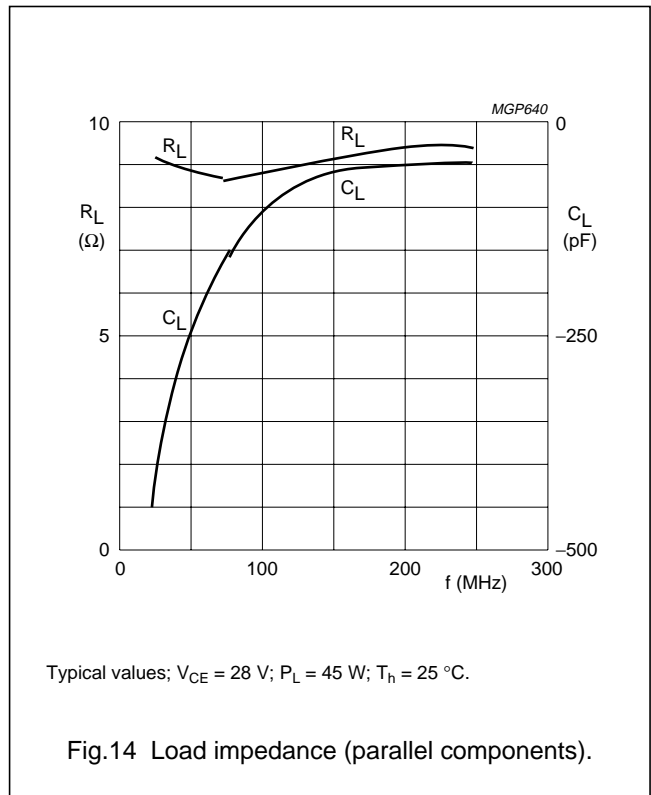
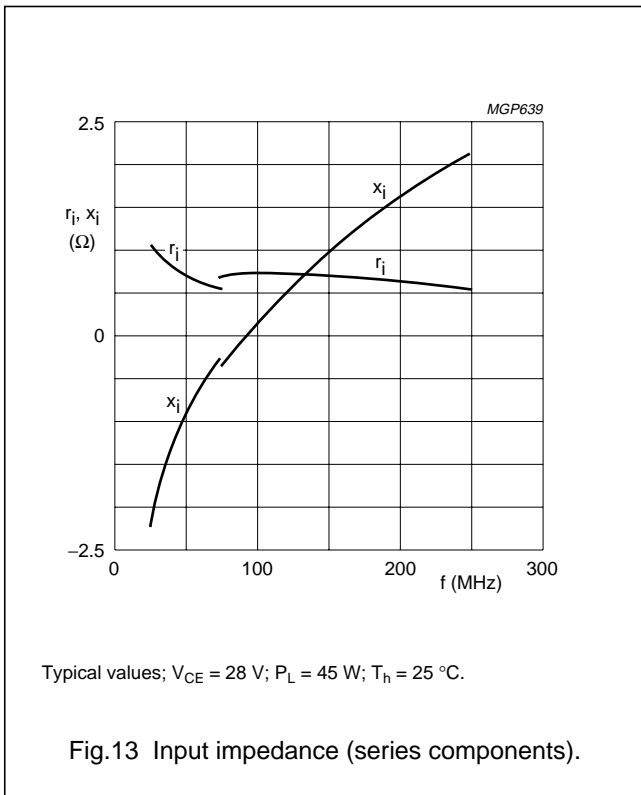
The graph shows the permissible output power under nominal conditions ( $VSWR = 1$ ) as a function of the expected VSWR during short-time mismatch conditions with heatsink temperatures as parameter.

Fig.12 R.F. SOAR; c.w. class-B operation;  
 $f = 175\text{ MHz}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $R_{th\text{ mb-h}} = 0,3\text{ K/W}$



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**OPERATING NOTE**

Below 75 MHz a base-emitter resistor of  $10\text{ }\Omega$  is recommended to avoid oscillation. This resistor must be effective for r.f. only.

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R.F. performance in s.s.b. class-AB operation (linear power amplifier)

 $V_{CE} = 28 \text{ V}$ ;  $f_1 = 28,000$ ;  $f_2 = 28,001 \text{ MHz}$ .

OUTPUT POWER W	$G_P$ dB	$\eta_{dt}$ (%) at 47,5 W	$I_C$ (A) (P.E.P.)	$d_3$ dB <sup>(1)</sup>	$d_5$ dB <sup>(1)</sup>	$I_{C(zs)}$ mA	$T_h$ °C
5 to 47,5 (P.E.P.)	typ. 19	typ. 45	typ. 1,9	typ. -30	< -30	50	25
5 to 42,5 (P.E.P.)	typ. 19	-	-	typ. -30	< -30	50	70

## Note

1. Stated intermodulation distortion figures are referred to the according level of either of the equal amplified tones. Relative to the according peak envelope powers these figures should be increased by 6 dB.

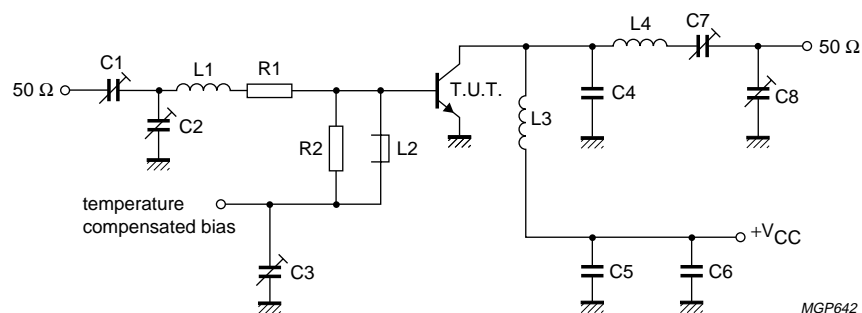


Fig.16 Test circuit; s.s.b. class-AB.

## List of components:

C1 = C2 = 10 to 780 pF film dielectric trimmer

C3 = C5 = C6 = 220 nF polyester capacitor

C4 = 56 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C7 = C8 = 15 to 575 pF film dielectric trimmer

L1 = 4 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 7,0 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm

L2 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)

L3 = 4 turns enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 10 mm; length 9,4 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm

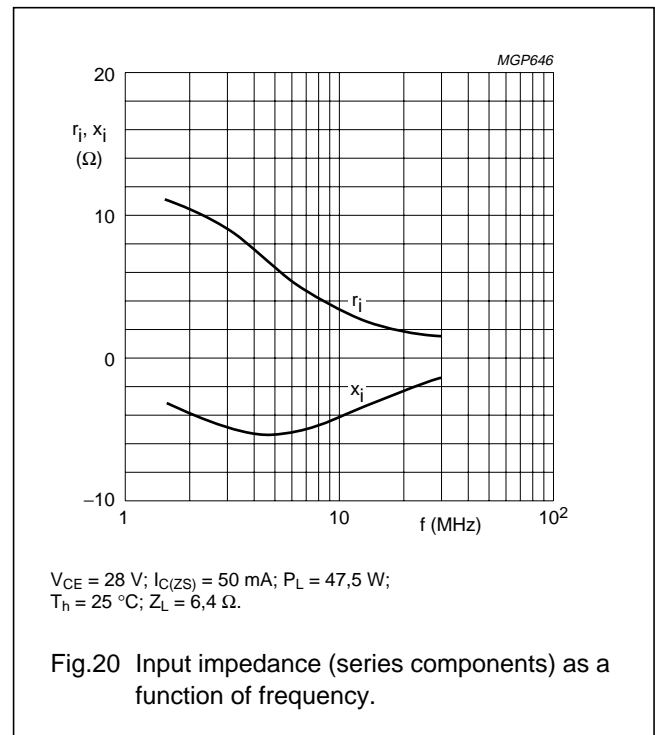
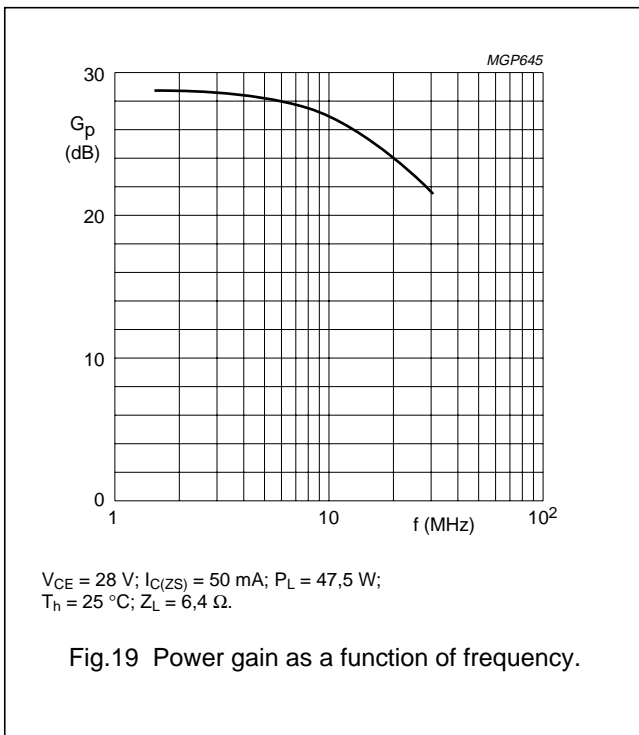
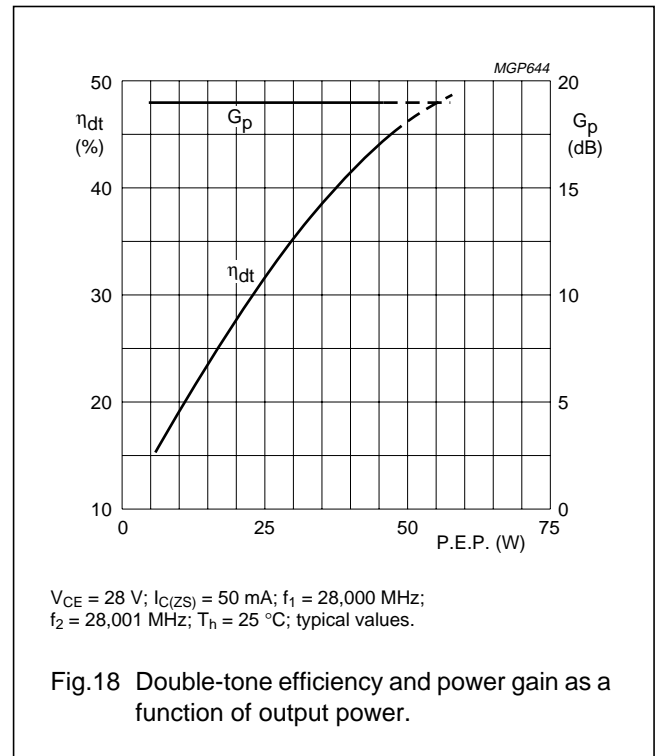
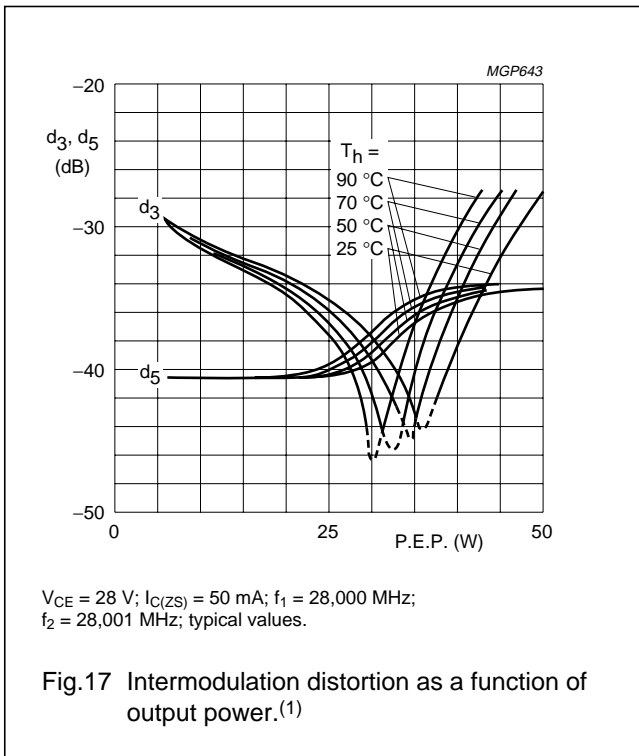
L4 = 7 turns enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 12 mm; length 17,2 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm

R1 = 1,2 Ω; parallel connection of 4 × 4,7 Ω carbon resistors

R2 = 39 Ω carbon resistor

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Figs 19 and 20 are typical curves and hold for an unneutralized amplifier in s.s.b. class-AB operation.

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**Ruggedness in s.s.b. operation**

The BLW86 is capable of withstanding a load mismatch (VSWR = 50) under the following conditions: class-AB operation;  $f_1 = 28,000$  MHz;  $f_2 = 28,001$  MHz;  $V_{CE} = 28$  V;  $T_h = 70$  °C and  $P_{Lnom} = 50$  W P.E.P.

R.F. performance in s.s.b. class-A operation (linear power amplifier)

$V_{CE} = 26$  V;  $f_1 = 28,000$  MHz;  $f_2 = 28,001$  MHz

OUTPUT POWER W	$G_p$ dB	$I_c$ A	$d_3$ dB <sup>(1)</sup>	$d_5$ dB <sup>(1)</sup>	$T_h$ °C
17 (P.E.P.)	typ. 22	1,7	typ. -40	< -40	70
17 (P.E.P.)	typ. 22	1,7	typ. -42	< -40	25

**Note**

1. Stated intermodulation distortion figures are referred to the according level of either of the equal amplified tones. Relative to the according peak envelope powers these figures should be increased by 6 dB.

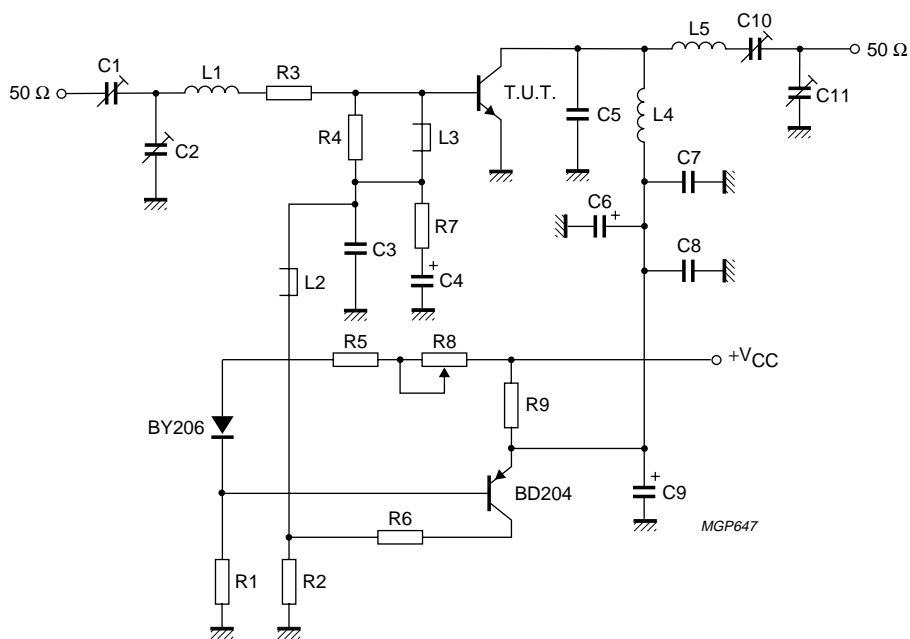


Fig.21 Test circuit; s.s.b. class-A.

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List of components in Fig.21:

- C1 = C2 = 10 to 780 pF film dielectric trimmer
- C3 = 22 nF ceramic capacitor (63 V)
- C4 = 47  $\mu$ F/10 V electrolytic capacitor
- C5 = 56 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C6 = 47  $\mu$ F/35 V electrolytic capacitor
- C7 = C8 = 220 nF polyester capacitor
- C9 = 10  $\mu$ F/35 V electrolytic capacitor
- C10 = 10 to 210 pF film dielectric trimmer
- C11 = 15 to 575 pF film dielectric trimmer
- L1 = 3 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; leads  $2 \times 5$  mm
- L2 = L3 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)
- L4 = 11 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 11,0 mm
- L5 = 14 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 11,0 mm
- R1 = 600  $\Omega$ ; parallel connection of  $2 \times 1,2$  k $\Omega$  carbon resistors ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 0,5 W each)
- R2 = 15  $\Omega$  carbon resistor ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 0,25 W)
- R3 = 1,2  $\Omega$ ; parallel connection of  $4 \times 4,7$   $\Omega$  carbon resistors ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 0,125 W each)
- R4 = 33  $\Omega$  carbon resistor ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 0,25 W)
- R5 = 18  $\Omega$  carbon resistor ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 0,25 W)
- R6 = 120  $\Omega$  wirewound resistor ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 5,5 W)
- R7 = 1  $\Omega$  carbon resistor ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 0,125 W)
- R8 = 47  $\Omega$  wirewound potentiometer (3 W)
- R9 = 1,57  $\Omega$ ; parallel connection of  $3 \times 4,7$   $\Omega$  wirewound resistors ( $\pm 5\%$ ; 5,5 W each)

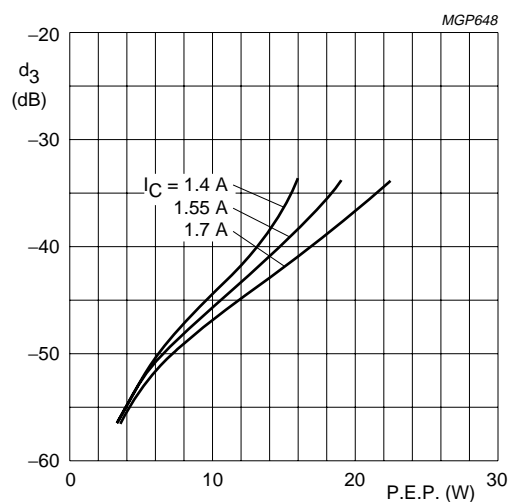


Fig.22 Intermodulation distortion as a function of output power. Typical values;  $V_{CE} = 26$  V;  $T_h = 70$  °C;  
 $f_1 = 28,000$  MHz;  $f_2 = 28,001$  MHz.

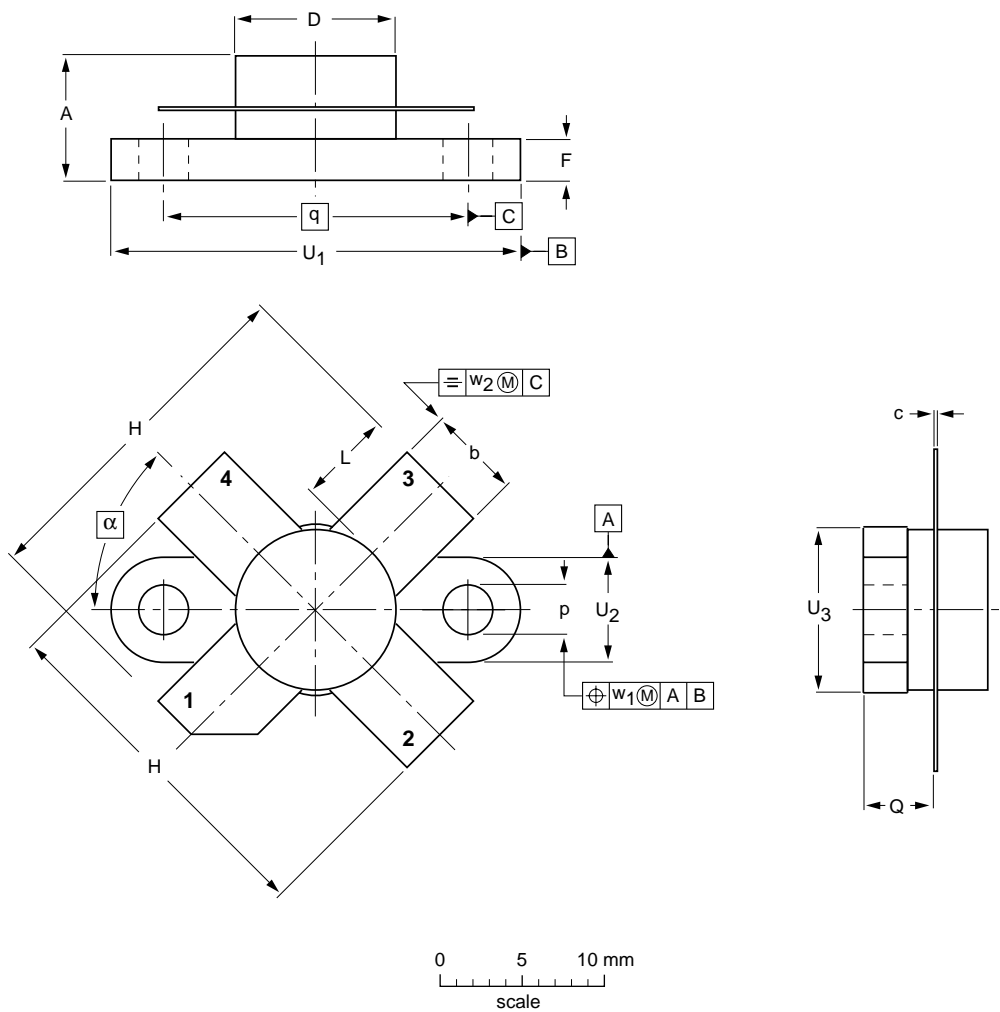
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PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads

SOT123A



DIMENSIONS (millimetre dimensions are derived from the original inch dimensions)

UNIT	A	b	c	D	D <sub>1</sub>	F	H	L	p	Q	q	U <sub>1</sub>	U <sub>2</sub>	U <sub>3</sub>	w <sub>1</sub>	w <sub>2</sub>	α
mm	7.47 6.37	5.82 5.56	0.18 0.10	9.73 9.47	9.63 9.42	2.72 2.31	20.71 19.93	5.61 5.16	3.33 3.04	4.63 4.11	18.42	25.15 24.38	6.61 6.09	9.78 9.39	0.51	1.02	45°
inches	0.294 0.251	0.229 0.219	0.007 0.004	0.383 0.373	0.397 0.371	0.107 0.091	0.815 0.785	0.221 0.203	0.131 0.120	0.182 0.162	0.725	0.99 0.96	0.26 0.24	0.385 0.370	0.02	0.04	

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT123A						97-06-28

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**DEFINITIONS**

<b>Data Sheet Status</b>	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
<b>Limiting values</b>	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
<b>Application information</b>	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

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